St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1881. NO. 50.

Last Edition.

BEEFSTEAK JUICE

Not Enough for the President, and He Wants Solids.

What the London Lancet Says of the Wound.

Latest Official Bulletins—News From the White House—Callers.

Bulletins.

7:35 A. M.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, 7:35 A. M.—Dr. Bliss says the President passed a comfortable night, and awakened this morning feeling refreshed. He took some nourishment about 7 a. m., and is now resting quietly. His pulse this morning is 92, and temperature about normal. His condition is thought to be as good as at any time during the past three days.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN—8:30 A. M.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 29, 8:30 A. M.—Immediately after the evening dressing yesterday the President's afternoon fever began gradually to subside. He slept well during the night, and this morning is free from fever. He looks well and expresses himself cheerfully. No rigors have occurred during the past twenty-four hours, nor, indeed, at any time since the 25th inst. A moderate rise in temperature in the afternoon is to be anticipated for some days to come. At present his pulse is 92; temperature, 98; respiration, 18.

10:50 A. M.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D.C., July 29, 11:50 A. M.—The President is having another quiet, comfortable day. Since the morning bulletin his temperature and respiration have remained nominal; pulse below 100. His nourishment to-day has consisted of the juice of roasted beef, milk and prepared meat extract as an experiment. The surgeons have also given him to-day a small quantity of the Tartar beverage known as "koumiss."

OFFICIAL BULLETIN—12:30 P. M.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 29, 12:30 P. M.—The President bore the dressing of the wound well this morning and exhibited little fatigue after its completion. The appearance of the wound, the character and quantity of the discharge and the general condition of the patient are satisfactory. He rests well and takes an adequate quantity of nourishment. At present his pulse is 98, temperature 98.4, respiration 19.

12:30 P. M.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29, 12:30 P. M.—The President has slept well all the morning. Dr. Reyburn says all is going well with the patient. Dr. Hamilton remains until to-morrow. Dr. Agnew comes to-morrow evening. There is no indication of the usual febrile rise yet.

Blaine's Message.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The following was sent to-day to Lowell, Minister at London, at 1 p. m.: The President's condition is reported as entirely satisfactory. A slight return of fever is expected later in the afternoon, and will probably for some time be a daily accompaniment at this stage of his progress.

BLAINE,
Secretary.

Wants a Change of Diet.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—By midnight the President's fever subsided, and from that time he rested comfortably. He awoke early, was cheerful and hungry. His breakfast consisted of beef tea and juice from a broiled steak. The President requested solid food. The physicians to-day will make stomach tests to determine whether the diet can be changed. The morning examination showed no fever. The dressing of the wound showed a satisfactory flow of healthy pus. The President slept most of the forenoon. Among the callers was Collector Robertson, accompanied by Postmaster-General James.

The President's Danger.

LONDON, July 29.—This week's Lancet, the leading medical journal of London, discussing President Garfield's wound, says: A portion of the dress may have been carried into the wound, and each abscess that forms is not only a direct source of danger from the pain and fever, and the danger of its spreading deeply, but with each there is a fresh liability of blood poisoning. It is quite impossible to feel any certainty that we may not hear of another abcess or relapse, and it is of great importance that the patient's constitutional vigor should be maintained at as high a pitch as possible in view of future troubles. The absence of fever and exhaustion removes any cause for immediate alarm, but until the wound is quite healed and the bullet either removed or safely encysted, there will be liability to recurring abscesses, each attended with the risk of blood poisoning.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, July 29.—First race, one mile—Fireman first, Duke of Montrose second and Valparaiso third. Time, 1:44.

Second race, 1⅜ miles—Eole first, Franklin second, Getaway third. Time, 3:07½.

Third race, 1¼ miles—Gladiola first, Gen. Monroe second, Rob Roy third. Time, 1:39½.

Fourth race, three-quarter dash: Jake White, first; Lost Cause, second, and Monk, third. Time, 1:17.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, fair weather, variable winds, mostly northerly, nearly stationary barometer and temperature. Lower Lake Region, fair weather, variable winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature. Upper Lake Region and Upper Mississippi Valley, fair weather, variable winds, nearly stationary barometer, stationary or higher temperature. Lower Missouri Valley, fair weather, southerly winds, stationary barometer, stationary or higher temperature.

POLITICAL.

The Pugh Murder.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Secretary Kirkwood said to-day that the Indian Department had no further information as to the murder of Pugh in Mexico, that an investigation is being had to ascertain whether the murder was really by Apache Indians or Mexican marauders, and, if by Indians whether or not they belong on the reservation or to some roving band. The Department will do all in its power to get at the truth and bring the murderers to justice.

YORKTOWN CENTENNIAL.

The Yorktown Centennial Commission had a meeting to-day to make a provision for the construction of wharfs at Yorktown to accommodate vessels that will be there at the Centennial.

SECRETARY BURCH'S REMAINS.

Senators Pugh, Blair, Janes of Nevada, Johnson and Butler, who are in the city, will escort the remains of Secretary Burch to Tennessee.

HARTMANN, THE NIHILIST.

A Mission to the People of this Country as a Delegate.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Leo Hartmann, the celebrated Russian Nihilist, is now in this city. He says as soon as circumstances will permit he is fully prepared to return to Russia. Together with his comrades he means to continue to the bitter end the struggle against despotism. He has come to this country as a delegate of the Executive Committee of the Russian Revolutionary party to the people of the United States. Nihilism means political and social freedom for the people. As all means of attaining this peacefully are taken from them by the Government, violence becomes a necessity. Nihilism is a revolutionary movement, intended to ameliorate the condition of the Russian people.

Conference of Charities.

BOSTON, July 29.—The Conference of Charities assembled this morning. President Sanborn announced the sudden death of Mr. Dominick Hunt, official delegate from Howard, Wis. He spoke fittingly of the sad event, and appropriate remarks were made by Rev. F. H. Wines, of Illinois, and Prof. A. O. Wright, of Wisconsin. Hunt visited Charles Street Jail yesterday and was seen in his usual health by the Wisconsin delegates, who conversed with him about 11 p. m. in the Parker House. He was found dead in his bed at the hotel this morning.

A committee was appointed to take suitable action on the event.

A committee was appointed to take fitting action on the death of ex-Governor Bagley, of Michigan.

Arrested for Cattle Stealing.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

MACON, ILL., July 29.—This morning Deputy Sheriff Henry arrested Philip Edwards, who for some months past has been buying grain in this city, upon the charge of cattle-stealing, it being alleged that he stole some very valuable cattle from parties living near Lawrence, Kas.

Died From His Injuries.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEWTON, ILL., July 29.—Caleb G. Sullivan, of Davenport, Iowa, who has been visiting here for a few weeks, died from the effects of an injury received last week. Sullivan fell through a hay-loft, injuring himself very seriously internally.

Official Denial.

CHICAGO, July 29.—An official denial is given out to the rumor that Col. R. C. Clowery has been superseded or has resigned as general superintendent of the Central Division of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

Yellow Fever in New York.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Two cases of yellow fever are now at Quarantine. One patient, Daniel McDonald, came from Santiago, and the other is the captain of the steamer British Empire from Havana.

Died.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CINCINNATI, July 29.—Hon. D. Gano Ray, member of the Legislature, and son of the author of the school book series, died this morning. He was a prominent lawyer and politician.

Terrible Drought.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

AUSTIN, TEX., July 29.—A terrible drought has prevailed in the frontier counties, and the crops in Baylor, Crosby and other counties are a total failure. The rangers report grass and water exceedingly scarce.

Tannery Burned.

HARRISBURG, PA., July 29.—The large tannery of McKeon Bros., at Walfsontown, was burned yesterday. Loss, $35,000; insurance, $30,000.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, July 29.—Arrived: Alice Brown, St. Louis, 2 a. m.; John A. Scudder, St. Louis, 6; Baltic, St. Louis, noon. Departed: John Horton, St. Louis, 9 p. m.; Grand Lake, New Orleans, 6 a. m. Clear and warm.

LOUISVILLE, July 29.—River rising; 5 feet 1 inch in canal and 3 feet 1 inch in chute on falls. Clear and pleasant. Arrived: James W. Gaff, Memphis, 8:20 a. m. Departed: E. A. Woodruff, Cairo, 6:30 a. m.; James W. Gaff, Cincinnati, 8:35 a. m.

EVANSVILLE, July 29.—Arrived; H. F. Dexter, 11 a. m. Departed, Fashion, Louisville, 12:30 a. m. River rising, 4 feet 1 inch. Clear, north wind.

MEMPHIS, July 29.—River falling. Departed: Belle Memphis, St. Louis: City of Providence, Vicksburg, 11 a. m. Pleasant.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 29.—River 4 feet 5 inches and falling. Weather cloudy and pleasant.

CINCINNATI, July 29.—River 8 feet 8 inches and stationary; clear and pleasant.

PITTSBURG, July 29.—River 1 foot 9 inches and falling. Clear and warm.

Marine.

NEW ORLEANS, July 29.—Arrived: Steamship Marcia, Cardiff; ship Virginia, from Rio Janeiro; bark Kate, from Dunkirk.

FOREIGN BUDGET.

The French Troops in Tunis Decimated by Disease.

Parnell's Amendment to the Irish Land Bill.

Goodwood Races—Carl Schurz and the Berlin Mission—The Crops in England—Cablegrams.

England.

LONDON, July 29.—The total number of petitions presented in the House of Commons during the present session praying the House to reject any change in the law which may be proposed for admitting atheists to Parliament is 1,392, with 230,595 signatures; and the number of petitions praying for an alteration of the law is 673, with 115,541 signatures.

THE LAND BILL.

LONDON, July 29.—Some indignation is felt by the Conservatives at the Government's acceptance of Parnell's amendment to the Land Bill adding to clause forty-four a proviso that action for rent pending at the same time as an application forfeiting judicial rent be suspended until the latter is determined. The smallness of the minority vote is attributed to the absence of members who, if the usual notice of an amendment had been given, would have been been present. Goschen and Heneage and some other moderate Liberals abstained from voting.

THE INFERNAL MACHINES.

The advisability of issuing a manifesto repudiating the policy of attempted outrage such as is shown by the importation of infernal machines has been influentially impressed upon the leading Home-Rulers, but it has been determined to take no action for the present on the ground that no evidence exists that the importation is connected with Irish affairs, and even if it is, no connection exists between the importers and the Home-Rulers.

THE OPIUM TRADE.

LONDON, July 29.—The secretary for the society for the suppreseion of the opium trade some time ago wrote the Viceroy of China explaining the society views on the traffic. The viceroy in reply says: "Opium is a subject on which England and China can never meet on common ground. China views the whole question from the moral and England from the fiscal standpoint. The Chinese Government is impressed with the necessity of making strenuous efforts to control the flood of opium before it overwhelms the whole country. The new treaty with America containing the prohibitory clause, encourages the belief that the broad principles of justice and the feelings of humanity will prevail in the future relations of China with the Western nations."

THE BRADLAUGH MEETING.

LONDON, July 29.—In the Commons this afternoon, Harcourt, Home Secretary, said precautions would be taken against the Bradlaugh meeting, to protest against the exclusion of that agitator from the Commons interfering with the traffic or causing a disturbance in the palace yard. The meeting will be held in Trafalgar Square next Tuesday evening.

A TRUE BILL.

LIVERPOOL, July 29.—The grand jury found a true bill against McGrath and McKeevitt for attempting to blow up the Town Hall of this city on the 9th of last month.

GOODWOOD RACES.

The Chesterfield Cup was won by Victor Emanuel, Incendiary second, Teviotdale third.

At Goodwood the race for the Malcombe Stakes was won by Andrastus, Balof second, Keene's Forgetmenot third.

The Nassau Stakes was won by Thebias, Bai Gal second, and Lorillard's Seneca third.

AFGHAN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, July 29.—The Times in an editorial says: "We are in no way pledged to the support of the Ameer of Afghanistan. The Viceroy of India telegraphs the battle between the Ameer and Ayoob Khan, lasted three hours."

THE CROPS.

LONDON, July 29.—Clare Sewell Read, a noted authority on agricultural matters, speaking at an agricultural meeting yesterday said he did not believe there was a great crop of grain. The crops looked well, he said, but would not bear the test of close inspection.

THE AMEER'S DEFEAT.

LONDON, July 29.—In the Commons Lord Hartington, Secretary of State for India, said since Ayoob Khan's victory over the Ameer's forces Wednesday firing has been heard in the direction of Candahar. General Hume has been instructed to concentrate his troops at Quetta. They number from 5,000 to 6,000. The Marquis of Ripon, the Viceroy would consider what steps are necessary and communicate with the Government. The loss on each side in the battle was from 300 to 400. The nearest British outpost is seventy-eight miles from Candahar.

Germany.

LONDON, July 29.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times says: It is creditably rumored Carl Schurz will succeed White as American Minister to Germany. It would doubtless be a splendid triumph for the man who fled from Berlin as a revolutionist more than thirty years ago to return as Minister of the great Republic of the West, but it is doubtful whether such a transformation of the scene would give much satisfaction at court.

A FATAL DUEL.

BERLIN, July 29.—A duel was fought yesterday between a student and an officer of the army reserve. Weapons, pistols. The student was killed. This is the fifth affair of a similar character in Germany within a fortnight.

France.

LONDON, July 29.—The Morning Post says: We understand that immediately after the publication of the letter of Cardinal Guibert, Archbishop of Paris, to the Pope, sympathizing with him in regard to the scenes at the removal of the remains of Pius IX., Marquis De Noailles, the French Ambassador to Italy, expressed the regret of the French Government at the publication of such a document.

THE ELECTIONS.

PARIS, July 29.—A decree was promulgated ordering the elections for members of the Chamber of Deputies on the 21st of August and the second ballots the Sunday following.

The Chamber of Deputies, in spite of the Government's only desiring a partial sale, passed the bill for the sale of all Crown diamonds, the proceeds to be devoted to the Museum fund.

Denmark.

LONDON, July 29.—A dispatch from Copenhagen says: In spite of the Radical triumph in the elections, the Ministers have determined, so long as they are backed by a majority of the Upper House, to continue their struggle for the constitution of 1866, which gives both houses equal power. The Radicals are endeavoring to make the Lower House supreme by imposing Ministers of its own selection on the King.

Tunis.

PARIS, July 29.—Advices from Tunis are that the climate is causing severe mortality among the French troops, who are dying in large numbers from malarial fever. Other dispatches say the Bey's regular troops are deserting him, and the control of the country passing into French hands.

The Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 29.—The Post's financial says: Share speculation at the Stock Exchange, although the prices declined in the first hour, has thus far to-day resulted in higher prices, and reports are abundant that the differences of the trunk line railroads will soon be settled and rates restored. The trunk line people themselves hold out no hope of an early settlement, but several stock brokers who do business for the leading railroad managers do not deny these reports, and appear in the market as buyers of stocks, so that those not in the confidence of the trunk line managers are much confused, but in the meantime prices advance, and this, too, after a considerable part of the short interest in leading stocks had been covered. The decline in the first hour was due to unfavorable advices respecting the condition of the President.

A Wicked Boy.

NEW YORK, July 29.—James Mayorga, fifteen years old, was seen this morning to displace a switch on the Hudson River Railroad at Sixty-first and Twelfth avenue and pin it down. He was arrested to-day and arraigned in the Police Court, where he said he was a messenger for the Mutual Telegraph Company. He was put under $1,000 bonds to answer.

In connection with this case it was stated that after 7 o'clock last night, as a train of four cars containing children was coming from an excursion at Inwood, the engineer noticed the switch was misplaced. He applied the brakes and stopped the train in ~~time to prevent what might~~ have been a terrible disaster.

Only Rumors.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Rumors of an adjustment of railroad passenger rates are being industriously circulated this afternoon through telegrams received from Cincinnati and Chicago, but no call has been issued for a meeting of the trunk line representatives.

Fatal Explosion.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DETROIT, MICH., July 29.—A special to the Evening News from Marquette states that there was a nitro-glycerine explosion yesterday at the Cleveland Mine, Ishaming, by which the machinery of the mine was badly damaged and two miners killed.

Judge Lynch On the Trail.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PADUCAH, KY., July 29.—A colored man who attempted rape on Miss Ruth Smith was arrested last night, but escaped while on his way to jail. The mob is in pursuit, and if caught he will be hanged.

Fatal Fire.

CALAIS, ME., July 29.—The dwelling of M. Silverstone was damaged by fire this morning. George Bradford was killed, Shubael Spinney probably fatally injured, and four others were wounded by falling chimneys.

The Man Who Robbed Geo. Heuer.

William Johnson, also known as Johnny Cohen, was run in by Detectives O'Neil and Steward and arraigned before Judge Jecko this morning on a charge of vagrancy. When the case was called Acting City Attorney Baldwin announced that he understood a charge of grand larceny would be preferred against the defendant. Mr. George Heuer, assistant treasurer of the Olympic Theater, prefers this charge. He says Cohen represented himself as being employed at a pawn-shop and once remarked the beauty of George's locket, upon which he would engrave his initials, and also the dirt of George's gold watch chain, which he would remove. He received the chain and charm, and according to the prosecution he failed to return it. Cohen was arrested on complaint of a lady living on Olive street, who said he had stolen her watch. The detective recovered and returned the watch to her, but she refused to prosecute the case.

Third Select Excursion.

The third select excursion to Montesano Springs will take place to-morrow afternoon. The steamer Chas. P. Chouteau will leave the foot of Olive street at 5 o'clock and will return about 10:45 p. m. The trips have been universally successful, no unpleasant incident occurring to mar the excursion. Refreshments will be served on board. These runs down the river have become very fashionable, and are patronized by the best people in the city.

No Fight.

"Mr. Garvey," said a scribe to the Counselor this afternoon as he walked down Chestnut street, "is there anything in the story that Mr. Ben Finney has challenged you to mortal combat?"

"Not a thing, sir," said he, much suprised, "not a thing. If he did I would hand him over to the police. That is the way I would treat him."

"THE TANGLED TALE."

Mr. Falkenhainer and Prof. Richter's Asseverations.

The Story of the Kansas City Maiden Denied.

The POST-DISPATCH of Monday published, under the heading of "A Tangled Tale," Prof. Richte'rs statement of how a Kansas City girl had come to St. Louis, associating with it the name of Berthold Falkenhainer. The latter, who is absent from the city, writes the following letter in response. It will be remembered that the charge was that the young lady was inveigled to St. Louis by letters written by Falkenhainer, using Richter's name, the lady being a pupil of the latter:

WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINN., July 27.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of July 25 I notice that my name is brought in connection with some scandal affair. I will lose no time in telling my part of the story. To begin with, I declare the assertion that I am implicated in such a dirty transaction as an intentional, infamous falsehood. Now I will state the reason why I dropped the friendly connections between Mr. R. and myself. In August, 1878, when at Washington City on a visit, I was introduced to Prof. Richter by Mr. Malerus, a clerk in the Pension Office, who was also a member of the Washington City Saengerbund, of which society Mr. Richter was the leader. Remaining at Washington for nearly a week, I met Mr. Richter almost daily, and so became befriended with him. About two years hence I received a letter from Mr. Richter from Kansas City, Mo., stating that he had accepted a position as leader of the Arion Society of that place. In this letter Mr. Richter stated that he desired to come to St. Louis provided a suitable position as leader of some singing society could be obtained for him. Not being able to obtain such employment, the matter rested until a musical director was wanted at the Germania Club. Knowing Mr. Richter to be an excellent musician and leader, I proposed him to Mr. Methudy, the chairman of the committee on arrangements. Mr. Methudy requested me to write to Mr. Richter and ask him to come to St. Louis in order to make contract if possible. Mr. Richter complied with this request, and contract was made with him. On arrival of Mr. Richter and family at St. Louis they were taken in charge by Mr. Methudy, and quartered at the Tivoli Hotel. Very soon after their arrival Mr. Richter stated to me that his funds were running low, and that he was unable to pay his hotel bill. In consideration of these facts, search was made for a suitable house, which was found. Mr. Richter left the hotel, and Mr. Harless, Methudy and myself vouching for the payment of the hotel bill. From this time on I have assisted Mr. R. financially in order to defray his necessary expenses for more than a week, and until he could paddle his own canoe. When Mr. Richter began to be comfortable he at once ignored me, neither calling on me, as he did daily before, nor paying the attention due to a man that has done as much for him as I did. In consequenee of this behavior on his part I dropped him, telling him to his face and in the presence of his friends the cause of discontinuing our friendly relations.

Mr. Richter's mail matter was addressed in my care at his special request. The assertion of Mr. R. that I had read the letter of a lady in Kansas City is a falsehood. Another assertion that I had requested that all such letters should be shown me is a contemptible lie, and another that I had asked if the lady was pretty is also untrue.

I do not know anything at all of Mr. R.'s relations in Kansas City or anywhere else. I have never inquired into his affairs, for want of interest. Why does not Mr. R. produce the letters supposed to be written by me to a young lady in Kansas City? Simply because it is a put-up job, and neither he nor any lady can produce such letters. I have been connected in business and social life in St. Louis for twenty-three years, and my record in both shows no stain.

As above stated, I declare the assertions as intentional and malicious falsehoods. Hoping that, in justice to yourself, you will publish the above, I am, sir,

Very respectfully,
B. FALKENHAINER.

P. S.—The above statement can be substantiated by sworn affidavits from gentlemen in very good standing. Allow me to add yet that I left St. Louis on the 15th of July; consequently, have not been in the city for the last two Sundays.

Mr. Richter was seen and reiterated all his former assertions, and said that if Mr. Falkenhainer wanted to push the matter he was ready. He also says the allegations of Mr. F. in regard to pecuniary assistance are all totally untrue.

THE TALBOTT BOYS, BURIAL.

Disgraceful Scenes at Their Funeral—Attempt to Rob the Grave.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

MARYVILLE, July 28.—Last Saturday the Talbott boys were buried beside their father on their farm. Both were buried in one grave, according to their own request. About three hundred people, mostly from the Talbott neighborhood, attended the funeral. When the funeral arrived at the residence of Mrs. Talbott on the farm, the digging of the grave had not been finished, which caused a delay of about one and one-half hours. As soon almost as Mrs. Talbott went into the house, and into the room where her husband had been killed, she was stampeded by the mob. She was quickly taken up stairs into a private room, and a guard placed at the foot of the stairs. Some one carried the news, after she was up stairs, to Mrs. Talbott, that the people threatened to mob her, which caused Mrs. Talbott to go into a swoon.

The coffins were ordered not to be opened. A great many in the crowd threatened to open the coffins by force. The undertaker told them that he would not open them; that the coffins were his, but they still insisted. Some of the witnesses that were active on the part of the prosecution were there. Some in the crowd openly spoke out, when the boys were being lowered into the grave and only a few feet from Mrs. Talbott, and in her hearing, that she ought to go too.

Mrs. Talbott's case was investigated by the grand jury, and she was discharged. So that ended the matter so far as she was concerned. There was no service at the grave; it all took place at church. The grave has been guarded every night up to last night by six men. The first night men came to rob the grave. All the guards were asleep except two, and in waking up the others, one made a noise, and the grave robbers heard it and left.

The conduct of the mob is condemned by every good citizen of Maryville and the vicinity.

Before a Justice.

The case of Adolph Meyer vs. the St. Louis Railroad Co. was tried this morning before Justice P. J. Taaffe and a jury. The evidence brought out the following facts: Meyer keeps a livery stable on Park avenue, between Sixth and Seventh streets, and John Schmidt is in his employ as driver. On the 27th of last January, as Schmidt was crossing Seventh street at Park avenue, the defendant's road-bed was in so bad a condition as to throw him from his seat, whereupon the horses which he was driving ran away, breaking the carriage and injuring themselves. Meyer alleged that the poor condition of the street between the rails of defendant's track was the sole cause of the accident, and asked judgment in the sum of $250, which the jury granted him.

DIED OF ABORTION.

The Sad Fate of Mrs. Kate McClure—The Inquest.

A few days ago the following death certificate was registered at the Board of Health: "No. 5,090; date of death July 22; date of certificate July 24; Mrs. Kate McClure, married, age 30 years, born in Indiana, died at No. 918 North Twenty-second street; died of nitro peritonitis, certificate signed by Coroner John N. Frank; buried at Calvary, by Geo. N. Lynch." At the Coroner's office an inquest was held, at which Mrs. A. S. Miller testified as follows: "I live at No. 918 North Twenty-second street, and am a midwife. Deceased came to my house with her two little children and rented a furnished room without board. Some time afterwards she received a letter from Cincinnati from some one telling her that her husband, who is a butcher, had been drinking and was sick. Upon this the deceased told me she was three months enceinte, and that she was determined to get rid of her child. I don't know whether any one used instruments on her or gave her any medicines to procure an abortion, but I am positive that I did neither. I am sure that she herself or some one else gave her something, for when it was accomplished she felt satisfied and said that this was the fifth time she had procured an abortion on herself. On the 19th inst. I was called to her bedside. * * * * * I requested her to send for a physician. Dr. Fischel came twice after the abortion but did not come again on account of personal sickness. Dr. Younkin came twice, but the deceased died of nitro-peritonitis subsequent to and caused by said abortion, between 12 and 1 a. m., July 22, 1881, in my house. Dr. McCarthy, of No. 410 Olive street, who had been attending the sick boy of the deceased, was sent for but refused to come, stating that he would have nothing to do with the case." The deceased was 30 years of age and was born in Indiana. Dr. C. V. Ludwig, at the request of Coroner Frank, held a post mortem examination on the body of the unfortunate woman and found every part corroborative of the testimony that an abortion had been committed. The body was put on ice shortly after death, but in eight hours the congestive spots in the skin and the traces of large amounts of medicine taken by the deceased in life became apparent. The testimony of either of the physicians who attended the deceased was not taken, and a verdict of death from nitro-peritonitis subsequent to an abortion produced by her own hands was rendered by the Coroner and the above certificate issued. The body was buried from Lynch's undertaking establishment in Calvary Cemetery.

'CHANGE CORNER.

P'ints on Chicago—Large Deliveries on July Pork—Remarks on Corn.

Jimmy Newell's latest paralyzer: "A Mann is Akin to get a Way from Saint Lewis." He says this is not original; he made it up himself.

The shortage for July No. 2 mixed and No. 2 white mixed corn is reported to be small, but it would not surprise the shorts if they had to settle at 50c and 55c.

Rockafellow, of Cleveland, the founder and grand mogul of that gigantic monopoly, the Standard Oil Company, is the principal backer of Handy and the Cincinnati clique.

It has been quietly hinted that after the first of August Armour would have entire control of the pork deal, under arragements recently entered into with McKeogh and the Fowler Bros.

There are perhaps 5,000,000 bushels of oats in store in Chicago—an unprecedented quantity. It is believed that a break in the July [illegible] is imminent. The bulls have run prices up so high that some of the shorts will attempt to check the market by refusing to margin further or settle.

Deliveries upon July contracts of pork in this market are said to have been made during the past two days to the extent of from 5,000 to 6,000 barrels. It is understood the long demands $18 25 as the settling price upon outstanding contracts, and it is known that 500 barrels was settled yesterday at $18 20.

The programme of the Chicago shorts on wheat is said to be to load the clique up with all the September and October wheat it will take at as high prices as possible. Then, when it is necessary, the shorts will do an enormous amount of trading among themselves, breaking down prices and calling on the clique for margins. They expect by this to see how much money there is behind the deal and how strangers can stand the racket when the Chicago fellows are aroused.

FOUR COURTS BREVITIES.

Early this morning Armorer Watt, of the Police Department, was examining a rev[illegible] in the basement of the Four Courts, whe[illegible] accidentally discharged, shooting off the li[illegible] finger of the old man's left hand, Dr. Carson dressed the hand.

Somebody bought a baby carriage from S. Meyer No. 619 Market street, shortly after it was put out on the sidewalk for exhibition this morning. The purchaser forgot to call on the owner and pay for it, however, and now S. Meyer wants the police to get his baby carriage or get the person that took it.

Was there ever a poor, unfortunate woman by the euphonious name of Carrie Cross? is the question that Acting City-Attorney Baldwin is asking himself. And if there was a lady of that alliterative appellation did she keep a disreputable house, as the police charge? Carrie has gone to new fields in the city by the lake. After Carrie was summoned she skipped, and to-day the case was d. w. p., which means dismissed for want of prosecution.

BELLEVILLE.

Hon. Edward Rutz, State Treasurer of Illinois, is in Belleville visiting friends.

Misses Annie Kreppelt and Johanna Lorey, Mrs. Curt Heinfelden and Mrs. Irving Wanzelin have left for Minnesota.

Elisha Dukes and Louisa Nelson were married by 'Squire Guentz. Mr. Duke was arrested for bastardy and the ceremony released him from the criminal penalty.

The Belleville Tool Works are now occupying the premises of the Sheer Company, and it bids fair to become a permanent enterprise.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., July 29.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
6:07 a. m.	69.0	NE	Clear.
7:00 a. m.	.....	.....	......
10:07 a. m.	82 9	E	Clear.
2:07 p. m	84 1	NE	Fair.

Maximum temperature, 85.6.
Minimum temperature, 64.4.
River, 17 feet 4 inches.
Change, 1 foot 5 inches.

H. J. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service U. S. Army.

A LEGEND.

There went a widow woman from the outskirts of the city,
Whose lonely sorrow might have moved the stones she trod to pity.

She wandered, weeping through the fields, by God and man forsaken,
Still calling on a little child the reaper Death had taken.

When, lo! upon a day she met a white-robed train advancing,
And brightly on their golden heads their golden crowns were glancing.

Child Jesus led a happy band of little ones a-Maying,
With flowers of spring and gems of dew, all innocently playing.

Far from the rest the widow sees, and flies to clasp her treasure;
"What ails thee, darling, that thou must not take with these thy pleasure?"

"Oh, mother! little mother mine, behind the rest I tarry,
For see, how heavy with your tears the pitcher I must carry.

"If you had ceased to weep for me, when Jesus went a-Maying,
I should have been amongst the blest, with little Jesus playing."

EMILY PFEIFFER.

SAVED BY A SONG.

BY HELEN LUQUETER.

"You may cease your discussion. My mind is fully settled in the matter," said Mrs. Grovenor, moving her chair back from the family breakfast-table with an air of decision that would have done credit to a general of armed forces.

Bella, the eldest of her three marriageable daughters, and the dark-eyed beauty of the family, sank back in her seat in elegant resignation, while Marcha, the second child, remained nervously beating the bowl of her spoon upon the delicate China coffee cup.

She was remarkable for nothing but flirtations and a fine figure, and had insisted upon spending the summer at Saratoga, while Bella had pleaded for a cottage at Long Branch or Cape May.

Fannie, the youngest and fairest, the violet-eyed, sunny-haired idol of her father, had talked of the hills and the cool green country.

The discussion had waxed warm, and would have doubtless become torrid, but for the timely decision of madame, who said:

"If I can find a place among the hills of Pennsylvania, where the foot of city pilgrims never trod, or where tourists never penetrate, there will I, metaphorically, pitch my tent."

"Oh! the hills of Pennsylvania!" gasped Marcha.

"And the horrid farmhouses, with their rag carpets, family groups of photographs and wheezing melodeon," sneered Bella.

"To say nothing of their home-talent pictures and butter-crock pottery, sneered Marcha.

"And all the green woods and sweet-scented meadows," exclaimed the delighted Fannie, springing up and hugging her papa, who had dropped his eye-glasses and newspaper and was laughing at the discomfited Belle and Marcha.

"You have the best of 'em, eh, kitten, as you always do?" said he.

"I wish you would all reserve your comments until I have concluded the programme for the summer," interposed Mrs. Grovenor. "As I was saying, we will go to the country during June and a portion of July. The remainder of the time we will divide between Long Branch and Saratoga. So make your preparations accordingly and let me hear no more about it," and she arose and left the room.

Consequently, in due time, and to the infinite delight of Fannie, she awoke one lovely crystaline morning in June in a quaint, old farm house. The sloping roof of their chamber mattered nothing to her, or the dismal croaking of her sisters, who declared over and over again that they should certainly die in such a wild with contusion of the brain, as they were constantly forgetting that it was possible to assume an upright position in their bed-room save in its center.

For Fannie there was a world of space and wilderness of bloom out of doors, and only six weeks to explore the whole, and so the dear child of nature was always up with the lark and out in the tangled, dew-laden grass.

One morning her mother and sisters came down to a late breakfast to find, as usual, that Fannie was out and off, after having broken her fast with Farmer Hobbs and his wife.

"She's gone a-fishing, and wanted me to tell you she wouldn't be back to dinner," returned their landlady, to an inquiry of the family.

"It's dreadful, mamma," yawned Bella. "I do believe she will be drowned, or something terrible will happen."

"Never fear, miss," replied Mrs. Hobbs, "she'll be back all right. Has only gone up the creek, and there hain't no place in it deep enough to drown her except the Devil's Churn, and that's three mile and better away, and nobody would ever think of going there, it's so wild and tangled like."

"I hope she'll get enough of the country, with its wet grass, snakes and lizards," said Marcha, helping herself to a liberal portion of the sweet, golden butter.

"Never!" asserted Mrs. Hobbs, coming out on the broad verandah where they usually breakfasted, with an armful of bright milk pans, which she placed in a row beside the bee hives, in the sun. "Never! She is one of them as is natural born artists, and she can't no more live without nature than a humming-bird without posies."

Meanwhile Fannie, clad in a pretty, dark flannel suit, neatly braided with a paler shade, a jaunty sailor hat, stout shoes, an alpenstock, which by an ingenious device could be turned into a fishing-rod, a little tourist's basket, containing lunch and tackle, and fastened by a strap across her shoulders, had passed the garden paths, up the lane, and over the fields into the woods, until she came to a little brook that went dancing over its pebbly channel and by moss-fringed and fern-edged banks, now glancing and singing through sunny glades or whispering and sighing beneath thickly matted foliage and darksome shades.

Flushed with exercise, the young girl paused now and then to make little stores of gathered treasures, to be taken up on her return. There were matted leaves, trailing vines, feathery mosses, a branch of the shell-like blooming laurel, with a bunch of delicate ferns; and she had whispered to herself:

"I suppose I shall have an awful time to get there, but I mean to explore those tangled depths Mr. Hobbs was telling about, wherein lies that wonderful pool called by the elegant and expressive name of the "Devil's Churn."

After lunching in a grapevine arbor trying her little white hands at fishing, she gathered up her possessions and entered the wildest and darkest part of the glen and began a climbing ascent over brambles and huge boulders and through interlaced branches, that at times almost defied her strength. But she scrambled on into damp, gloomy labyrinths, where rarely a ray of sunlight penetrated even at noon. Presently the brook grew more and more turbulent, the gloom more impenetrable, the way more difficult, and but for the dash and song of a waterfall which proclaimed itself near, Fannie would have turned back weary and frightened.

But with a last effort she pushed her way through a perfect portcullis of green, and with an exclamation half of fear and half of delight paused panting and breathless upon the brink of a circular pool of dark green water, which seemed to be the heart out of which glided the little stream that had guided her thither.

Into this pool from a rocky height there glided a waterfall of foaming whiteness, like the veil of a bride, broken into little threads or ribbons here and there by sharp, jutting rocks.

Almost inadvertently Fannie started back with an exclamation of dread as she glanced down into the pit of fathomless waters. Then, as she stood regarding the scene, it grew upon her in beauty and grandeur until she clapped her hands with delight, and whispered:

"Oh! was there anything so beautiful and yet so terrible?"

Up the rocky sides of the precipice, curved as a bowl, over which came the waterfall, grew mosses and trailing vines, gnarled, knotted and winding in and out of the broken ledges in fantastic twistings and turnings. Low down at the brink of the pool ran a narrow pathway, formed by a slight, shelly projection of the rock and terminating in an outjetting platform, upon which the parasite creepers had fastened their roots and by a freak of nature fashioned themselves into a rude chair, and which Mr. Hobbs had described as that of his Satanic Majesty.

"And so," she whispered in awe, "this is the resting place of the sulphurous king, or, better still, that of his spouse, Persephone."

Then she fell to wondering if she would dare traverse the little shelf and seat herself in the inviting resting-place. The suggestion served her to try and do so, and with the aid of her alpenstock, and clinging to the roots and tendrils of the vines, she slowly accomplished her desire and sat upon the curious rustic chair. Looking down into the green water over which she was literally suspended, awe-stricken, and then glancing upward, she saw the sunlight dancing amid the thick foliage far above, and wondered if even a chance ray ever penetrated the silent depths.

As these thoughts flitted through her mind a single arrow-like beam of golden light shot downward to her feet and gleamed in the water beneath as a dazzling ruby in an emerald setting. With one hand clinging to her stout staff and one white arm linked into the vine, she sat and rested until chilled and dampened by the spray of the water. Then she determined to retreat from the dangerous position and return home. But upon regaining her feet, still clinging to her support, a low, rumbling, cracking sound broke upon her ear, mingling with that of the leaping waters, and the next instant the entire ledge gave way and the affrighted girl found herself suspended above the awful gulf without a foothold, save the smallest possible space.

Involuntarily she shrieked for aid, but the noise of the rushing, foaming waters drowned her own as completely as if her white lips had remained closed and mute.

Thoughts of loved ones, the shelter and safety of home and the fearful death that awaited her—perhaps that when she could hold on no longer and she had fallen into that inky pool nothing would be left to tell that there she had found a grave, and searching ones would never have an answer to the question as to the mystery of her fate—forced themselves upon her.

Like a torrent the flood-gates of her tears broke forth, and so exhausted her that she came near falling; but, nerving herself, she clung to her sweet young life as long as she could. Her sobbing ceased, and with an uplifted gaze toward the calm blue strip of summer sky, she breathed a prayer for help or strength to die, if such were the will of her Creator. Then, as if inspired by faith, she sang a verse of "The Rock of Ages," and never were sweeter notes blended with that leaping, dancing waterfall, though hundreds of blithe song-birds had vied with each other in anthems of praise to the divine architect of the grand old rocks and hills.

Softly rose the trembling voice, filled with liquid soul melody; higher, deeper, and yet clearer swelled the notes until the very air vibrated with the rhythm of vocal prayer:

"Other refuge have I none
Hangs my helpless soul on Thee,"

and the full lips and pure young face grew transcendently beautiful with the conceptions of the Almighty and His love and tender care of all His creatures.

Then, even as voice and clinging limbs were losing all their strength, something came falling down from above with the boiling foam and drifted out with the black waters of the pool. Venturing one downward glance, she saw a hat of rough straw floating upon the water, and glancing swiftly upward with terror and joy, caught a glimpse of a man slowly climbing down the face of the terrible cliff, clinging, slipping, trusting to strong hands, and heroically coming to her rescue or to share death with her. But everything swam before her eyes, and as the blackness of night settled down upon her, her head fell forward upon the cold, wet rock to which she was clinging, and in an instant more she would have fainted and fallen.

"Hold on!" shouted a voice, "just a moment."

With a great effort she raised herself from the swoon that was death and waited with closed eyes until she felt a hand grasping her own and heard a voice shouting:

"Now let go. Trust entirely to me. I must draw you up to where I have a foothold."

Slowly and with difficuly Fannie extricated her slender, bruised, white arm from the coil of the vine, and felt herself elevated until her feet rested upon a little projection by the side of him who was venturing his life for hers.

"You should not have come, sir," faltered Fannie, glancing up into a pair of dark eyes. "It was better I should die alone than that you should also perish, for we can never—"

"Hush!" whispered the stranger. "Only be calm and do as I bid you. Here," he continued, stooping a little, while still clinging to the face of the rock, "place your foot in my hand and then reach up to yonder sapling and with my assistance pull yourself up. Everything depends upon your coolness and bravery, but for your life do not look downward."

With closed lips and set teeth Fannie did as she was bidden, and presently stood in a position where she could find support, and waited with closed lids and misty eyes until the gentleman had placed himself by her side.

Again his strong arm held her until they had rested, and then he said:

"That was bravely done, but in order to gain safety we must pass through this sliding sheet of water. You must lock your arms about my neck and trust yourself entirely to me. I think we shall be successful, but in any event you must resign your fate into my hands and keep yourself cool and calm."

"I will try. But it is terrible. I mean the thought that I am periling another human life by my insane rashness," returned Fannie, with tears flooding her blue eyes.

"You must not think at all now. Nerve yourself, for it is growing late, and life, and all it means, is awaiting us on yonder summit."

"Yes; but what a death below!" she gasped.

"But I shall make a desperate struggle for the former. Are you ready?"

As he spoke he wound his left arm about her slender waist, and instantly Fannie twined hers about his neck as if he were a brother, and a moment later she felt the dash of water in her face and over her form. Fighting inch by inch, in the water, out of it, clinging to the swaying loops of vines, they suddenly passed into a broad belt of sunlight—were ushered, as it were headlong into life.

When Fannie recovered from the almost deathly swoon into which she had fallen the instant she comprehended safety was found, she was lying above the waterfall upon a dry mound, and her deliverer attempted to restore her to consciousness by dashing cool water in her face. She sat up, sobbed her thanks, and when they had talked over how she came suspended over the "Devil's Churn," and how he, coming from a neighboring field to a famous spring of ice-cold water just at the head of the falls, heard her singing, and at first was tempted to believe it spirit music, but, attracted by the sweetness of the voice, had leaned over the chasm, discovered and came to her rescue, he continued:

"Born and nurtured in the neighborhood, I know every foot of the ground, and in my boyhood often made the descent and ascent."

When Fannie had fully recovered she learned more of the history of her rescuer—that he bore the name of Clarence Cameron, that he was home from college upon a summer vacation, and that large white mansion, to be seen from where they were conversing, was his residence, and which shortly after they entered, even in her wretched condition.

That night, after a moonlight ride with her rescuer, she found the Hobbs farm-house in great commotion, and when all of her adventures and perils had been recounted again and again, Bella and Marcha tormented her with questions about the gallant knight whom fate had sent to her rescue.

"Such elegant people," concluded Fannie, "such a lovely house, such exquisite grounds, such a flower garden, and just think of it, a genuine Landseer over the mantel, and Rosa Bonheur on the walls of the parlor, and a grand piano! and such a supper as they gave me—such splendid strawberries and real cream! And think of my eating them in one of Mrs. Cameron's best dresses, a mile too large for me, while my own was under a drying and repairing process."

"Was there ever such a madcap?" exclaimed Bella.

"It is shocking! I am certain I shall not sleep a wink all night," groaned mamma.

"And, of course, notwithstanding the politeness you received, the young gentleman must think you a downright fool, Fan," interlarded Marcha.

Poor little Fannie went to bed very thankful, but humble, and cried herself to sleep, while thinking how very silly Clarence Cameron must have deemed her.

On the contrary, that young gentleman could not sleep for thinking of the little maid he had fished out of the "Devil's Churn." Over and over again he declared to himself that she was the loveliest, most heroic little thing he had ever met—in short, had fallen madly in love with the girl, and when, at last, nature asserted itself and he slept in the wee sma' hours, he dreamed of the tender white arms that twined themselves so closely around his neck, of the soft yielding form he was forced to clasp to his heart in that awful struggle for life.

"She is so young," exclaimed Bella, one day, when talking of the matter "that if I were you, mamma, I would forbid Fannie's tramping all over the country with that Clarence Cameron."

"He is a splendid catch," was answered, "and while I wish it might have been one of my elder daughters, yet I am very much pleased that Fan has drawn such a prize."

"So!" exclaimed her father, when a few weeks later he came to take them home, "so you went a-shing, Fan, and caught a whale, they tell me? I shall have to look into the matter," he laughed, as his favorite ran out of the room, with her face like a garden of roses and ran right into the arms of a young gentleman who was coming up the walk in the shadows of evening.

"By the way," continued the old man to Bella and Marcha, "what kind of a vine was it that saved the dear child?"

"A grapevine, papa."

"Ha! And it bore sweet fruit for her and only sour grapes for you," and he went out laughing at their indignant faces.

The next morning Mr. Grovenor and young Cameron made a pilgrimage to the "Devil's Churn," and when the former comprehended the awful situation in which his child had been and the heroism of the man who had saved her life, he turned suddenly away from the black, sullen pool, and grasping the young man by the hand, and with his eyes filling with tears, said:

"Heaven bless you, my boy. How can I ever thank you as I ought?"

"By giving Fannie to me, sir," was promptly answered.

"You saved her life, and it shall be yours," responded the old man, and together they returned homeward.

That evening Clarence Cameron had very much to tell Fannie out in the moonlight among the flowers, and the promise given was sealed by a kiss and to be further strengthened at a later period with the snowy veil and orange blossoms that usher in wife hood.

Princesses in Danger.

From the London News, July 12.

The Princesses Louise Victoria and Maud, the daughters of the Prince of Wales, accompanied by their governess, left Marlborough House yesterday afternoon for one of their customary drives in Hyde Park. The carriage used was a sociable landau, drawn by a pair of horses. On the return one of the horses became restive and commenced kicking. The footman at once alighted in order to quiet the animal, but before he could reach its head both horses bolted down Constitution Hill and galloped through St. James' Park, making straight for Marlborough House. The coachman did his best on the box, but had but little control over the animals. The corner of the Mall was rounded, and when within fifty yards of Marlborough House the carriage came in collision with a lamp-post. The hind wheel became locked in the post, and, the horses being taken by the head, the Princesses and their governess were able to alight, and then walked to Marlborough House. They were somewhat frightened, but were not in the least hurt. The carriage was considerably injured; the near hind-wheel of the vehicle was so shattered that a new one was attached befored it was drawn into the stable yard adjoining Marlborough House. News of the accident spread rapidly and a crowd of people soon assembled outside the gates of Marlborough House. Among the earliest callers to make inquiries were Lady Rosebery, the Home Secretary, Lord Bury, and Earl Granville. Later on many other distinguished personages called and left cards. A telegram was dispatched to the Queen at Windsor informing Her Majesty of the providential escape of her grandchildren. The Crown Prince and Princess of Germany were at Marlborough House when the young Princesses returned from their somewhat perilous drive, and when their Imperial Highnesses drove off later in the evening they were loudly cheered as they passed the gates.

Pennsylvania Demoralization.

Interview with a Politician.

"What is the cause of the generally alleged political demoralization of Pennsylvania?"

"Well, said this statesman, "it began with the corruption of the Legislature by the railroads, which continued about thirty-five years, perhaps more; long enough, at any rate, to make it the fashion to go to the Legislature in order to sell out. Old Gen. Cameron spent most of his life about Harrisburg, and saw of what that Legislature was made through railroad influence. He, therefore, concluded to buy and sell it for his personal political purposes. The war and his manipulation of the Northern Central Railroad brought him the means for that purpose. While Secretary of War, he had control of all the purchases, and a pool of his friends around Harrisburg enriched themselves enormously, his son among the number. Then he bought the stock of the Northern Central Railroad when it was very low and had paid no dividends for many years, and by leasing it to the Pennsylvania Railroad it appreciated and made him rich. The young politicians in our State have become too generally impressed with the idea that politics is a trade. The Camerons, besides, have systematically discouraged talent in Pennsylvania, and nearly all the examples of greatness in our State are young fellows; so what can you expect the rank and file to be? We have several times looked to the Democratic party as a desirable change, hoping that by flogging the Republicans badly they would throw away their present leaders and rake up respectable men. Unfortunately the Democratic party never offers us any chance. They seem to have modeled themselves for the past twenty years on the Republican party, and are just as corrupt without having any of the popular sympathies of the Republicans.

In Love With an African.

Indianapolis Special to Chicago Times.

A singular infatuation of a beautiful and fairly intelligent white girl for a negro was developed to-day. This morning a Miss Howard applied to a druggist for laudanum, and, after receiving the drug, left a note for Ephraim Covington, the colored janitor of the block, which read:

"DEAR EPH:—I saw you last night talking to your wife and some other girl. I have seen your wife and talked with her, and I can't stand it any longer. I will wait for you until 10 o'clock to call on me, or I will take a dose of laudanum. BYE-BYE."

The disclosure made by the note was a painful surprise, and the young lady was found and compelled to give up the poison. Covington is a handsome fellow, light-skinned enough to pass for white, and married, although living apart from his wife. All the principals to the affair are trying to hush up the scandal, and it is claimed that her attachment for him has so far kept within legitimate bounds and that her threatened self-destruction is due to the insurmountable obstacles against their marriage.

PANSIES.

Pansies! Pansies! How I love you, pansies!
Jaunty-faced, laughing-lipped and dewy-eyed with glee;
Would my song might blossom out in little five leaved stanzas
As delicate in fancies
As your beauty is to me!

But my eyes shall smile on you and my hands enfold you,
Pet, caress and lift you to the lips that love you so,
That ever, shut within the years that fade and mar and mold you,
My fancy shall behold you
Fair as in the long ago.

J. W. RILEY.

A DIVING DEVIL.

Construction of a Mysterious Fenian Torpedo Boat in New Jersey.

New York Special to Chicago Times.

The Sun prints this morning the following account of a Fenian torpedo boat which has been built in this city: A little over two years ago a man called at the office of the De La Mater iron-works, and told the two partners that he had invented a submarine torpedo boat and wished them to build it. He said it must be about thirty feet in length by six in diameter, and shaped like a cigar. The material must be riveted iron. He went on at some length to explain his ideas, and when he had finished be inquired how much such a vessel would cost. One of the gentlemen said that $20,000 would pay for it. The visitor said he thought that was reasonable enough and spoke of entering into a contract with the builders. They asked for his backers, and he promptly announced that he would never divulge their names. He was asked who the vessel was intended for, and he said that, too, must remain his secret. He refused to say anything more, and the negotiations came to a stand-still for a time. In a few days he returned and proposed that an estimate be made of the exact cost of the work, and that this amount be divided up by the number of weeks it would take to do it. He said that he would pay what was due at the end of every week. He added that he would pay them in greenbacks, as checks would lead to the discovery of the men who were backing him. He then gave his name as John P. Holland, of 139 Colden street, Newark. He said that he had formerly been a teacher in a Roman Catholic school in Paterson. The agreement was drawn up, and the next week he appeared, accompanied by a clever young engineer, whose name has not been ascertained. They had full and accurate working plans drawn up, and the work began at once. The young engineer appeared only occasionally, but Holland made extraordinary efforts to gain the good will of the men. He never lost his temper with the workmen, though he had some trouble with one or two, who openly avowed their belief that the vessel was for the Fenians. He was quite regular for a time with the money, and carried the project through a period of two years with noticeable tact. The clever young engineer appeared at intervals and made exhaustive examinations of the work. Mr. G. H. Robinson, the partner of Mr. De La Mater, said this afternoon: "It was a very queer transaction, and created endless talk among our men. For a long time we hesitated about entering into a contract, because it looked suspicious. Holland was so persistent, though, and so odd, that we consented to undertake the work."

"Have you any idea who the boat was intended for?"

"I have a very precise and well-defined idea. It is for the Fenians, I assert as my most positive opinion, and I certainly ought to be able to give an opinion, for I was personally concerned in the thing from the start. I was not sure of this at first. There was at the time considerable difficulty between Turkey and Russia, and things were looking warlike all over Europe; so we naturally supposed some foreign government had employed this Irishman to negotiate for the construction of a vessel they could not themselves turn out. He said he had one built before he came to the United States, and that as the work was not first-class, she was a failure. He stipulated for the very best work, and we did our best with him, and got on quite amicably for a long while. Every week he'd bring his pile of greenbacks, and remark that they were very useful when one wished to conceal one's identity, and every week he said he was satisfied with the work. After a while he began to get irregular, and then he stopped payment. We stopped too. Then he came over to the works, and I asked him why he didn't go on with his payments. I said that the servant-girls had some money left, and he'd better collect it from them at once. I had begun to suspect Fenianism. He flew into a passion. We said we'd give up the work, and he went away vowing to see us. Then we wrote him that if there was to be any law in the matter we'd take a hand. He appeared next day with an old man named Carroll, of Philadelphia, who counseled peace and disappeared. I made up my mind that Carroll was one of the moneyed men behind Holland but did not hear proof of it till later. Carroll went away, and the work was renewed. Holland came around as before, and made himself agreeable. Before the boat was finished Mr. Archibald, the British Consul, called on us with regard to the probable destination of the boat. He was very much exercised over the matter. We said that our contract with the inventor restrained us from giving him any of the points, which might become public and could not be patented afterward. However, we gave him these facts: The boat is 31 feet over all, is 6 feet 6 inches in diameter, shaped like a cigar, driven by a screw propeller, by a petroleum oil engine, and is made of riveted iron plates made to stand 300 pounds pressure to the square inch. Mr. Archibald was obliged to retire on the death of his son, and Mr. Pierrepont Edwards succeeded him. Mr. Edwards, who is convinced that the boat is intended for the Fenians to blow up English vessels, became even more interested in it than his predecessor. However, it was almost impossible to learn anything, as the Irishman was such a clever, happy-go-lucky fellow that he baffled all detection. We finished her in April, and in May Holland took her away. First she went to Hoboken. Speculation and curiosity were rife to see what he would do with her, but he made her fast, and left her entirely alone until the curiosity had died away. Then he made an experiment. He got into her and went under water and stayed there for an hour, steamed about and came back again. I got this information from a man who was on the grounds. I was also told that Pierrepont Edwards was on the grounds, but have no proof of it. On the 4th of July he again went down in her, and, as near as I can learn, has never been heard from since. Mr. Edwards feared that she had been stowed in the hold of some ship and taken abroad. This is impossible, though, as there are only two derricks in the city that could lift her and properly lower her away. We own both derricks. She couldn't have been lifted by either of these means without our knowledge, so she must still be in port. She is a torpedo boat, and could be tremendously effective in sinking vessels."

Superintendent Miller, who has charge of the iron works, says: "The machine was a complete success. A man in whom I have every confidence told me of some experiments that were startling in the extreme. He says, for instance, that she was under water four hours at one time, and traveled seven miles without rising to the surface on another occasion. I can hardly credit this, though I admit that she might easily stay under the water for, say, one hour. The power was estimated at about twelve horse-power, and she could make six miles an hour when submerged, with a moderate pressure. There was room inside for four men, and the appliances for working the torpedo were manipulated, of course, from within. She was a regular torpedo ram. She was well built, and could stand a heavy pressure, and I believe a man would be tolerably safe in her for a short time below the surface. She is a dangerous torpedo ram, and, if she is as successful as I am told she is, would create terrible havoc among vessels, as she could dive under water and stay there several hours, moving about at will."

"When did you see her last?"

"I have never seen her since she left our dock to go across the river." The reporter hunted up Mr. Holland to-day in Newark. In the course of the interview he said, "I was a school teacher in St. John's Catholic School, in Paterson, when I first conceived the idea of this boat. I unfolded my plans to two capitalists of Philadelphia."

"Do you object to giving their names?"

"I do, emphatically."

"One of them," said the reporter, "was Dr. William Carroll, trustee of the Philadelphia skirmish fund."

"How the deuce did you find that out? However, I promised to tell you of my movements after leaving De La Mater's. The capitalists told me to push ahead with the work, which I did. I was very much amazed, when I began to build, at the interest manifested in my work. I said it was for the Turks at one time, and for the Russians at another, I didn't care to tell who it was for. In fact, it was for myself. When I was half through with the work I had to fight one of my riveters, who gave it as his opinion that the thing was for the Fenians. But the funniest part of all was the way the British Consul hung around. But he didn't find out a blessed thing. I led him on to all sorts of notions: but I don't think he got any satisfaction, for when the boat was finished she could go under water; see?"

A Widow Returns a Kindness.

From the Baltimore American, July.

Yesterday Mrs. Patience Beckett, the widow of Thomas Beckett, the engineer of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad who died July 3, received from the Baltimore and Ohio Relief Association, of which he was a member, a check for $2,092. Thomas Beckett, or as he was familiarly called, "Tommy," was one of the institutions of the company. Entering its service in 1834, nearly half a century ago, as a teamster, he rose gradually to the position of an engineer, which he held for 35 years. Possessed of but limited education, his wonderful powers of memory enabled him to retain accurately all instructions when once read to him. He never cost the company a dollar arising from any claim for damages. Many interesting incidents could be told which happened during his long service with the company. The following is illustrative of his generosity and kindheartedness. Many years ago the engine of the mail train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bound west to Cumberland, of which Beckett was the engineer, and the late George A. Rawlins conductor, when near Doe Gully tunnel, struck and killed a cow belonging to the widow of a watchman at that point, who had lost his life in the service. The accident brought to the scene many persons, including the widow and her children, who were crying most piteously at their loss. Beckett and Rawlins headed a subscription, took it around among the passengers and train hands, and soon succeeded in collecting $70, which they handed to the widow. Turning to Beckett and Rawlins she said: "You will never regret this kindness to the widow and her children, and it will come home to you some day." Several years passed, and the incident was forgotten, when one night Beckett left Cumberland on his eastbound trip in a terrible rain-storm, and, after passing Doe Gully tunnel, noticed a large bonfire some distance ahead. He quickly blew for brakes, and succeeded in bringing his engine to a stand within fifty feet of an immense land-slide, covering the track for a distance of 150 feet. Ahead of the slide the widow had built the fire. She came running to the engine and exclaimed, "I told you you would never regret your kindness. I heard the fall of the rock and earth in the cut, and I knew you were coming down, and I built the fire to warn you of the danger. God bless this man who thought of the poor widow and her children when they were in trouble." This act of the widow saved the lives of the passengers and trainmen, and to the day of his death "Tommy" Beckett never tired of talking of the widow who signaled him at Doe Gully tunnel.

Can the Chinaman be Saved?

From the New York Sun, Monday.

Bishop Charles Perry Scott, of North China, and his brother, Canon Scott, of York Cathedral, England, who are visiting this country, are the guests of the clergy of Trinity Church. Bishop Scott preached in the church yesterday. The subject of his discourse was based on the words, "Can these souls live?" He argued that the Chinese were certainly capable of regeneration. They had been largely civilized when other nations had been sunk in barbarism, but, unfortunately, they had not progressed. Their adherence to the traditions of the past held them back, but this tendency, instead of arousing scorn for them, should awaken respect.

Piercing through the wall of prejudice, the Bishop said, a great, honest, manly heart was found in the Chinaman. He was easily taught if properly treated, being very responsive to kindness; and every man who had carefully studied the Chinese character, and knew that the gospel was all-powerful, must come to the inevitable conclusion that "these souls can live."

Mrs. Garfield's Duties.

Washington Special to Cincinnati Enquirer.

Mrs. Sheldon, in conversation to-day about how Mrs. Garfield behaved, spoke very highly of that lady's pluck and endurance. Mrs. Garfield, she says, told her that if she had had her way this trouble would never have come on. About the time her husband was nominated they were all very nicely situated at Mentor, and the place was very nearly paid for. When she heard that her husband had been nominated she told him that she was really sorry for it. She was happy where she was, and had no desire to become a President's wife, as she was more of a home woman than one who could shine well in a social way. The President laughed at her, and told her that it was all nonsense, and that she would be just as happy in Washington as at Mentor, and that all would be well.

THIS AND THAT.

The police of Boston are going into helmets made in London.

The Bell telephone carried messages 390 miles the other day.

Mr. Hammer, unable to beat a retreat, has been arrested in Chicago.

French farmers are killing in their fields from 5,000 to 6,000 rats a day.

"Mark Twain is summering at Indian Neck," says a paragraph. This is bad for the poor Indian.

A Massachusetts man has resorted to Paris green to keep juvenile thieves from stealing his flowers.

Countless millions of dragon flies swarming over Atchison, Kan., are laid to the account of the comets.

Ex-President Hayes passes most of his days swinging in a hammock and wondering why no one shot him.

In marrying Bright Eyes, Mr. Tibbles, the sympathizer with Indians, has become the son-in-law of Iron Eyes.

A post mortem examination showed that a Sacramento man was afflicted with five fatal diseases at the same time.

If Mr. Conkling were to become an editor, as is now proposed, he would talk awfully sarcastical to the other fellows on the paper.

An Indiana rattlesnake crawled into a canary's cage, swallowed the bird, and then couldn't get out. He will never stop the music again.

An Illinois man's cows come up every Sunday and bellow for salt, never making the mistake of coming on any other day. He believes they can count.

The London Times has just published a leader on "Horace Conkling, late Senator from New York." This puts the finishing touch to Lord Roscoe.

After the recent events at Albany, it isn't at all likely that "Comet C" indicates the resignation of any more United States Senators. The pressure of "forbidden and abhorrent forces" is too heavy for any further Senatorial sacrifices.

A talented Iowa cat, finding that the children where she lived would not cease tormenting her kittens, carried the whole litter away, depositing one kitten at each house in the immediate neighborhood until her entire family was provided for.

MADAME BLANC.

Her Strange Life in the Gambling Hell of Monte Carlo.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

Madame Blanc, of Monaco, has gone to rest. So said a cable dispatch of yesterday. Her husband preceded her a few years since. In early life M. Blanc and his spouse kept a small dry goods store in Paris in obscure street, near the depot of the Chemin de Fer du Nord. To them gaming had irresistible charms. These charms were enhanced by the fact that luck was always in their favor. Money flowed in freely, and in a short time Monsieur and Madame Blanc found themselves at the head of the notorious gambling hell at Monte Carlo, Monaco, the only den of the kind now remaining in Europe. The suppression in 1872 of the green cloth clad tables of the German watering places, followed by the bouncing of M. Fama, an ex-priest, and now proprietor of a nice theater, from the "hell" at Saxon-les-Bains, Canton Valais, Switzerland, on the 31st of December, 1876, greatly strengthened the position of the Blanc family. Lovers of roulette and rogue-et-noir from all parts of the world repaired to Monaco, and M. Blanc departed this life with the satisfaction of knowing that his family was one of the best provided for in the old world. The Blanc family not only maintained themselves on the failings of others, but have been the main supporters of the smallest principality in the world—a spot, second to none in beauty, which has for a thousand years past claimed as its head a scion of the historical house of Grimaldi. Of the dead nothing but good. The benevolence of Madame Blanc was extraordinary—not on the principle of the man who stole a new pair of shoes and gave away his old ones, "pour l'amour du bon Dieu," but because she considered it right to be charitable. Many a family may have been beggared in the Casino of Monte Carlo, many a suicide's grave may have been dug there, but many an aching heart has been made glad, and many an empty stomach filled by the generosity of Madame Blanc. She leaves three children—the present M. Blanc, of Monte Carlo, whose scheme for recuperating the finances of the fast rotting Ottoman Empire by the establishment at Constantinople and in Egypt of gaming tables similar to those at Monte Carlo, and of the profits of which the Sultan was to have a big share, is well known, and two daughters, one of whom is married to Prince Radziwill, son of the celebrated Austrian diplomat of that name, while the other is the wife of Roland Bonaparte, son of the notoriously wayward Pierre Bonaparte. Although each daughter received a dowry of $4,000,000, and the son a huge fortune, before the death of his parents, Madame Blanc's treasury was not depleted. She is said to have left a fabulous sum of money, no inconsiderable portion of which has come out of the pockets of crazy Americans.

From Love to Criminal Libel.

New York Special to Chicago Times.

A curious case, in which the names are as yet suppressed, is reported by the police. A rich lady of this city recently had a seamstress. She also had a brother who had been married, but being addicted to bad habits had become separated from his wife. This man became acquainted with his sister's seamstress, and pretended to fall in love with her, in which the girl encouraged him. The girl was finally discharged by her mistress, and went back to her home in Poughkeepsie. From there she kept up a secret correspondence with her lover, who is a Wall street broker. About two weeks ago Miss Ella A. Merritt, the daughter of a publisher in this city, went to Poughkeepsie to spend a few weeks with friends. Wishing to have some dresses made, she chanced to call upon the seamstress already spoken of. For some reason the seamstress imagined that Miss Merritt had been sent to Poughkeepsie as a detective to get proofs of the continued correspondence between the seamstress and the young man in this city. She notified her lover of these suspicions, and two days later the Chief of Police of Poughkeepsie and the proprietor of the hotel at which Miss Merritt was stopping received postal cards from this city charging Miss Merritt with being a "sneak-thief," a "very bad woman," a "cunning fox," etc. The postal cards were signed "A. Davis," and were mailed from the general post-office in this city. Those who have investigated the case have discovered that the postal cards were written and mailed by the seamstress' lover, and that his object was to cause Miss Merritt, the supposed detective, to be driven out of Poughkeepsie. Miss Merritt's father intends to prosecute the lover for criminal libel.

Le Duc's Tea Farm.

From the Springfield Republican.

Gen. Le Duc's tea farm in South Carolina is a poor investment of public money, according to William Sanders, of the Agricultural Department, who has just returned from spying out the land for Commissioner Loring. The climate is not warm enough to grow strong tea, and the farm is an exhausted plantation, literally worn out by successive crops taken out without adequate care of cultivation. The Congressional appropriation of $15,000 seems to have been so far mainly spent in a partial removal of the old mansion preparatory to rebuilding and the laying out of an avenue through the grounds. Mr. Sanders sees "not much room for encouragement," and advises Dr. Loring to give up the Summerville experiment as a bad job. The Commissioner may leave one man to care for the tea plants, but the Government will practically go out of the business. If anything is done Florida is the place to do it.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago,
Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout,
Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and
Sprains, Burns and Scalds,
General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet
and Ears, and all other Pains
and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

RIVER NEWS.

Two feet water at Pittsburg and falling.

LEYHE'S Spread Eagle will be off for Grafton at 3 p. m.

THE Fred A. Blanks leaves for New Orleans to-morrow.

THE steamer Genevieve departs for Memphis this evening.

THE Baltic, of the Cumberland Tow Company, left for the Ohio.

LEIBKE'S Charley Bowen leaves for below to-day after a tow of logs.

THE Bald Eagle will be off for Keokuk at 4 p. m. Wm. Leyhe, master.

COMMODORE SAM BROWN was in the city yesterday and left for the East.

COL. ROBERT SPEED, of Memphis, is at the Lindell. He goes home to-morrow.

THE City of Greenville leaves for Vicksburg to-morrow. Joseph Bryan commands.

A. C. DUNLEVY supplied the tinware kitchen outfit set to the new City of Vicksburg.

THE Alice Brown brought five barges of coal for the Gas Company and returned to Cairo.

THE Grand Pacific, Capt. Mose Hall, will be the Davidson Line boat for St. Paul to-morrow.

THE Gem City leaves St. Paul for St. Louis to-night, and leaves St. Louis for St. Paul next Tuesday.

CAPT. ARCHIE BRYAN'S Phil E. Chappell leaves for the Osage this evening. Thos. S. Loucks, clerk.

RIVER 18 feet by the gauge, as near as can be ascertained as the mud covers the gauge beautifully. Business is dull.

THE Upper Mississippi is falling from St. Paul down, but there is still sufficient water to enable boats to get around on time.

THE good steamer Libbie Conger, Capt. Boland, will be the Diamond Jo boat for St. Paul to-morrow. Thos. J. Buford is her agent.

CAPT. J. H. DUNLAP, superintendent of Gray's Line, left for Louisville last night to meet the Iron Age, which is en route to St. Louis.

CAPT. D. S. BARMORE, of the famous Jeffersonville boat builder, is in the city and stopping at the Laclede. He has just completed a barge for Commodore E. W. Gould.

CAPT. JAS. GOOD, general superintendant of boats and barges for the River Commission who has been confined at home by sickness, for the past few days, is again out. He had a severe spell.

THE departures to-morrow will include the Dora and Alex Kendall to Clarksville, Jo Kinney and Fannie Lewis to to the Missouri River, Calhoun to Naples, and two tow boats to New Orleans.

THE new Anchor Line steamer City of Vicksburg will be presented with a full set of colors by the people of Vicksburg to-day. She is worthy any honor the people of Vicksburg may confer on her.

CAPT. J. C. FISHER, clerk of the John L. Rhoads, owns a large farm in Clark county, this State, to which he retires when the boat is lying up. J. H. Fisher, a brother of the veteran and a resident of England, is now on a visit to his brother.

STEAMBOATMEN seem naturally to drift into the hotel business. Capt. Jas. Hurst, of the European, was formally a boatman. He now runs the largest house of its kind in the United States and may be said the first to introduce the European style of hotel in St. Louis.

TELEGRAMS to Carroll & Powell from Capt. James Barnard, agent of the Underwriters, announce that the cargo of the Martin Speed, all more or less damaged, was put ashore before the boat started back to Memphis for repairs. It will probably go forward on the steamer Maumelle.

THE new raft steamer, Charlotte Boeckler, made a trial trip yesterday, and performed to the entire satisfaction of her owners. She belongs to the Schulenberg & Boeckler Lumber Company and is of the following dimensions: 140 feet long, 28 feet beam and 5 feet hold. Her boilers are two in number, and each 28 feet long, her stroke is 7 feet, with 14-inch cylinders. She was built at New Albany, Ind., and her total cost was $30,000. The Fulton Iron Works furnished the engines, Rohan Bros. the steel boilers, and Kupferle Bros. were the steam fitters. The officers are as follows, Bob Dodds, captain; James Gleason, second pilot; George Gleason, mate; W. B. Milligan, first engineer; Joseph Montour, second engineer, and James Flanagan steward.

VICKSBURG, July 27.—The John Dippold, which has been lying several miles below here during the past week with a broken steam-pipe, completed her repairs and departed for St. Louis. Capt. T. C. Dabney, Superintendent of the Vicksburg harbor work, now that the river has fallen sufficiently, will at once commence preparations for the construction of a continuous mattress, which is to be sunk in the channel of the Mississippi near Delta, La., a point just above this city. When completed it will be sunk in sections of 1,000 feet in length, 50 feet wide and 1 foot thick. It is an experiment suggested by Capt. Eads during his recent visit to Vicksburg, and it it thought will be of untold benefit to the restoration of the harbor at this place. Capt. Dabney thinks if he can get the necessary funds from the Government he will be able to give us a first-class harbor.

CAPT. FRANK CORKEREY, the veteran caterer of the Fred A. Blanks, has a history. Thirty years ago he was steward on a fine Southern packet. In 1860, or thereabouts, he built the Mary E. Keene, one of the finest and fastest boats of her day, which he run in the "bends" trade. In ordinary times, either as steward or commander, Corkerey would have been invincible, especially with the Southern people, who knew his sterling worth and unflagging loyalty to their institutions; but the war came on and the peerless packet's lucrative trade was destroyed. Finding no field for his energies in Louisiana the Captain drifted eastward, and soon bought out the famous Spotswood House in Richmond, Va. Here he made money, and at the same time became intimate with leaders of the Confederacy, whose confidence and friendship, such of them as are yet living, he still enjoys. It was after the war closed that Corkerey returned to New Orleans and became the proprietor of the St. James Hotel. This venture proved disastrous and left him penniless, and after an unsuccessful effort to run a first-class saloon he returned to his old calling. A truer friend or more honorable gentleman never stepped foot upon a Mississippi steamboat. Corkerey is an Irishman, and has all the out-spoken bluntness of the Irish character.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

A HOUSE with three or four rooms and a kitchen in the southwestern part of the city by a family of four persons. Address for two days, T. H., care C. Mfg. Co., 121 Locust st. 28

WANTED—A small house in the southern part of the city, not over five minutes' walk from Chouteau avenue cars; rent not to exceed $20. Address T., 808 N. Main.

WANTED—On monthly payments, a neat five to seven room house. Address C. 25, this office. 25

WANTED—To purchase a four or six room house providing the terms are suitable. Must be north of Hebert street and not farther west than Fourteenth. Address D. B. Greer, this office. 22

WANTED TO RENT—A well furnished house, centrally located, or would buy the furniture on monthly instalments. Ad. M. 94, this office. 21

WANTED—To purchase on instalments, a house of four to seven rooms and lot in southern part of the city. Add. E., 2401 Carondelet avenue. 21

WANTED—To buy house, 6 or 7 rooms, for cash. Address House, this office.

BOARDING.

709 ST. CHARLES ST.—Wanted two gentlemen boarders in a German family without children. 29

COUNTRY BOARD—Good rooms and board can be had by early application for family and others at the Kirkwood Hotel, St. Louis county, Mo. Call or address D. C. Siegriest, Manager.

FIRST-CLASS day board furnished near cor. Sixteenth and Chouteau ave.

STEAMBOATS.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line.

Packets for Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg,
Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF GREENVILLE..........Bryan, Master
Will leave on Saturday, July 30, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis, leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. STE. GENEVIEVE,
Leaves Friday, July 29, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT..........Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS AND NEW ORLEANS TRANSPORTATION CO.
For New Orleans.
Str. JAY GOULD and Barges,
Leaves Saturday, July 30, at 5 p.m.
Receiving at Northern Line wharfboat, foot Olive st. L. F. D'ARCAMBAL,
H. LOUREY, Prest. Agent.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
For New Orleans.
Str. GILMORE and Barges.
Leaves Saturday, July 30, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Freight Agent.

St. Louis, Cairo and Paducah Packet Company.
For Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Metropolis, Paducah and all way landings, connecting with Cumberland and Tennessee and Ohio River packets, Str. Fannie Tatum, John B. Conway, Master; John H. Griffith, Clerk. Leaves Thursdays at 4 p. m. For freight or passage apply to
JENKINS & SASS,
General Agents, 508 N. Commercial.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.
The Magnificent Steamer,
FRED. A. BLANKS........J. W. Blanks, Master
Will leave wharfboat foot of Market st. Saturday, July 30, 5 p. m. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
The steamers of this line tow no barges.
For St. Paul,
Str. GRAND PACIFIC..........Hall, Master
Leaves Saturday, July 30, 4 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on wharfboat at foot of Olive street.

For Keokuk.
Str. BALD EAGLE..........Wm. Leyhe, Master
Leaves Friday, July 29, at 4 p. m.

For Clarksville,
ALEX. KENDALL..........Davidson, Master
Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
Excursion tickets to all cool northern resorts; privilege of returning by river, rail or lake.
To Fort Benton, Helena and other Montana points special low rates for freight and people—quick time.
For through rates, freight or passage, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.
JAS. A. LYON, Gen. Pass. Agt.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and fast passenger packets
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, and St. Paul.
Str. LIBBIE CONGER..........Boland, Master
Leaves Saturday, July 30, 4 p. m.
From Diamond Joe wharfboat, foot of Washington av. These fine passenger packets make as quick time as any competing line.
T. J. BUFORD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cape au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont..........Master.
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Missouri River.

KANSAS CITY PACKET COMPANY—STAR LINE.
For Miami, Lexington, Kansas City and way landings.
Str. JOE KINNEY..........Geo. Keith, Master,
Leaves Saturday, July 30, 5 p. m.
Rocheport, Boonville, Saline City and way landings
Str. FANNIE LEWIS......R. J. Whitledge, Master
Leaves Saturday, July 30, at 5 p. m.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL,
Agent.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN..........Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Osage River.

For Augusta, Washington, Hermann, Portland, Osage City, Tuscumbia and all way landings,
Str. PHIL E. CHAPPELL,
A. S. Bryan, Master..........T. S. Loucks, Clerk
Leaves Friday, July 29, 4 p. m. foot Morgan st. JENKINS & SASS, Agents,
No. 508 N. Commercial.

EXCURSION BOAT FOR CHARTER.
The fine passenger steamer ILLINOIS for picnics and pleasure excursions anywhere within fifty miles of St. Louis.
Can be had at short notice by applying to
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL,
Missouri River Whafboat.

HO! PICNIC OR HUNTING PARTIES.
The beautiful little steamer CLARA can be chartered for picnics, moonlight excursions, etc. P. P. Manion, corner Morgan and Levee.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY.
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo

WANTED—ROOMS.

BY young gent, room and board in pri. fam. in vicinity of Chouteau ave. Ad., stating terms, F., this office. 27

BY a man and wife without children, two or three unfurnished rooms suitable for housekeeping in house with not more than one family. Will be permanent if suited. References exchanged. Address, stating price and full particulars, Henry, this office. 28

DESK room wanted, east of Fifth, bet. Market and Washington ave.; cheap. Ad. J. D. S., this office. 29

FURNISHED ROOM wanted by two young gents somewhere between Tenth and Sixteenth, Market and Morgan streets. Rent not more than $8 per month. Ad. K. R. D., this office. 21

FUR. room with occasional use of kitchen, by respectable married couple; rent not to exceed $8; short distance from P. O. Ad. Q., this office. 27

ROOM with use of bath wanted by two young men. Rent not to be over $10 per month. Address McBain, this office. 16

ROOM and board wanted by a lady employed; location must be central; widow's family preferred. Ad. J. K., this office, stating price. 16

SMALL unfurnished room cheap; cool; central. B. 20, this office. 21

SMALL unfurnished room wanted by gent; must be cheap; give price. Ad. J. M., this of. 14

TWO unfur. rooms on first or second floor, with water. Ad. A. B. C., this office. 28

WANTED TO RENT—By a small family, about three rooms for light housekeeping; location and rooms must be good. Address E. C., this office. 20

WANTED TO BUY—A No. 7 or 8 cook stove in good condition; good price will be paid. Ad. E. M., this office. 20

WANTED—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; state terms. J. M. 16, this office. 22

WANTED—A well furnished bed room in North St. Louis; neighborhood Hyde Park preferred. Address Bachelor, this office. 25

WANTED—In the neighborhood of Hyde Park—a well furnished bed-room by two single gentlemen. Address Bachelor, this officer. 26

WANTED—A nice furnished room for one or two gentlemen in nice private family, with or without board; state terms. Address P. D. Q., this office. 28

WANTED—By a gentleman, middle-aged, room and two meals, supper and breakfast, in private house where he could have pleasant home, permanent. Address Mr. A. C., Post-Dispatch office. 29

WANTED—A lady and daughter want a small room and kitchen for light housekeeping in a respectable family; must be cheap. Address M. 100, this office. 14

MONEY TO LOAN.

$5,000 TO $30,000 TO LOAN—At 6 per cent, in sums to suit.
BUILDING LOANS made to improve property; collateral loans made on short time.
DYER & RUTLEDGE, 707 Olive st.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 23

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F., Betts, Notary Public, 209 North Eighth street.

FREE OF CHARGE.

☞ Situations wanted, male and female; lost and found, help wanted, male and female; rooms for rent, rooms or boarding wanted, not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, will be inserted free of charge.

PERSONAL.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

COSTUMES wanted—A widow lady who has on hand about 100 costumes will rent them out cheap. Apply at 1016 Franklin avenue. 29

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

KITTY: What's become of you? C.

MRS. J. WALKER, dressmaker, removed to 911 Olive st.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge. 6

SHIRTS of faultless fit made to order, 3 for $4. FREEMAN, N. W. Cor. Washington avenue and Eighth St.

THE COLORED BOY who took a package of letters to deliver from our office, yesterday, marked "Geo F. Flack, present," will please return to 517 Main street and be suitably rewarded.
DEERE, MANSUR & CO.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

A PLACE wanted as nurse, not afraid of any disease, address Nurse, 2018 Franklin avenue; care of Barton. 23

A YOUNG lady wants a position as nurse; will take entire charge of infant or assist with sewing. Ad. J. W., care of E. E., 817 Mullanphy street. 25

A YOUNG LADY of experience desires situation in restaurant or ice cream parlor. Ad. T., this office. 25

A YOUNG MAN, age 17 years, wishes a situation in a wholesale or retail grocery store. Address C. S., 1316 Broadway. 26

A YOUNG French lady, with experience in teaching the French language, would like to have a few more scholars. Children preferred. Address, M'lle. V. 1724 Chestnut street, city. 19

A YOUNG LADY wants a place in a candy store. Address K. 40, this office. 16

AN experienced and responsible nurse (monthly), or for chronic cases, desires immediate employment; highest testimonials. Mrs. Granger, 1407 North Twelfth street. 20

A GOOD washer and ironer would like work by the day. 1611 Biddle st. 20

A WOMAN wants to take some family's mending or to go out by the week to sew for respectable families. E. W., 914 Myrtle st. 27

AN American woman wishes place to nurse or do light housework. Ap. 2209 Carr. 28

A GOOD dressmaker wants to go out by the day or take work home; terms reasonable. Ad. B. B., this office. 28

A LADY of character and integrity wishes to identify herself as working housekeeper in a first-class family. Would take entire charge. Mrs. Bland, care Franciscan Sisters, Fourteenth and O'Fallon. 28

A COMPETENT copy-holder wishes a situation; can also read proof. Best of references. Address C 27, this office. 29

A RESPONSIBLE woman who understands laundry business wants to take in gentlemen's washing or a small private family's washing. Call at 318 Targee street. 29

BY an intelligent young lady who thoroughly understands dressmaking, a position wanted in some nice family as ladies' companion and to do family sewing. A good home the principal object. Address, with full particulars, Emma B., this office. 26

BY a settled lady a situation wanted to sew and help do light housework. Can cut and make all kinds of plain sewing and run sewing machine. Will work for room and board. Call or address Mattie, 1509 Pine street. 29

EVERY lady that is tired of servants can hear of a refined lady that will help her work for very low wages; have a machine; will try to make home pleasant. Will not go out of town. Address Y. O., this office. 16

LADY wishes sit. in a machine office. Ad. J. M., this office. 28

SITUATION—To cook, wash and iron or general housework, in a small family. Call or address 1232 North Fourteenth street. 26

SITUATION as nursery governess to one or two young children by an English girl aged 17. Address B. B., this office. 23

SITUATION wanted by a good cook in private family to do cooking in city or country. Address 13 South Eighth street. 18

SITUATION wanted as nurse girl with a party traveling. Address M. M., this office. 18

SITUATION wanted by a young lady with some experience in ice cream or confectionery parlor. Address T., this office. 18

SITUATION wanted as wet nurse. Call or address 2125 Victor street. 20

SITUATION WANTED—By a good cook. No objection to go in the country. 1215 N. Twelfth st.

SIT. for light housework, sewing or nursing. Ad. 1232 N. Fourteenth st. 26

SIT. wanted by two girls in one house as first-class cook and house girl; postal cards not answered. 1231 N. Seventeenth. 27

SIT. by a lady to do dining room work. Ad. Mrs. Williams, 1436 N. Second. 28

SIT. as chambermaid or in restaurant. Ad. M. H., 610 Wash. 28

WANTED—A young girl would like a situation as nurse or to travel. Address B. 44, this office. 23

WANTED—Situation in wholesale millinery to travel or dry goods house, by experienced man, best of ref. Address P., this office. 18

WANTED—A sit by woman with a boy of 13 as cook. Address Mrs. O'Donovan, 1412 North Eighth. 20

WANTED—Sit. as wet nurse. Call or address No. 2125 Victor st. 27

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper; competent to take charge of boarding-house or hotel; would not object to leaving the city. Address M. E., this office. 28

WANTED—Gents' and family washing to take home. Call at 1724 South Eleventh street. 29

YOUNG girl wants sewing; will go out by day or week, at 2917 Leonard st. 26

YOUNG lady desires sit. in office or store, or seamstress in family; willing so assist in house work. Ad. Bell ave., second house e. of Vandeventer. 27

YOUNG lady wishes copying to do at home or in office; permanent position more than salary desired. C., this office. 26

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A small brown cow. Loser send full information to this office. M. E. F.

FOUND—Bay horse about 15 hands 8 inches high. Owner of the horse call at 1300 North Eighth street. 18

FOUND Taken up, a sorrel horse with white face; no shoes; letter T branded on the left fore leg. The owner can recover the same by calling at 308 Dock street. 28

LOST—Week ago, a brindle cow, white back, straight horns. Finder will receive reward by leaving at Josephine Hollbach, Lowell, between Hall and Talcott avenues.

LOST—A yellow Newfoundland shepherd bitch, "Flora," Sunday, July 17. Finder will please notify H. Roeseh, Gravois road, corner Arsenal street. 20

LOST—In the alley between Main and Second streets, near Taylor, a fine cameo ring with Washington's head on it: if the finder will return the ring and receive $5 reward at Mr. Briggs', Carondelet, Mo., he will save himself trouble. 23

LOST—A dark bay mare from 2108 N. Fourteenth st.; white spot on forehead and two hind feet white. A liberal reward if returned to R. Schaeffer.

LOST—On Friday afternoon, June 3, a red leather pocket-book containing some money, railroad passes and papers of no value to any one but the owner. The finder may keep the money but is requested to kindly return the papers to the St. Louis Transfer Co., 213 North Third street.

LOST—On the 5th or 6th of July on Second Carondelet ave., between Shenandoah and Victor sts., a lady's gold neck chain. Finder gets a good reward at 2419 Second Carondelet ave.

LOST—Memorandum Book, containing a note, an annual pass over the C., B. and Q. R. R.; good only to Frank L. Ritchey, editor Express, Abingdon, Ill. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to St. James Hotel, city.

LOST—July 24th, a golden chain and cross on Eighteenth street, between Market street and Washington avenue; liberal reward to the finder at No. 1711 North Market street. 25

LOST—One brown setter dog; $5 reward if returned to Barnum's Hotel store-room.

FOUND at Creve Cœur Lake July 4, one small satchel, owner's name on same. Inquire of Hermann, Room 10, 6th and Locust streets. 26

STRAYED—On Sunday last, a bay horse 14.3 hands high, sides slightly scratched, liberal reward if returned to Edward Ryan, 2212 Dixon street.

STRAYED from Rinkleville on the 1st, one bay horse mule, 16 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, a little humped back. Any one returning same to the above place or 3818 Washington avenue, will be satisfied for their trouble.

HELP WANTED MALE.

5 GOOD BRICKLAYERS wanted; wages $4 50 per day. Apply at Laclede ave., between Theresa and Rankin avenues, or at residence, 2809 St. Louis ave. Apply at once to Goss & Bro.

A MAN wanted who can manufacture and bottle soda water. Inquire at 111 N. Fifth—Fleming's Parlor. 21

A BOY of 16 or 17 wanted for restaurant. 504 Market st. 23

BOY or girl that understands stripping tobacco; steady sit. to one who understands the business. Apply at B. Werner's, 103 N. Fifth. 26

CARPENTER at Venice Elevator, Venice, Ill. 25

FIRST-CLASS LABORERS on Manchester road and Chouteau ave. Wages $2 10 per day. P. J. Clifford, contractor. 25

HANDS used to working in beer bottling shop. Apply at Kobes Bros., 213 and 215 S. Second st. 21

IMMEDIATELY, 20 carpenters at Collier White Lead & Oil Co., Tenth and Clark ave. 28

MAN for general work about farm, tend horses, etc. Call at 105 N. Eighth, bet. 10:30 and 12 o'clock. P. B. McLaran. 26

SAWYER wanted to saw cigar boxes at 615 Walnut street. 21

SIX boys 15 to 18 years, to work in factory. Apply at No. 9 Locust street.

TWENTY platform laborers wanted at O. and M. Freight Depot, East St. Louis.

TWO first-class plumbers wanted. A. Siegel & Co., 215 North Fifth street. 15

WANTED—Young man to wash dishes at Cosby's European Hotel, corner Twelfth and Poplar sts. 19

WANTED—A first class pattern maker. Fred Medart, 105 South Seventh. 19

WANTED—A first-class barber; steady work and good pay. (White preferred.) Address Tom Brown, P. O. box 555, Springfield, Mo. 14

WANTED—Good cook to go to Creve Coeur Lake. Inquire at 3128 N. Tenth st. 18

WANTED—A boy to feed a treadle press. Perrin & Smith, 210 Olive st.

WANTED—First-class hostler at 310 S. Second st. 25

WANTED—A teacher in penmanship, English hand preferred. Address in own writing L. L. B., this office.

WANTED—A young colored man to attend horse and barouche and work around house. Apply at 322 Locust street. 22

WANTED—Good colored man to take care of horse and buggy and do general housework; wages $12 per month and board. Apply at room 14, No. 414 Olive street. 22

WANTED—A few gunsmiths and mechanics to work on gasoline stoves at 301 South Fifth street.

WANTED—A young man who can write short-hand; would prefer one who can use typewriter. Address Q 21, this office. 20

WANTED—10 sewer diggers. W. F. Lambe & Co., 813 Maaket. 27

WANTED—Twenty men and teams on Seventeenth street, between Market and Clark avenue; $1 75 per day; long job. P. Fanning. 14

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

40 GOOD sewers on calico and cheviot shirts, to take home; steady work. Call at 9 a. m. at 732 S. Eighth. 28

1205 WASHINGTON AVE.—Wanted—A German girl well recommended for general housework. 19

ARTIST IN OIL—Lady artists can find employment by addressing F., this office. 20

A FIRST-CLASS ironer wants a place to iron in a laundry by the day or family washing to take home. Apply 1617 Orange st., up stairs. 15

A GIRL wanted for general housework. Apply at 3728 North Tenth street. 16

AT 1546 Broadway, girl to do dining-room work. 25

A YOUNG girl wanted as nurse and assist in general house work in a family of two. Apply at 2335 Market st. 16

A GOOD German nurse girl wanted. Apply at 1025 North Nineteenth street. 18

A NURSE girl wanted, also to assist in housekeeping, at 917 Soulard street. 21

A GIRL about 16 years old wanted to assist in house work and nursing. Apply at once, 111 South Compton avenue. 21

A GIRL wanted for general housework in a very small family. Apply at 3531 Lindell avenue. 23

BY a dressmaker, a girl about 17 years old wanted who can sew and is willing to assist in light housekeeping. Good home. Apply to Mrs. Rust, Glasgow and Easton avenues. 28

COMPETENT seamstress to cut and fit; good refs. Ad. N. J. 17, this office. 27

CUTTER and fitter for ladies' suit dept. New York Store, 703 Franklin ave. 28

GERMAN GIRL, well recommended, wanted for a family of three persons. 1023 Hickory st. 14

GOOD girl wanted for general housework; small family; liberal wages; or a girl to assist in general housework. 1548 Chouteau avenue. 15

GIRL to sew coats at 2003 Jackson street. 18

GIRL wanted for general housework at 738 South Second street; $12 per month. 18

GIRL wanted for general housework; liberal wages paid; 2117 Wash street. 20

GIRL wanted for general housework in a small family at 2853 Clark ave. 21

GIRL for general housework at 2853 Clark ave. 25

GOOD girl for gen. housework at 2719 McNair ave. Call immediately. 28

I WANT an experienced girl for general housework; most of the washing given out. Apply at 525 Ware avenue, near Olive street.

NICE, tidy nurse girl at 2804 Clark ave.; will pay good wages; call immediately. 29

PRACTICAL shirt makers wanted; also bosom, cuff and neckband stitchers. Paul Wolff, N. E. cor. Third st. and Washington ave. 25

WANTED—Apprentice girls to learn dress-making at 1409 N. Sixteenth st. 25

WANTED—Good pants makers up stairs at 3600 N. Tenth. 23

WANTED—A good cook, colored woman preferred. Apply 2132 Walnut street; references required. 22

WANTED—Immediately, two first-class shirt finishers at the Union Steam Laundry, 117 South Seventh street. 21

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family at 2856 Morgan street. 21

WANTED—A dressmaker who can cut and fit; must understand drapery. 110 North Fourteenth. 19

WANTED—A situation to do cooking and general housework. Ad. 13 S. Eighth st. 18

WANTED—At the Union Steam Laundry, two first-class shirt finishers, one starcher, one collar and cuff ironer. 117 S. Seventh street. 19

WANTED—At once—a girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 3531 Lindell ave. 18

WOMAN to do washing and ironing by the day; references required. Call at 1424 Washington avenue. 18

WANTED—A plain cook at 908 Pine street. 18

WANTED—Two girls for general housework and nursing. Apply at No. 2219 Pine st. 19

WANTED At 1705 Park avenue, a good cook, washer and ironer. Best of reference required; must be German. 19

WANTED—A young lady to learn the photographic business. Apply to G. H. Fildotto, 1724 Franklin avenue. 18

WANTED—A girl for general housework; German preferred. Apply at 2706 Gamble street. 16

WANTED—A good cook, male or female. Apply to Mrs. Brady, Third and St. Louis avenue, East St. Louis. 16

WANTED—Immediately, young girl to assist in general housework; no washing; good wages; good home. 1548 Chouteau ave. 26

WANTED—A young girl to make herself generally useful in a private family; no washing or ironing. Apply at 1122 N. Twenty-first street. 27

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 1115 N. Twenty-fifth, bet. Carr and Biddle. German preferred. 15

WANTED—10 dressmakers and two apprentice girls at 911 Olive st.

YOUNG girl wanted to sew on coats. 730 S. Seventh. 28

YOUNG girl 16 or 17 years old for housework. Apply at 1003 Chouteau ave. 27

YOUNG girl to make herself generally useful in a pri. fam.; no washing or ironing. 1122 N. Twenty-first. 27

ALL SORTS.

A. BANCHEREL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks, Corner Main and Spruce streets.
Painting and Repairing.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 518 Walnut st
Loans large and small amounts.
Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly.
Terms greatly reduced.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A YOUNG man wishes a situation in a clothing house. E. S., this office. 19

A YOUNG MAN wants a situation as bookkeeper, office hand, or anything to defray expenses until September 1. Add. N. B. Stewart, 309 N. Fifth st. 19

A YOUNG man wants a position to earn his board; several years experience in merchandise; best reference. Address Rex, this office. 15

A GOOD boy, 14 years old, wishes a situation; is willing to make himself useful about the house. Address A. B. 21 this office. 22

A NO. 1 ice cream maker wishes a situation; one that understands his business. Ad. immediately Barnett Isaacson, 917 N. Tenth st. 21

A BOY wishes to learn a good trade. Ad. J. C., this office. 21

A YOUNG MAN about to make a trip through Mexico and Arizona would like to represent some first-class St. Louis house. Address Carl Mac, 306 and 308 Olive street. 22

A GOOD boy, 15 years old, wishes to learn a trade; best of reference. Address John Smith, 2600 Cass avenue. 29

BY an industrious young man, employment of some kind. B. 90, this office. 28

GERMAN druggist wants a position; 2 years' experience in prescriptions. Address A. B., Post-Dispatch. 25

GENT with considerable bus. ex. in England and the European continent wants a sit. Ad. R. F., this office. 27

LICENSED engineer wants to drive any kind of engine. Ad. Nick Cann, 1214 N. Seventh st. 26

POSITION wanted by a young man as traveling salesman or in some good office or business; can give unquestionable refs. Ad. L. A. G., this office. 26

PARTIAL employment by first-class stenographer. Ad. Stenographer, this office. 28

SITUATION wanted by a young man, aged 20, who has traveled for three years in Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri in the notion line. Best of recommendations and no objection to the country. Address H. D., this office. 23

SITUATION wanted by August 1, by a competent stenographer. Address "T" care of Kehlor Bros. Chamber of Commerce. 25

SITUATION wanted by a young man that is willing to work. Wages no object. Add. E. Allen, this office. 21

SITUATION wanted by a German young man to work in any wholesale business as clerk or salesman. Add. Steinhath, this office. 21

SITUATION wanted by a man with business experience in a commission house, wholesale or retail grocery house. Good references. Address A., this office. 22

SITUATION as errand boy, cash boy or anything that an active and intelligent boy of 13 years of age can do. He speaks English and German and lives with his mother. Please address Mrs. Runde, rear of 1435 N. Ninth st. 23

SITUATION as bartender by gentleman aged 36, to acquire knowledge of the business; has had experience in England. Will give first week and take low salary after that. Address B. B., this office. 25

SITUATION by a man as cook; is first-class in both meat and pastry; prefers out of city. Good reference. Address C. Cook, 1217 N. Sixth st. 20

SITUATION—By a stout boy 16 years old; good wages expected. Ad. G. H., this office. 25

SIT. wanted by an industrious and practical business man. Ad. E. J. Lientz, 3406 Indiana ave. 26

SIT. as bookkeeper or cashier where honesty and accuracy are required; proof sheets as often as necessary Ad 2215, this office. 26

SIT. wanted by an experienced young man to attend horses in a private family. Ad. C. F., this office. 26

SIT. wanted by a young man in general merchandise to go South; has ex. Ad. H. Joseph, 210 N. Fourth. 27

SIT. wanted by one of Chicago's best custom cutters. Chi. Ref., box 501, Ft. Madison, Iowa. 28

SITUATION wanted by young man, aged 19, in wholesale store; work in office preferred. References given. Add. A. C. K., this office. 20

SITUATION wanted by a young man, aged 20, who has traveled for three years in Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri in the notion line. Best of recommendations and no objection to the country. Address H. D., this office. 29

SITUATION wanted—Paper carrier or driving some light wagon, by a good steady man. Address 330 South Fourteenth street, W. C. 29

SITUATION wanted as paper carrier or driver of wagon or a stove man by a good, steady man. Address G. B. 1327 South Fourteenth. 29

TAILOR—wants steady job on coats or pants, or as pressman. Apply to Needle this office. 22

TO travel for some wholesale clothing, boot and shoe or manfg. house in Arkansas, Missouri and Texas; good refs. Ad. J. G., 508 Chestnut. 28

WANTED—Situation in some good hotel; can fill any position; can give good references; no objection to go to the country. Address Southern Hotel. W. D. Jones. 20

WANTED—Employment, by a No. 1 shirt and underwear cutter; will also solicit orders for employer; can bring good reference. Adress Jos. Mesritz, 907 Geyer avenue, or 732 South Eighth street. 22

WANTED—Situation by colored man to cook, work round the house and tend horses. Call at Laclede Hotel. Joe Tubman. Good refs. 22

WANTED—Position with a wholesale house or bank by a young man of 21. Best of references. F. F. 21

WANTED—By a young man who understands his business, a position as steward in hotel or restaurant. Please address T. W., 106 North Fifth street. 21

WANTED—Sit. by a young man of 17 at almost anything. Ad. L. 21, this office. 27

WANTED—Sit. by a bar-tender of 3 years' ex.; can give best of refs. Ad. T. S., this office. 27

WANTED—A young man 20 years old with good references wishes a position at $6 per week. Address F., this office. 28

WANTED—A middle-aged woman desires to act as nurse or agent for an invalid gentleman; best of city references. Address H., this office, or call at No. 623 Locust street. 28

WANTED—Steady sit. by a compositor on weekly paper. K. 21, this office. 29

WANTED—By a young man; a situation to sell smokers' articles to the city trade, one that has had one year's experience. Address B. M. A. 29

YOUNG man wishes employment of any kind; is a good penman and willing to work at desk or any place required. Address Small Wages, this office. 20

YOUNG Englishman, aged 17, three months in America, desires a situation in an office; is a good penman and quick at figures; wages no object. Address I. M. C., this office. 21

YOUNG MAN who writes a plain, rapid, business hand, would like to do any kind of copying; will work very reasonable. Address G. A. H., this office. 15

WANTED—BOARD.

A LADY wants a room and board in private family in Kirkwood or vicinity. Address with terms M. B., this office. 22

A NICELY furnished room with good board in West End. Address L. M., this office. 25

BY three ladies who are employed during the day, a well furnished room with small unfurnished room attached, wanted; price not to exceed $3.50 per week during summer months. Best of references given and required. M. H. K., this office. 26

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—By a young man on the line of the Iron Mountain Railroad; a nice, cool, shady place where there are one or more other boarders. Address, stating price, etc., F. R., this office.

GOOD board and two rooms nicely furnished, single or en suite, at S. W. cor. Elliot ave. and Stoddard st.

WANTED—Room and board in private family some where on Chouteau near Dollman; willing to pay fair price for good place; references given. S. A. Ringer, this office. 23

WANTED for a small family of man, wife and little child—Room and board in a refined private family where there are no other boarders. Address, with terms, P. M. 26, this office. 13

WANTED—Board by one gentleman in a house where I can be accommodated with dinner at 1:20 o'clock. Terms not to exceed $6 a week. Address Clerk. 13

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A small house of three or four rooms, with yard, convenient to street cars. Address F. X. 6., this office. 22

WANTED—A second-hand printing press, about 12x16. Must be cheap. Address, with price, S. J., this office. 13

WANTED—A second-hand printing press, about 8x11 or 8x12. Address S. J., this office. 15

WANTED—To purchase a business. I have a very small capital and must have something that turns into money daily, centrally located. Address G. O., this office. 16

WANTED—Sound, gentle horse, not afraid of fire engines or locomotives, and suitable for delivery wagon. C. T. Fitzpatrick, 506 Christy ave. 27

WANTED—To purchase on installments a house of six rooms; price not to exceed $2,500. Address P. B. A., this office, stating the location and price. 27

WANTED—A good room mate. I have one of the best summer rooms in the city; gas and bath and southern exposure; $6 50 per month. Address J. H. H., this office. 15

FOR RENT.

Dwellings.

916 GARRISON AVE.—For rent, handsome 3-story stone front, 11 rooms, modern conveniences. Rent $1,000 per annum. Possession May 1.
F. J. COMSTOCK,
402 North Fourth street.

NEAT cottage, 4 rooms; half minute from depot and 16 miles from city. Rent, $5. For sale—$10 per mo. Jos. Marquitz, Barrett's, on Mo. Pac. R. R.

Rooms.

20 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or sleeping rooms.

209 SOUTH FIFTEENTH—Nicely furnished second-story front room; also other rooms. Terms moderate. 19

218 EMILY ST.—Three nice rooms on 2d floor, private residence, with bath-room, water closet, water, etc. Rent $14. 14

410 MYRTLE ST.—Furnished rooms for gentlemen and wives or for single gents. Coolest and cheapest rooms in the city, one block from Southern Hotel, with bath. 21

704 CHOUTEAU AVE.—Rooms for light housekeeping, first or second floor, nicely furnished, or would rent four gents with partial board. 28

709 ST. CHARLES ST.—A pleasant furnished front room for gent and wife or two gents. Terms reasonable. 29

813 CHOUTEAU AV.—For rent, second-story furnished front room; gas and bath; southern exposure; meals if required. 22

925 N. TWENTIETH ST.—A furnished front bed room to gentleman. 16

1000 CHESTNUT ST.—Neatly furnished room; southern exposure; private family; suitable for gentlemen. Price $10 per month. 19

1002 CHESTNUT—Fur. rooms on first and second floor; suitable for gent or gent and wife; all conveniences. 27

1008 PINE STREET—Unfurnished rooms, second floor. 14

1009 N. SIXTH ST.—Furnished rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping. 23

1010 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms for rent, also unfurnished for rent. 26

1013 WASHINGTON AVE.—Nice fur. rooms, with gas and bath, for gentlemen. 29

1106 LOCUST ST.—Large and airy second story front room, with balcony; low terms. 28

1110 PINE ST.—Four unfur. rooms on first floor; large yard; to respectable party. 28

1110 PINE ST.—Four unfurnished rooms on first floor, porches and large yard, to respectable party. 20

1122 LOCUS—One furnished room, second floor; suitable for 2 gentlemen. 18

1132 N. SIXTH ST.—Very pleasant furnished front room for light housekeeping; also hall room in private family; rent low. 23

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms. 21

1216 ST. ANGE AVE.—Furnished room for one or two gents; gas and bath. 23

1221 WASHINGTON AVE.—Nice rooms, cheap dining room and kitchen for rent; rooms for light house keeping. 16

1221 WASHINGTON AV.—Dining room and kitchen for rent; nice front and back rooms. 15

1349 WASHINGTON AVE.—Nicely furnished small room, suitable for gent; s. ex. 27

1502 WASHINGTON AVE.—Two good, pleasant furnished parlors for rent with bath privilege.

1507 PINE STREET—Cool and desirable third-story front room; furnished; southern exposure; gas and bath. 19

1509 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms to rent. 26

1600 PINE ST.—Second story front room and back parlor, with board. 21

1608 PINE ST.—For rent, a handsomely furnished room. Private family, gas, bath, and southern exposure. 29

1700 CHESTNUT ST.—Pleasant rooms, well fur., s. ex., with use of bath; rent low; refs. required. 25

1825 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished or unfurnished rooms; southern exposure; with or without board. 19

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Pleasant room, s. ex., with breakfast and supper, to one or two gents. 25

1835 MORGAN ST.—Pleasant sleeping room for gent. 28

1930 CLARK AVE.—A nice furnished room, southern exposure, with or without board; no other boarders. 25

1952 CASS AVE.—Nice fur. rooms for housekeeping; opposite Cleamon s Grove. 28

3003 LEONARD ST.—Fur. and unfur. rooms for rent. 29

3101 SHERIDAN AVE.—Handsomely furnished 2d-story front room, suitable for one or two gents; so. exposure; bath and gas; private family. 25

A NICELY furnished room, suitable for two gents; gas and privilege of bath for $10 per month, and a hall room for $6. Call at 2650 Olive street. 29

A VERY pleasant second story front room furnished at 2650 Olive street; also a back parlor on first floor; reasonable rates. 29

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms for rent at 826 Brooklyn street. 23

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished, clean rooms, cheap. Address Carlton House, No. 5 North Eighth.

FOR RENT—Rooms at 1728 Washington avenue. 19

FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms to rent—827 Summit avenue. 22

FOR RENT OR SALE—A barber shop, one block east of Relay Depot. Apply to Geo. Kehoe, East St. Louis.

FOR RENT—Two rooms fur. for light housekeeping. 206 S. Tenth. 25

FOR RENT—Furnished hall room; $1 per week. 914 Morgan st. 21

FOR RENT—Two rooms suitable for man and wife or gents, cheap. 621 Market st. 21

FOR RENT—At No. 16 North Eighth street, a neatly furnished front room for man and wife or gents. 21

FOR RENT—One large front room, third floor, southern exposure, partly furnished, with or without board. Address Grocer, this office. 22

FOR RENT—2334 Olive st., furnished rooms, single or en suite. 23

FOR RENT—Furnished room for one or two gentlemen at 1015 Mound st. 23

FOR RENT—1349 Washington avenue—nicely furnished hall-room; southern exposure; for gent. 20

FOR RENT—Four unfurnished rooms and a suite of parlors. Apply at 1014 Pine st. 26

FOR RENT—No. 16 N. Eighth st., two unfurnished front rooms, first and second floors, suitable for man and wife or shop girls. 26

FOR RENT—1004 Pine street—first, second and third floor rooms, with or without board. 26

FUR. rooms by day, week, month or transient; cheap. 621 Market. 28

FOR RENT—Nicely fur. front parlor. 204 S. Fifteenth. 28

FOR RENT—Suite of pleasant rooms for light housekeeping; n. and s. ex. 1835 Morgan. 28

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms. 607 N. Twenty-fourth street, for single gentlemen. Private family.

FOR RENT—Two very large, airy, unfurnished rooms, 2d story front and back, southern ex., with every convenience for housekeeping, in a private family of three adults; convenient to two lines of cars. Terms, $12. No. 2903 Dickson street, 2d house west of Glasgow ave. The neighborhood is very desirable, being quiet and cool. 29

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room, for one gent, at 402 South Fourteenth street, $6 per month. 29

FOR RENT—A elegantly furnished room, for two gentlemen, at 402 South Fourteenth street. $10 per month. 29

I HAVE a nicely furnished room, with conveniences. Best reference required. Price $10. 2646 Olive st.

I HAVE a furnished room pleasantly situated, in a private family. Reference required. Price $10. 2646 Olive street.

NO 16 North Eighth street. Furnished rooms for rent for man and wife or gentleman, also other rooms. 23

NICE, COOL furnished room to let, with board, for two gents; southern exposure. Apply at 2943 Dixon street. 22

ONE large nicely furnished front room for rent, with or without board, in private family; 2719 McNair avenue. 21

ROOMS FOR RENT—First and second story front room for gentlemen or gentleman and lady, 1222 Pine st. 26

ROOMS FOR RENT—Two nice, cool unfurnished rooms; high location; for family; cheap. Ad. T., this office. 25

TWO unfur. rooms on first or second floor, with water. Ad. A. C. B., this office. 27

WANTED—A gentleman or boy to occupy a third story room, in private family, near Lafayette Park, with board, cheap. Home comforts. Address S., this office.

WIDOW lady has nice fur. second story front room, pri. fam., for one or two gents; refs. Ad. A., this office. 28

St. Louis Post Dispatch.

JOSEPH PULITZER : : : PROPRIETOR.
111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
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Specimen numbers sent free on application.

Money may be sent at our risk by Post-office order, draft, registered letter or in postage stamps.

Terms—Cash, invariably in advance.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH,
111 North Fifth Street.

The POST-DISPATCH has much the largest BONA FIDE circulation ever attained by any afternoon paper in St. Louis; it has a larger city circulation than any morning paper in St. Louis (except one); its receipts for circulation by carriers are ten times as large, and it sells twenty times as many papers on the streets, by news-boys, as all other afternoon publications combined.

GARFIELD'S recovery is now a settled fact and the great Governors can resume work on their jubilee proclamations.

MR. PATE speaks in the most affectionate terms of Mayor EWING. He admires his moral courage and is not shocked by his profanity.

THE Eastern mails failed to reach St. Louis on time to-day. This thing happens now about twice a week. Some of the hard-worked postal agents ought to give this matter some attention.

OUR new slop contractor seems to have broken down under the watermelon pressure. He should have added a couple of carts to his caravan when the watermelon rinds began to bob up in the back alleys.

IN his letter of acceptance BOOKWALTER, of Ohio, treats the tariff question with great ability. As near as one can get at it, he is in favor of general prosperity. We are waiting to hear from EG. JOHNSON.

THOSE barrels of cement that were shipped to Liverpool the other day were to have been claimed by Mr. JAMES REDPATH, the distinguished correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* in Ireland. For some reason JAMES did not appear and figure as consignee.

BEFORE Mr. Schurz is sent as Minister to Berlin it would be well to ascertain whether the German Government would regard the act as a *casus belli*. It is reported that there is a standing reward of two thalers at Berlin for Mr. SCHURZ' revolutionary scalp.

THE Czar is contemplating a trip to Moscow and the police have, as usual, put the whole country under surveillance. Pilot engines will be run before the Imperial train and all precautions will be taken to ensure the safe delivery of this more than usually perishable freight.

A PAPER called the *Tribune*, printed in Berlin, Germany, says that if the Government of the United States does its duty the Irish revolutionists will not long be able to plan their "hellish schemes" in America. It is quite evident that BISMARCK occasionally writes for the Berlin papers.

A REPORT comes from Berlin that CARL SCHURZ is to have the German Mission. This is probably the same news that started last fall. In circumnavigating the globe it has just reached Berlin. It would be extremely cruel to tear Mr. SCHURZ away from journalism at a moment when New York is looking around for a new Primate.

IT is very evident that our profane Mayor cannot be ranked as a bitter enemy of the professional gamblers who relieve the tedium of their monotonous trade by mingling occasionally in politics. The Mayor believes in gambling as one of the æsthetics of life. We are pleased to learn, however, that he will not attempt to nullify the law which declares gambling a felony.

GOV. CRITTENDEN has issued his proclamation offering various sums of money for the arrest and conviction of the Glendale and Winston train robbers. The total is rather enticing, but the roads are not swarming with daring detectives in search of the JAMES boys. As a matter of fact, very few people in this part of the country are willing to admit that they have lost the JAMES boys.

THE shallow-pated jayhawker of the Sedalia *Bazoo* still sticks to his ridiculous little lie that there is some sort of a Trustee or bloody Ogre who has a crushing claim on the POST-DISPATCH. This is a very valuable piece of property, and if there were any claimants running at large in this part of the country they would be likely to assert themselves. The fact is the *Bazoo* man is a discredit to the Missouri fraternity of liars. He has no inspiration.

IT seems that the new slop-collector, Mr. HEMAN, is a flat failure. He has undertaken to cart off the city garbage for $2,600 per annum less than JIM HARDY used to receive. His facilities are either unequal to the task or the city is making more slop this year than it ever made before. Mr. HARDY is the most successful slop-snatcher that we have ever had, and we presume that it is the duty of the city to call him back to the service and increase his pay.

WE admire the rugged Gothic style of language that Mayor EWING employs when grappling with public questions, but his profanity is not fashionable. The old Eastlake and Queen Anne style of oaths are not looked upon with favor now outside of cock-fighting circles. The Mayor should familiarize himself with the modern expletives, which have mansard roofs and bay-windows and which bear the same relation to ordinary sailor-swearing that majolica does to common pottery.

THE POST-DISPATCH, in replying to the *Globe-Democrat's* suggestion that it prove what it has said in relation to the Mayor as the special friend and champion of the gamblers, simply indulges in vague assertion.—*Globe-Democrat.*

It strikes us that the Mayor has furnished himself about all the proof that is necessary to convict him of at least a sneaking regard for the "sports."

THEY are a nice, sociable lot of people at Poncha Springs, Colorado. A fire broke out in the bank there and the citizens broke in and extinguished it, and then Col. TRUE, the owner of the bank, turned up with a revolver, drove the people out and accused Col. CARPENTER of setting the place on fire. The City Marshal hit TRUE, who supposed he had been struck by CARPENTER, and whom he immediately shot. The people are getting ready for the CARPENTER funeral, and they all say that TRUE's old bank can burn down to the ground and rot before they will put it out for him again.

A MISSOURI farmer yesterday picked up a bottle containing a touching message from a shipwrecked Milwaukee balloonist. The letter stated that the balloon had been caught in a gale and was partially destroyed and totally unmanageable. There were a few touching last words to parents and a lock of hair in the bottle. As a rule, aeronauts in distress sit down and write full particulars of the atmospheric conditions surrounding them, and thoughtful ones always write a last will and testament. A shipwrecked balloon, flying before a gale, affords fine opportunity to a man inclined to epistolary correspondence.

IF GALLILEO could revisit the glimpses of the moon, or at last those particular glimpses which fall in the neighborhood of Boston, he could gather additional evidence tending to show that the world moves. Boston Common actually has a Sunday afternoon concert! In the very sanctuary of New England Sabbatarianism is now to be heard the playful gurgle of the flageolet and the low howl of the trombone, and the people gather about and enjoy the Sunday afternoons in a wicked sort of a way and roll sin under their tongues as a sweet morsel. Still it was felt that the experiment was a dangerous innovation, and the *Advertiser* guardedly admits, that so far it can see but little to animadvert upon the music and points out that "it was easy to listen to the band with enjoyment, and at the same time be walking around and enjoying the scenery."

AYOOB KHAN has defeated the Ameer of Afghanistan, and is again master of the situation. But a little while ago he was a hunted fugitive, with a price upon his head, flying into the inaccessible mountains. He has improvised an army and taken a kingdom in spite of adverse fate. With infinite address, cunning and enterprise he has snatched the crown from the head of the Ameer and success is showering upon him as defeat and destruction heretofore attended him. By the time this paper is in the reader's hands AYOOB will be in Candahar and Afghanistan revolutionized. He realizes much of the popular idea of the ancient Mohamedan leader—a worthy successor of GENGHIS KHAN. At present he is the most picturesque figure upon the stage of events, and here in America we can afford to wish him all the good luck that his pluck and energy deserve.

THE city of Brooklyn is in an almost deplorable condition, brought on by circumstances over which it had no control. Brooklyn is a very patriotic city, and just before the Fourth of July it bought a lot of fireworks to mark, in a corporate way, its appreciation of the labors of the gentlemen who were concerned in the little affair with England in 1776. The President's illness caused them to put off the display without date, and the city now does not know what to do about it. Fireworks do not sell as well after the Fourth as before it and consequently the Council has under consideration the idea of touching them off on the 3rd of August. A large number of the people do not understand why the 3rd of August should be decided upon any more than the 18th of September or the 23d of April, and the debate is becoming very acrid in consequence. In the meantime the pyrotechnics are losing much of their fizz and brilliancy, and Brooklyn will hereafter require the Nation to enter into bonds not to get up a calamity just when she has fixed for celebrating.

THE flippant statistician of the New York *Times* has discovered that the gold of the world is gradually being withdrawn from circulation by the dentists and buried in the hollow teeth of the people at a rate which will demonetize that metal within a century. This fact has long been recognized in New England, where there is a great deal of cavernosity in the teeth of the women. As soon as a lady dies the bereaved husband sends first for the dentist and next for the undertaker and the result of removing the filled teeth pays all the expenses of interment and leaves a handsome margin besides. Dentistry down East has come to resemble life assurance, only there is not nearly as much risk, and the people recognize the fact that the tooth is gradually supplanting the stocking leg as a place of safe deposit. The cracksmen, too, have recognized this fact, and no well ordered burglar's kit is made up in Boston without a couple of forceps and an anæsthetic being put in for this branch of the work. Sometimes in the excitement of the moment a mistake is made, as when at Holyoke, Massachusetts, the other day, a young lady was surprised in the morning to find thirty-two of her teeth scattered about the bed, with a short note pinned to the coverlet explaining that the burglar had mistaken her for her mother, whose dental deposits were notoriously valuable. The *Times* is mistaken in believing that the gold is going into the cemeteries. The Eastern people are much too knowing for anything of that kind.

SINCE SAUL of Tarsus was converted to Christianity, on his road to Damascus, we have known of nothing likely to result in so much good to the world as Col. DON MORRISON's conversion to Elevated Railwayism. A little trip to New York and a few days' intercourse with people who are prancing along abreast of the Nineteenth Century did the business. Two months ago a meeting was held at Uhrig's Cave to denounce Elevated Railways in St. Louis. Col. MORRISON was the leading spirit. Mr. EDWIN HARRISON was present as a looker-on, and was made a member of the committee appointed to go to the Municipal Assembly and fight the Elevated Railway projects. Not being opposed to these projects, regardless of line, plan or conditions, he declined to serve. Unlike Mr. MORRISON, he had seen the stilted railways in New York and knew something of their advantages. He must be surprised now to find Col. MORRISON edging over upon his platform. Mr. HARRISON is one of our most active, sagacious and enterprising business men. If he will lend his influence to some feasible rapid transit scheme it won't be long before St. Louis will take her place alongside the progressive cities of the land.

REPLYING to the POST-DISPATCH objection to our system of taxing railroads in Missouri and then compelling the companies to protect themselves against organized banditti, the Kansas City *Mail* says:

> The merchants in all our cities find it necessary at their own expense to employ private watchmen to guard their property. There is not a State nor a county in the Union where owners of private property do not find it necessary to sometimes offer rewards for its recovery when stolen, or for the capture of the thief.

We have seen that before, but the case is not analagous. A merchant in St. Louis has a large stock of goods. He insures them and he knows that the Police and Fire Departments will afford him ample protection, but indemnity is not what he wants. He doesn't care to be annoyed by either a burglary or a conflagration, so he concludes to watch his property himself as an extra precaution. That is his privilege. Railways may find it profitable to employ private detectives and offer rewards for the apprehension of desperadoes. That is their own affair, and it is well to supplement justice in this way, but when Gov. CRITTENDEN called the meeting of railroad managers in this city last Tuesday he virtually acknowledged that the State of Missouri was unable to repress lawlessness. He placed the State, whether purposely or not, before the world in an attitude likely to result in prejudice.

MAJOR EDWARDS, of the Sedalia *Democrat*, is not pleased with Gov. CRITTENDEN'S tardy efforts to bring Missouri train-robbers to justice. His *pour parler* with the railway magnates the other day gives special offenses The Major takes the ground that our State is as peaceful and as far from outlawry as other States in the Union. There is very little crime here, and what there is exists chiefly in the minds of Radical newspaper defamers who are trying to Yankeeize and Radicalize the State. These reprehensible chaps, according to the Major, belong to an inferior race, and they take delight in defaming and maligning the native Missourians, who are their superiors. Rising with his topic the Major conveys this important intelligence to the Governor:

> Missouri suits the Missourians mighty well, Governor. The law as it stands is strong enough to cover all cases of highway robbery. It can't be improved on by any conversations or conferences. Your State is freer from crime to-day, freer from all sorts and kinds of horrible crimes than any other State in this Union with a Radical Governor. Besides, hanging is fashionable here. Outside of Radical St. Louis it is part of the hygienic processes of healthy Democratic county government. Your State to-day is more prosperous than any other State in the Union. It has millions for defence, not a cent for tribute. It does not propose to sneeze every time the banded aliens take snuff. It is an empire within itself. It grows because God Almighty first peopled it with a race of giants. It grows because it hates cant, falsehood, and hypocrisy. Make your farewells to your co-respondents, and tell them if they will take care of their own business you will take care of yours.

We can imagine the chief of a tribe of African Goolahs addressing just such language as this to the intrusive missionary who appears in their midst ladened with the glad tidings of salvation.

PERSONAL.

—The favorite air of the New York Stalwarts is "Dot Leetle Spartan Band."

—A convention of lawyers is to be held at Atlantic City in August, and the water sharks are getting ready to leave.

—An American girl in Columbus, O., has married a Chinaman. As he does all the washing and cooking the Ohio young lady has done better than most Ohio girls.

—When the Emperor of China travels in public one hundred men dressed just like him travel with him, so his identity can not be discovered. This is embarrassing for would-be assassins.

—Mr. Tilden is at Long Branch. He must look cute when he goes in bathing, and the wild waves are saying that he ought to marry and settle down, instead of romping about in his boyish, careless way.

—An Englishman who has published his observations during a trip in the United States concludes that the most striking and thoroughly American characters he saw were Bob Ingersoll and Maud S. Mr. Beecher is not getting a fair show this season.

—Cyrus H. McCormick, Esq., of Chicago, the great reaper man, is building a summer residence on one of the commanding hills at Richfield, one of the fashionable New York summer resorts. Richfield, which is in Otsego County, is a village that stands 1,700 feet above tide-water. The town is well shaded, has pretty churches, and is very attractive. There is a great deal of fine scenery, comprising hills, lakes, and waterfalls. Many persons are drawn there by the varied attractions of the village and surrounding country.

—The New York Tribune takes half a column in which to describe the bathing-dresses worn by little girls at Long Branch. The bathing-dresses worn by little boys in Chicago are not quite so complicated. They consist mainly of a sunburned back and a stone-bruise on each heel.

—Ex-Senator Conkling has one official privilege left. He may send and receive public documents free of postage until December 1. Assistant Attorney-General Freeman has decided that a Senator who has resigned is entitled, under the act of March 3, 1879, to the same privilege as one whose term has expired.

Nodaway County Defended.

From the Nodaway Democrat.

The St. Louis POST DISPATCH and a few other papers in this State within the last week or ten days have indulged in some criticisms on the people of Nodaway county, relative to the case of the Talbott boys, which were unjust and without warrant. The people of Nodaway county are as intelligent, as law-abiding and as a humanitarian in their impulses and feelings as are those of the most refined and cultured communities in the United States. It is not true that our citizens are of that reckless, morbid class whose prejudices and passions can be wrought up to the point of desiring, or even looking with indifference upon, the execution of innocent men. * * * We sincerely hope there will never be the necessity for another execution in our county, and we are certain in saying this we express the feelings of all the citizens of Nodaway county.

We would say to the POST-DISPATCH, or to other papers which have indulged in reflections against the people of this county, whether the criticism were made in express terms or impliedly, that they have done our people great injustice. Nodaway county is one of the foremost counties of the State, not only in soil and natural advantages, but in its class of citizens, education, intelligence and all things that have a tendency to morality, law and order.

More Bloodthirstiness.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

The Rev. Cowley, the dirty wolf, who has not had a smear of whitewash after spending a year in the penitentiary for cruelty to poor children, ought to be attached to some benevolent enterprise, and sent out where he could be occasionally lynched.

Prepared for the Inevitable.

From the Chicago Times.

And now the pressure well begin for the appointment of a Supreme Court Justice in place of Clifford. It may be hoped that the inevitable Ohio man will endeavor to be honest.

Extremely Sad.

From the Glasgow (Mo.) Herald.

If the POST-DISPATCH is to be considered a free lance, then it is a decided success, but as a party paper it would demoralize the best organized party on earth.

Truth as to Temperance.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

A man may keep his eyes to the front and yet advance backward. This has been the experience of the Prohibitionists in Ohio.

Those Dreadful Bells.

ST. LOUIS, July 28.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Is it not a pity that such a trouble has arisen in the vicinity of Christy avenue and Sixth street? And will you not help to settle the matter in a rational way? It appears that Mr. Ligarius and Mr. Benton have good hearing, and a noise that assails their ears to their discomfort and injury is made by means of a certain bell. These are the important facts. It further appears that "Superintendent of the Mission" *knows* that he is annoyed every Sunday morning by some "noisy bells" (does he refer to St. Xavier's bells, a block away from him?) and is fully persuaded that if a kind and pleasant appeal were made in behalf of any very sick man, whose health was being seriously impaired by the noisy clang, such an appeal would be kindly considered."

It further appears that "Superintendent of the Mission" would have people believe that his bell makes music. Now, since Ligarius and Benton cannot dispense with their ears, would it not be well for Superintendent to consider whether he could not do without his bell-ringing without inconvenience or injury to any one? If he is truly desirous of doing what is right it might be worth while to inquire why the great majority of the churches in this city do not ring a bell or bells before each service. And if he finds that they have good reasons for not ringing noisy bells *at all*, would it not be reasonable to discontinue the use of his musical bell for awhile? And should he find the "Mission" doing as well without bell-ringing as with it, might he not profitably discontinue the bell-ringing forever? What would be the harm? SCRUTATOR.

Bicyclist Replies.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In reply to those whose donkeys are frightened at the bicycle, would recommend the quadruped donkey to be unhitched and put in the vehicle, and the biped donkey work his passage.

LONG-LEGGED GAWK.

A DROP IN RATES EAST.

Regular $18 Rate to New York Established To-Day.

The meeting of passenger agents at the Southern Hotel yesterday adjourned without reaching any conclusion upon matters of special public interest. The cut in rates east, however, was discussed generally, and the part that scalpers are playing just now in sale of return tickets to New York sent out for that purpose by New York offices of the Erie, Baltimore and Ohio and New York Central roads engaged some attention at the meeting. The harmony of passenger agents locally is well preserved. The best evidence of this is the announcement made this morning at the ticket offices of all the roads running east that tickets for New York, forty-eight hour limit, first-class, can be had for $18, or one fourth less than the old established rate, $24 25. This places New York within the reach of St. Louis passengers, with Pullman berth included for $24. The reduced rate went into effect this morning and will be maintained until all the cheap tickets for New York in the hands of scalpers are out of the market. A POST-DISPATCH reporter, speaking with Mr. Wetherell of the Vandalia road, who has recently returned to town ascertained that the eighteen-dollar rate would be adhered to, for said he: "We want the traveling public to deal direct with the authorized agents at the company's ticket offices. The Pennsylvania Central wants no middlemen to interfere in her business, and the passengers always do better by dealing direct with the company's officers."

Death of an Old Citizen.

Simon Drukker, an old and highly respected citizen, died at his residence, 3010 Olive street, at 10:30 this morning, of strangulation of the bowels. Mr. Drukker, who was 81 years of age at the time of his decease, was a well-known merchant, and had been a resident of the city since 1858. He belonged to a wealthy Jewish family and was the father of twenty-five children. Mr. B. Spyer married one of his daughters. Mr. Drukker was the original founder of the Jewish Orphan Asylum in London. He made the first donation, and after his name came those of Sir Lionel Rothschild, Isaac Disraeli and other Hebrew notabilities. After the institution had been set on foot the orphan children collected their mites and presented Mr. Drukker with a handsome testimonial, which is still preserved in the family. Due notice of the funeral will be given.

THE INFERNAL MACHINES.

A Bomb Factory of the Irish Revolutionists Discovered in St. Louis.

What the Director Has to Say About the Machines and Their Purpose.

"I suppose you saw that article in the morning papers describing the manner in which the clocks for the infernal machines were made?" said a prominent and well known Irish revolutionist to a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning.

"Yes."

"Well, it's a bloody lie. Those machines were made in St. Louis, and all the work on them was done here. I know about the matter; but as you know I am under obligations which bound me hand and foot, and I was powerless to prevent the shipment. I do not believe in that sort of thing myself. I think it is rather brutal to destroy a hecatomb of people in order to reach one man, but this is none of my business. Actual experiment is the best way to convince these people that the bomb idea won't work in England."

"You say these cement barrels were shipped from St. Louis?"

"Yes."

"By whom?"

"I can not tell you anything about it. You hunt up Mr. Denis O'Hara and tell him I sent you to him, and perhaps he may tell you something."

"Where does he live?"

"In a big house down near the Arsenal. You can't miss it." And he gave directions by which the conspirator might be tracked out. The search was a long one, but eventually successful, and the reporter stood face to face with O'Hara. He was of that clear-cut and transparent type of Irishmen who seem to join an almost feminine delicacy of feature with an iron understanding. He had no beard, and a slight straw-colored moustache. He wore pebble eye-glasses which glittered clearly, and his clothes were scrupulously neat and nice. He greeted the reporter courteously enough, and when he learned the mission of the scribe, invited him into a poorly furnished room, where, producing a couple of cigars, he began to chat. "It will probably surprise you," he began, "how freely I am prepared to talk upon this subject, but by the time your paper is printed I shall be away, and I am a member of no oath-bound order. We of the revolution have none of the mimicry of Masonary about us. If a man betrays us we kill him, that is all there is to it."

"I have no hesitation in saying to you that these dynamite clocks were prepared in St. Louis under my supervision and were intended to be placed on the coal going on board English ironclads at Plymouth. From all that I can learn only two of the machines have been captured. The total number shipped to England was—let me see." And he drew a memorandum book from his pocket. "Altogether since June 20, when the first shipment was landed, I have sent over eighty-six machines. I am quite sure that at least fifty of them have got safely into the island."

"What do you hope to do?"

"Cripple the English Navy, three years from to-day there will not be an English man-of-war in the ocean. We are desperate and determined men: we are not vulgar conspirators aiming at a little paltry andvantage, but men of the world who have got calmly to work to break down England's naval power as the best means of ensuring a dismemberment of the British Empire. I myself have been a fellow of Trinity College, Dublin, and there are a thousand resolute men at one with me in this war which we are waging against the crown. If they catch us they kill us without mercy; we are rebels and we are making a stand against authority. Science has advanced to a point where one man properly armed may kill a thousand, and England will have her hands full for the next ten years. This is not assassination; it is private war."

"Are these machines so very deadly?"

"You shall see. Come with me." He led the way up to the top story of the house. A long attic furnished with what looked like a clock-maker's instruments. A young man was filing a brass wheel in a corner, who looked up as we came in. "Put up your work, Harry, we'll have to flit again and get everything ready for a sudden start. Now," continued he to the reporter, "here is a clock. Exactly six hours after it is set, this hammer hits a sharp blow upon this nipple here, enough to explode a dynamite cartridge. You see I'm nearly out of cartridges. There are some in that box under the table. It is as simple a thing as can be, and ten times more effective than the marine torpedo. An explosion of a cartridge of this kind in a coal bunker will surely smash the largest ship afloat—smash it so thoroughly that no one will ever return to tell how it was done or what happened."

"They cost a great deal of money, do they not?"

"Oh, yes; about three hundred dollars apiece landed in England, but we have plenty of money, my dear fellow; we can afford to pay out a little cash for the satisfaction of sending an ironclad bodily to hell every once in a while."

"Where do you intend to go next?"

"That I cannot tell you. You can make up your mind, though, that you will hear from me again."

"Tell me, how did you learn that the Government had discovered the existence of the machines?"

"Our information is to the full as reliable as the Government can get. We knew that they had miscarried as they did, and the man who gave the information away is spotted too."

MUSTERING IN THE MILITIA.

The Bain Zouaves, Their Arms and Their Accoutrements, and the Police.

To-night the Bain Zouaves will be mustered into the militia. The present captain and first lieutenant will be retained. Mr. Charles B. Gantt will probably be elected second lieutenant this evening. The rumor that reached the Police Commissioners, rooms, that the guns in the care of the Police Reserves were scattered throughout the city and could not be accounted for, was incorrect. After an investigation every gun was accounted for, and the only property missing were ten belt buckles worn by the boys when out campaigning. These even are coming in daily, so that nothing will be missed. The Zouaves had the bulge, so to speak, on the other companies. One of the Police Commissioners of the Armstrong Board told the friends of the Zouaves that it would be advisable not to sign for any guns or accoutrements, so that no one would be responsible in the event of some of the property mysteriously disappearing, which would probably be the case, no one would have to foot the bill. This advice was followed, and the boys think they do themselves honor in turning over all the property in as good condition as when they received it, as they say they do. The police tell a different story. They say they are waiting for scabbards, plates and other accoutrements which they say were taken by the Zouaves.

In Court Again.

A plump, determined-looking lady somewhat beyond the middle of life called on Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Dierkes and said she lived at 2607 Lucas avenue. She wanted to get out a warrant for her husband and had several grounds on which to base it. This same lady called at the Four Courts some months ago on a similar mission. She related the facts to Mr. Dierkes who said there was insufficient proof for the issuance of a warrant for assault to kill. To-day he thought she had good grounds for a warrant against her husband for wife-abandonment, but the officer again took a different view of the facts submitted to him and the result was that no warrant was issued. The lady said her attorney was Mr. Charles L. Hanom, who is at present conducting a case of his own in the Court of Criminal Correction, where he was fined $25 for an assault on Judge Henry D. Laughlin, of the Criminal Court. When she was refused the desired paper she said she would visit her attorney and lay the facts before him and determine what action to take. She did not give her name, but mentioned the name of Jos. Smith during the recital of the facts on which she hoped to obtain a warrant. She spoke of her husband failing to support and of assaulting her.

"YOU HORRID, MEAN THING!"

A Brother-in-Law Nips the Love-Mission of a Maiden in the Bud.

The course of true love was unpleasantly disturbed by a meddlesome brother-in-law this morning, and the tears of all young ladies who are afflicted with a family annex in the shape of an elder sister's husband will flow in sympathy for a distressed little maiden from Illinois when the POST-DISPATCH has unfolded her story. Mr. James J. Hamilton, a gentleman whose appearance denoted his agricultural pursuit, called at the Recorder's office early this morning, and stated that he desired to enter a protest against the possible issue of a marriage license on the ground of the young lady, who is his sister-in-law, being yet under age. The recording clerk asked for the names of the parties and said that up to that hour there had been no applications to-day for matrimonial permits. The farmer drew a breath of relief and went on to say that the name of his young sister-in-law is Matilda Chesney and she resides at Nashville, a small town in Washington County Illinois. Miss Chesney is a half orphan, her mother being dead, and her relatives at Nashville have opposed her alliance with Mr. Jacob Young, of Nashville. The young couple—no pun is intended—made up their minds, however, that the love which laughs at locksmiths would defy the upraised hand of relatives, and a run over to St. Louis was planned for this morning. The brother-in-law, who resides opposite the prospective bride, surmised this and took the first train this morning for the metropolis. He saw his sister-in-law on the train in company with Young, but carefully avoided them, and when Main street was reached he dashed down the stairs and made for the Recorder's office at a 2:40 gait. Having entered his protest, the brother-in-law retired to await further developments. The young people shortly appeared and presented their application for a license. The maiden, a pretty little specimen of fresh rural simplicity, modestly replied to the formal questions with a blush and a soft undertone until the clerk, looking her straight in the eye, asked: "What is your exact age, Miss Chesney?" The girl did not hesitate, but spoke out: "I am not yet 18 years old." "Then in that case we need not go any further in this matter at present," replied the clerk with an air of almost judicial gravity. "Come and see us again, Miss Chesney. St. Louis is a pleasant summer resort." Mr. Young held down his head perplexed, then looked up at the clerk, and stammered out something about the father's consent. The recording clerk assured him that the father's consent was indispensable in such a case, and he should be consulted in the matter right away. The young people left the office, putting the best face possible upon the cruel disappointment. If the father consents, however, they may be happy yet, the brother-in-law to the contrary notwithstanding.

A Needless Alarm.

About 6:10 this morning a kettle of tar in front of No. 901 Collins street boiled over, setting fire to some lumber and blocks piled near it. Officers Miller and Sullivan extinguished the flames. Damage, $10. Some excited person ran to box No. 46, at the corner of Fourth street and Franklin avenue, and turned on an unnecessary alarm.

Turkish Baths, 311 N. Seventh Street.

Bear in mind that the Sweating Bath as given in this establishment corrects and controls a malaria ailments as surely as the day follows night. This is no romancing but a demonstrable fact.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE Public School Board Building Committee meet in the Polytechnic building at 4 p. m. to-day.

THE regular monthly concert of the Glasgow Avenue Presbyterian Sabbath-school will occur on next Sunday evening, and take the place of the usual preaching service.

THE Knights of Tabor made arrangements to-day to go to Hannibal, Mo., via the St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Co., next Tuesday, where the National Congress of the order will be held.

A TAR kettle boiled over at 901 Collins street this morning, doing about $10 worth of damage to lumber and paving blocks. The employes of the Cherry Street Mills brought out two hose, and they with Officer Sullivan quickly extinguished the flames.

REV. N. H. TODD, of Vandalia, called at the Presbyterian rooms, 719 Olive street, this morning. He is pastor of the only Presbyterian church in Vandalia, and reports favorably, Dr. Higgins, an elder in his church, having just furnished their chapel with gas fixtures, costing $1,200, at his personal expense.

A LARGE attendance is expected at the meeting of Annunciation Council, No. 3, Knights of Father Mathew, at their hall southeast cornor of Sixth and Chouteau avenue, to-night, at 8 o'clock. Permanent organization will be effected, and all desireing to become members are respectfully invited.

THOS. BRODERICK, who got away from Judge Denison's court recently with a pair of handcuffs on and was arrested last Sunday morning and on Monday fined $50 and given 24 hours to leave the city, was again arrested last night, and this morning was fined $50 in the Second District Police Court, and in default of payment sent to the Work-house.

GEORGE CLARK engaged in a quarrel with his wife at the corner of Thirteenth and O'Fallon streets, about 9 o'clock last evening, and, drawing a revolver, threatened to shoot her. Some young men interfered, and Mrs. Clark and her three children hastened to the house of Mr. Haleman, No. 1232 North Thirteenth street, for safety. Before morning Mrs. Clark gave birth to a child and is now in a very critical condition. Clark has been arrested and will be prosecuted as soon as his wife's health will permit.

New Buildings.

On the west side of Main, between Stein and Schirmer streets, Mr. A. Auer will erect a $300 frame building.

Thomas White is expending $200 in the building of a slate office on Seventh street, between Gratiot and Papin.

J. McDonald will remove a frame building to Twenty-sixth street, between Dickson and Cass avenue, at a cost of $200.

A $60 frame building will be put up on Cook avenue, between Prairie and Vandeventer avenues, by W. A. Bell, Jr.

D. Ande & Bro. are putting a $5,000 addition to their warehouse at the corner of Cass avenue and Seventeenth street.

At the corner of Third and Cedar streets, Mrs. W. E. Schotten will soon put repairs upon her spice mill amounting to $1,500.

On the St. Charles rock road, between Prairie and Vanderventer avenues, J. Oberweiter is erecting a $5,000 brick residence.

The St. Louis Heat and Power Furnishing Company are constructing gas-works at the northeast corner of Clark and Tayon avenues; $10,000 will be expended for this purpose.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Company No. 3 is building a small dwelling on Magnolia street, between Jefferson and Elliott avenue. The building will cost $1,150.

A three-room cottage is in course of erection by the St. Louis Mutual House Building Company No. 3, on Peck street, between Bailey and Kossuth streets; $1,350 will be the cost of the building.

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EXCITED OATS.

Another Turn of the Screws by the Longs.

The "July oat corner" attracted really more attention to-day than anything else in the line of speculative options, even the exciting wheat market giving way for the nonce to its usually quiet neighbor. The longs gave a most ferocious twist to the screws at the call and ran prices up to near the neighborhood of what most parties think will be the selling price, 45c. Messrs. McCormick & Co. bought heavily of cash, and, though a few of the shorts fiercely competed with them, McC. & Co. got most that was sold, paying all the way from 41½c up to 43½c. When the call on the July option was reached, a rather queer thing happened. This was that Grier Brothers, who are esteemed to be the next largest longs to McCormick & Co., commenced selling and unloaded quite an amount on the latter firm, who never weakened, however. This move of Grier Bros. provoked a great deal of astonishment among operators, Sid Francis aptly expressing it when he exclaimed: "Halo! this is a dissolution of partnership I don't understand." Several parties professed to think these sales were "washes," or bogus, while others were of the opinion that Grier Brothers were satisfied to get out at the prices bid and were unloading upon the other longs. Towards the close of the forenoon session some of the shorts plucked up a little heart and commenced offering to sell at lower rates, and as the longs made no attempt to sustain the market, cash was finally offered as low as 42c, J. W. Booth & Sons offering to sell a round lot at that and Francis asking 42½c for cash. It is learned on good authority that the amount of margins up on July oats amounts to only $10,000, which would seem to show that the shortage here is much lighter than it has been estimated. It is probable the longs will demand 45c and damages against such shorts as default on their contracts to-morrow. They claim they can prove a shipping margin at 43c and that 52c is the market value in New Orleans. The end promises to be interesting.

DARING ROBBERY.

Mrs. John A. Walsh Stopped in Open Day by a Highwayman.

Mrs. John A. Walsh, wife of the president of the Missouri Glass Works, and a sister-in-law of Julius S. Walsh, is still confined to her room from the results of a dastardly attack of which she was the victim some time ago.

Mrs. Walsh was walking out to her residence on Finney avenue about 5 p. m., and when she reached the corner of Ewing avenue and Locust streets, a ruffian rushed upon her and attempted to rob her. He seized her by the hands and tried to take her purse, which was swinging from her arm.

Failing to get it at the first attempt, he loosed his hold, pulled out a pair of shears and proceeded to cut the chain which attached the purse to her wrist. In doing so, the villain cut a severe gash in the lady's wrist, from which the blood flowed freely.

After securing the plunder the thug ran off, leaving the lady so overcome by fright that she was scarcely able to proceed on her homeward journey. She succeeded in reaching her residence, a few blocks away, and almost swooned as she entered the door. The effect of the shock was so serious that she was immediately taken sick and was unable to leave her bed for a couple of weeks. She has practically recovered now, but is not able to go outside the house.

The assault was so sudden and the lady's fright so great that she declares that she would not be able to recognize the scoundrel who was her assailant. The purse contained only a few dollars in money.

The affair was reported to the police on the beat, but nothing ever came of it. The residents of the West End are surprised to learn that it is not safe for a lady to walk upon a quiet street like Ewing avenue at as early an hour as five o'clock in the afternoon.

Slops.

"Good morning, Mr. Francis," said a Post-Dispatch reporter to the Health Commissioner this morning.

"Good morning," replied he affably.

"Anything new this morning?"

"Not this morning."

"Well, good morning—but stay, how about the slop-contract?"

"Oh, that's all fixed."

"Is it—how? Does Hardy take hold?"

"No. Heman was in to see me this morning and he has agreed to buy a lot more horses and carts and do the work thoroughly."

"Then he does not wish to throw up the contract?"

"He says not. He says he has always put every contract through that he has yet undertaken and that he will do the same with this, no matter how much money he loses on it."

Gambling Warrants.

R. C. Pate gave bond to-day in four new cases, two of which were against himself, one against Henry Pate and one against Pete Manning, in the sum of $800 each. Mr. Pate says his sympathy with Mr. Manning is the reason he goes on the bonds.

The following new warrants for keeping gambling houses were returned to-day and the cases set for August 3: F. B. Thompson, John C. Allen, Allen Simmons, Chas. Barkes, Chas. W. Batchelor, Henry C. Pate, Pete Manning, Michael Burk, Thomes Burk, Dan Healy and Robert C. Pate.

Cady's Court.

Fanny Coffey had an examination before Judge Cady to-day on a charge of grand larceny, and was discharged. Robert Brown was up in the Court of Criminal Correction for assault to kill, and was discharged. Theo. Arcott's case of assault to kill was continued generally. William Carnoyer, assault and battery, was dismissed for want of prosecution. William Bunzelmeyer, assault and battery, dismissed at prosecutor's cost.

New Warrants.

The titles of the new warrants returned to-day were as follows: Dan Prendeville, malicious trespass, set for August 5; Tishure Black, assault and battery, same date; Fred Woods, same charge, August 10; James Garson, assault to kill, August 1; Mr. Carpenter, assault and battery, August 9; John Cohen, grand larceny, August 1; Mary Keleher, assault and battery, August 9.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Jos. L. Griswold is confined to his room to-day, but is not seriously unwell.

Rumor has it that Mr. Clark Frost, of the Lindell, will soon go to the Laclede Hotel, but Mr. Frost asserts that rumor does not know what it is talking about.

Jimmy Kirns, of the Lindell Hotel bar, is back from his Eastern trip looking as radiant as a sunflower. He likes New York, but he thinks St. Louis is good enough for anybody.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Fred. C. Loring was arrested yesterday for using the streets with a wagon without a license. He payed costs and took out a license.

Gilbert Rickert was arraigned in the Police Court this morning for beating his wife and disturbing the peace of his neighborhood. He was fined $100 and sent to the Work-house.

Illicit Liquor-Lugging.

Aleck Williams, a young man from Mississippi county, who for some time past has been making a living by selling liquor without license, going from place to place about the county attending barbecues, etc., was brought in to-day by U. S. Marshal Wheeler. He entered a plea of guilty before the Commissioner and was sent to jail.

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

Report on the Auditor's and Treasurer's Offices this Morning.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., July 29.—The committee to examine the Auditor's and Treasurer's offices for 1877 and 1878 completed their labors this morning. They report affairs in proper order, lost vouchers excepted. They recommend the account to be credited with the amounts paid on said vouchers and the books squared. The lost vouchers were accounts disallowed of Treasurer Mercer and Auditor Holliday. The committee condemn the reckless manner in which criminal costs accumulate and cite cases of astounding enormity. In one murder prosecution in Pulaski in 1878 the costs amounted to nearly $3,000 and the prisoner was acquitted. An amendment of the laws is recommended.

ADDITIONAL FOREIGN NEWS.

A Revolt Feared.

LONDON, July 29.—A dispatch from Tunis says the Bey fruitlessly endeavored to raise an irregular force to proceed to the interior. He has sent a requisition to Beserta for irregular cavalry, but the men positively refused to respond. An open revolt was on the point of breaking out at that place.

An Armed Truce.

NEW YORK, July 29.—An armistice has apparently been established to-day in the war in passenger rates between the railroad companies leading out of the city. Its purposes is not yet clear, but certainly it is an armed truce, for each of the companies has scouts watching the operations of the others and at the first evidence of any attack the lines will make a flank movement. The brokers or scalpers have not abandoned the contest, but at present are not able to give much trouble to the regular contesting forces, who have entrenched themselves strongly by their system of rebate tickets. The attacks of the brokers were made principally upon the Panama Central and it is claimed by this company that in their warfare the brokers have received aid and assistance from some of the other contestants.

FREIGHT RATES.

It was rumored this morning that the trunk lines leading out of this city would to-day begin cutting rates of westward-bound freight. This report was denied by the freight agents of every road in the city. Commissioner Fink, when questioned on the subject, said: "It is my belief that this story was started for the purpose of affecting business in Wall street. I have not been officially informed of any reduction of rates on westernbound freight from this city. The Grand Trunk road is carrying freight at lower rates than others, but this they were privileged to do, as their route is much longer than the other. On east-ward-bound freights there is a good deal of cutting, but I have nothing to do with it. The war in freight rates from Boston to the West still continues, but I have not heard of any new movement there to-day."

News from Kansas.

MANHATTAN, KAS., July 29.—This morning at 4 o'clock a fire was discovered in the Bluementhal, owned by Dr. Patte, but was promptly extinguished. The damage is smal and covered by insurance.

There was another good rain to-day. The corn and grass will be greatly benefited.

To-morrow Gen. Weaver and others will address the Greenbackers, their sisters, cousins and aunts at this plaee. A large attendance is expected.

Gotham Gleanings.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Four boys, nine to twelve years of age, to-day attacked an old German woman named Mrs. Hannah Davidoech, in Hester street, robbed her of $150 and made their escape.

The suit of Jas. M. Wilkinson, of Marquette, Michigan, assignee in bankruptcy of the estate of Wm. L. Wetmore, against Samuel J. Tilden, was called this afternoon before Judge Blatchford in the United States Circuit Court.

Stabbed Her Husband.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WESTFIELD, MASS., July 29.—A party of colored people danced, drank and became intoxicated at 3 o'clock this morning. Franklin assaulted his wife and guests. The former turned with a knife and stabbed him fatally.

Embezzlement.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BOSTON, MASS., July 29.—Wm. D. Washburn, the confidential clerk of H. E. Burroughs & Co., was arrested, charged with embezzling $4,500. The defalcation is supposed to reach $15,000.

THIS morning, at 11:45 o'clock, Mrs. Ann Gallagher, the venerable mother of Rev. F. P. Gallagher, of Old Mines, Mo., formerly pastor of St. Teresa's Church, in this city, departed this life at the advanced age of 88 years. Her funeral will take place on Sunday, 31st inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., from St. Teresa's Church, on Grand avenue and North Market street, and on Monday morning, Aug. 1st, at 10 o'clock, there will be a solemn mass of requiem for the repose of her soul, at St. Teresa's Church.

SEED WHEAT, BILLINGSLEY & NANSON, 527 N. Second St.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Fluctuations of Leading Stocks.

The following are the opening, highest, lowest and closing quotations of leading stocks in New York, as reported for the POST-DISPATCH by Fred Von Phul, manager Public Stock Exchange, rooms 135, 137, 139 and 141 Chamber of Commerce:

Stock.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
D. K. G.	100⅛	102½	99⅛	101½
St. Paul	111¾	114½	110⅞	113⅛
Lake Shore	123⅛	126⅛	123	125⅜
Michigan Central	99½	100⅝	99⅛	100⅜
Erie Railway	43⅛	45	43	44⅞
Wabash and Pacific	51⅛	54⅛	50½	53⅜
do preferred	89⅛	92	89	91⅜
Central Pacific	93⅛	94½	93	93¾
Union Pacific	126⅛	127⅛	125⅜	126⅜
Western Union	125⅛	127⅛	125⅛	126⅜
Northwestern	88⅛	90	87⅞	89
Delaware, L. & W.	121⅛	123⅛	121⅛	122⅛
New Jersey Central	93⅛	96⅞	93⅛	95
M., K. & T.	43⅛	45⅛	43⅛	44¼
Ohio & Mississippi	38⅛	39⅛	38⅛	39
Pacific Mail	50⅛	52⅛	50	51⅛
Delaware & Hudson	108⅞	109⅞	108⅞	109⅞
Missouri Pacific	107	109⅛	105⅞	108⅛

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Money 3@3½. Prime mercantile 3@4. Bar silver 111½. Exchange steady; 82¼ long, 84¼ sight. Governments strong and generally shade higher. States dull. Railroads in light request. Since 11 o'clock. Stock speculation has been strong and at noon prices showed advance of ¼ to 2¼ from lowest point this morning, Lake Shore, Missouri Pacific, Pacific Mail, Northwest, Denver and Rio Grande and Delaware, Lackawonna and Western leading upward movement. 6s extended 102¼; 5s 101⅞; 4½s 114⅜; 4s 117¼; Pacific 6s '95, 130 bid.

Rock Island	138	second prfd	10
Panama	†263	B C....R. & N	80
Fort Wayne	139	A. & T. H.	50
Pittsburg	†140	prfd	†92½
Illinois Central	137½	W., St. L. & Pacific	52⅛
C., B. & Q.	157	prfd	90⅞
Chicago & Alton	138*	Hannibal & St. Joseph	90
prfd	150	prfd	110
N. Y. Central	145	St. L. & San Fran.	48½
Harlem	†246	prfd	74½
Lake Shore	125¼	first prfd	107
Canada Southern	67	C., St. L. & N. O.	77
Michigan Central	101¼	Kansas & Texas	44¼
Erie	43⅞	Union Pacific	126⅜
prfd	84⅜	Central Pacific	93½
Northwestern	126⅜	Texas Pacific	57½
prfd	139⅞	Northern Pacific	39⅛
St. Paul	112⅞	prfd	79¼
prfd	129	Louisville & Nash	102⅞
Del. & Lack	122⅞	Nashville & Chat.	77
Morris & Essex	124	L. & N. A.	98½
Del. & Hudson	109¼	Houston & Texas	†99
N. J. Central	95	Denver & R. Grande	101½
Reading	59¼	St. Paul & Omaha	40⅜
Ohio	38½	prfd	102½
prfd	100	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	44
Chesapeake & Ohio	27¼	American Union	....
first prfd	40	Memphis & C.	76
second prfd	29⅛	Western Union	87
Mobile & Ohio	36½	A. & P. Telegraph	....
Cleve'd & Col.	91¼	Pacific Mail	52¼
C. C. & I. C.	23	Adams	134
Ohio Central	28¼	Fargo	124
Erie & Western	56	American	82
Peoria, D. & E.	41¼	United States	68½
Ont. & Western	31⅞	Quicksilver	17
Ind., B. & W.	49⅜	prfd	72
Marietta & Cin. first prfd	12¼		

*Bid.
†Offered

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.	When due	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	102	102½
New 3½'s	1881	M. A. N. & F.	101⅛	102
4½ per cent bds.	1891	J. S. D. & M.	114¼	114½
4 per cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	116	116½
STATE BONDS.				
Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	103	104
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	108	110
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	111	113
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	113	115
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and '76	1895-'96	Jan. & July	101	102
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	102	104
ST. LOUIS AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various	114	116
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	116	118
City 6's, c'y	1886-'87	Various	107	119
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec.25	109	111
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec.25	111	113
City water 6's	1892	Apr. & Oct.	112	114
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	108	110
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan. & July	115	116
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	117	120
County 7's c'y	1885	Jan. & July	109	111
*Interest to seller.				
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	109	111
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	118	120
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	124	125⅛
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	115	117
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	115	116
K. P. D. Ex. 7s	1899	May & Nov.	111	113
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	109	110
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	120	125

LAND WARRANTS.	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$184	.....
Land warrants, 120 acres	135	.....
Land warrants, 80 acres	91	.....
Land warrants, 40 acres	44	.....

Clearings to-day $2,549,397
Balances to-day 411,932

COMMERCE.

Grain on Passage.

The amount of flour, wheat and corn on passage for ports of call and direct ports in the United Kingdom was:

	July 23, 1881.	July 16, 1881.	July 24, 1880.
Flour and Wheat, qrs.	1,715,000	1,825,000	1,850,000
Corn, qrs.	710,000	690,000	650,000

On Passage for the Continent.

	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.
July 23, 1881	4,600,000	2,960,005
July 24, 1880	5,280,000	7,200,000

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat and Corn at Leading Points.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat	Corn	Wheat	Corn
St. Louis	78,214	44,135	43,164	33,325
Chicago	68,626	479,683	16,427	481,814
Milwaukee	29,600	2,750	9,400	1,065
Toledo	95,000	5,000	59,000	1,000
Baltimore	139,025	51,015	111,084	16,960
New York	169,446	323,646	7,579	289,613

Chicago inspections: 133 cars wheat; 624 cars, 80,900 bu corn; 156 cars, 2,300 bu oats; 27 cars rye; 1 car barley.

Visible Supply of Grain.

	July 23, 1881.	July 16, 1881.	July 24, 1880.
Wheat, bu.	15,622,000	14,823,333	13,367,433
Corn, bu.	15,952,000	15,979,164	15,741,911
Oats, bu.	7,511,000	7,317,764	1,677,197
Rye, bu.	117,000	114,077	168,862
Barley, bu.	132,090	154,958	183,936

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING at 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

	City	R. R.	River.	Total
Wheat	2,610	10,466	17,690	30,766
Corn	7,019	8,327	25,154	40,500
Oats	4,968	760	......	6,728
Rye	470	871	......	1,341
Barley	513		......	513

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	522,698	434,669	100,469	3,663	.....
Total yesterday	493,379	447,366	88,568	3,184	513
July 30, 1880	870,493	537,459	126,914	4,715	.....

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—10 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 9 cars No. 3 Mediterranean 1 car 1 No. 3 white winter, 39 cars No. 2 red winter, 34 cars No. 3 red winter, 23 cars No. 4 winter, 1 car rejected winter. Total, 117 cars.

Corn—17 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 1 car rejected white-mixed, 21 cars No. 2 mixed, 11 cars rejected, 7 cars no-grade. Total, 57 cars.

Oats—34 cars No. 2, 3 cars rejected. Total, 37 cars.

Barley—None.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 3,873 brls. A quiet market at unchanged prices. We quote: Fancy $6 30@6 80; choice $5 90@6 10; family $5 65@5 80; xxx $4 85@5 15; xx $4 00@5 00; x $3 85@4 00; superfine $3 40@3 60; fine $2 80@3 00; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Receipts 7,962 sks 60,300 bu. The speculative grade opened lower and then advanced stiffly, but later broke down rapidly. Cash sold lower, but actively taken for export. Other grades strong and higher early under a shipping demand, and millers buying Mediterranean, but late not salable at early rates. No. 2 red sold lightly at $1 18⅛ cash, but not worth over $1 17¾ at close; July $1 18⅞@1 18; August $1 20@1 18⅛, late $1 18¼ asked: September $1 21⅝@1 20⅛; October $1 24@1 22⅛, closing $1 22⅛; November $1 25@1 23⅛, closing $1 23⅛; year $1 19⅜@1 17⅛; No. 3 red at $1 09⅛@1 10⅛ this, 1 11@⅛ E. side; No. 4 at $1 07@1 06⅛ in C, $1 07@⅛ E. side; No. 3 Mediterranean at $1 10@⅛ this, $1 11 E. side, but $1 11⅛ bid later; for No. 2 do $1 18⅛ bid.

Corn—Receipts 44,135 bu. Higher for No. 2 mixed and No. 2 white mixed cash, former selling readily for export, but latter slow; futures advanced early, weakened with wheat, though closing above yesterday. Rejected white mixed scarce, higher and wanted. Rejected dull and weak. No. 2 mixed sold at 49@49⅛ cash; 49⅛@49⅛ September; 49@48⅛ October; 44⅛@45⅛ year, closing at 45; August 49⅛ and for Nov. 46⅛ bid; No. 2 white-mixed sold at 51⅛ in C.; 51⅛ Aug.; rejected do salable at 45 E. side, 47 in St. L., 48 in C.; rejected sold at 42⅛ in E., 42 in St. L.; for no grrde 32⅛ bid.

Oats—Receipts 466 sks., 45,600 bu.; excited, and sharply higher, under pressure of the July squeeze, other options sharing in the strength with cash and July, with an active demand for them. Shorts competed with the longs for cash No. 2, which advanced from 41⅛@43⅛, closing at 43 in St. L., but 42⅛ asked regular; July 41⅛@43⅛; Aug. 29@29⅛; Oct. 30⅛@⅛; year 28⅛; for September 29⅛ bid; rejected dead dull and largely lower at 35⅛ in St. Louis.

Rye—Receipts 1,691 bu. Still dull, with sellers of No. 2 at 95, and rejected sold at 88.

Millfeed—An advance in bran, with an active shipping demand. Sales of bulk at 60@62 f. o. b. E. track, and sacked at 68@70 at mill.

Hay—Receipts, 246 tons. Unchanged in price and only a small local demand. Sales: East track prime timothy, $12, choice $15, fancy $17; this side: prairie, $8 25 @ 9, mixed $12 50.

Provisions took a favorable turn, and became very strong, with an active Southern order demand for bacon more, setling than for several weeks past, and bringing full prices. Pork was steady and slow, but deliveries on July contracts were large, and yesterday 500 brls. was settled at $18 20. No lard offering in the market. A good inquiry for dry salt meats. Standard mess pork jobbed at $18 30 f. o. b.; July offered at $18 50; for September $17 90 bid. Prime steam lard nominal at 11⅜@80. Loose dry salt clear ribs sold at $9 20, short clear at 9½. Shoulders worth 6.45c; long clear 9.20c. Packed bacon shoulders sold at 7⅛c; long clear 10.20c; clear ribs 10⅛@10⅛c; short clear 10.55@10.⅛c; later, loose, 10.35c. Hams 12@12⅛c for sugar cured canvased; small size fancy 13@14c. Tallow 6@6¼ according to quality. Breakfast bacon 11⅛@13c. Grease 4@4½ for brown, 4⅜@5⅛c or yellow, 5⅜@6⅛c for white, 8@9c for manufacturing lard. Beef—Extra mess $12 per bbl.; prime mess $9 50 per bbl.; family $7 per half-bbl.. dried 14⅛@15⅛c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt—Ohio River $1 35, lake $1 40 per brl. Ground alum $1 25 per sack.

Highwines—Steady. Sales 246 brls. at $1 09. Cincinnati $1 07; Chicago $1 11; Peoria $1 09.

Lead—Firm; sales 5 cars soft Missouri at $4 75.

Closing Prices.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—Cash $1 17⅛ bid; August $1 18¼; September $1 20¼; October $1 22¼; November $1 23⅞ bid. Corn—Cash No. 2 mixed 48⅛c bid; July 48⅝c bid; August 49; September 49; October 48⅜ bid; year 45; cash No. 2 white-mixed 51⅛ bid; July 51½ bid; August 51¼ bid; September 51⅛ bid. Oats—July 44 bid; August 29¼ bid; September 29¼ bid; October 30 bid; year 28½.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—July $1 18⅛ bid; August $1 19¼; September $1 14⅜@⅞; October $1 14⅞; year $1 12⅜@⅞. Corn—July 49⅜ bid; August 49@⅛; September 49; October 49⅛; year 47⅜. Oats—July 45; August 30⅝; September 29; October 29¼; year 28⅜. Pork—August $17 85; September $17 85; October $17 87⅛; year $15 52½; January $16 40. Lard—July 11⅞; August 11.77½; September 11.70; October 11.47½; year 10.65. Short ribs—August 9.02½; September 9.30.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—Cash $1 20¼; August $1 20⅛; September $1 21½; October $1 22⅝@⅜; November $1 24; year $1 20⅛ bid. Corn—Cash 52½; August 52½ bid; September 50¼.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—Cash and July $1 24⅜@1 25; August $1 25@⅛; September $1 27¼; October $1 29@⅜. Corn—Cash, July and August 56½@⅝; September 57⅜@⅞.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—Cash $1 24⅜@1 25¼; July $1 24½@1 25; August $1 24⅜@⅞; September $1 27; October $1 29@⅛. Corn—Cash 58; July 59 asked; August 57⅞; September 58⅞@59; October 60⅛.

Cotton.

Spots steady at 11⅜c for middling, but sales small, 27 bales. New York quiet and firm. at ⅛c. advance. Liverpool 1-16d higher and firm.

NEW YORK.

Middling 11⅞. Futures closed steady: July 11.87@44; Aug. 11.98@99; Sept. 11.37@38; Oct. 10.69@70; Nov. 10.49@50; Dec. 10.49@50; Jan. 10.60@62; Feb. 10.72@74; March 10.85@87; April 10.98@11.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands, 6⅜d. Orleans 6 13-16d. Futures closed quiet, steady; July and August, 6 29-32; August and September 6⅞; September and October, 6⅜; October and November 6 3-32; November and December, 6 1-32; December and January 6 1-32; January and February ——.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Choice 22@23 fancy 24; Dairy—Choice yellow in lots 19@20; fancy 21; medium to prime 13@16; low grades 9@11; fresh near by make, choice yellow 11@12; inferior 8@10.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream 10@11; prime part skim 7@8; hard skim 2@4.

EGGS—Receipts light and demand good; candled 10c; shippers' count 8@8½c in cases.

DEERSKINS—We quote: No. 1, 39@40; damp, meaty, etc., 27@30.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 20.

POULTRY—Old chickens $1 75@2 for cocks, $2 25@2 50 for mixed, $2 75@3 00 for hens; spring chickens small and scrubby 75@$1; fair to medium $1 25@1 50; choice fancy $1 75@2; spring ducks $1@2 as in size.

WOODCOCK—Sell at $5 ₩ doz.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 39@39½; dingy and low 33@36; unwashed choice to fancy medium 23½@24; fair medium 22@23; coarse and low grade 18@21; light fine 18@20; heavy do 13@16; burry, black and cotted 5@10 less; Southern burry 10@12.

HIDES—Quote: Green salted 9; damaged do 7⅛; uncured 7⅜; damaged 6; bulls and stags 6⅜; green 5⅜; green salted calf 12⅛@13; damaged do 9; No. 1 dry salted 12; damaged do 11; No. 1 dry flint 16; No. 2 do 13.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 57@58, out side for small sks; unripe do 50@53; mixed 10@30 Tare 3 per cent, on large, 10 on small sks.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green salted 25@25; dry flint 10@30; pelts and lamb skins 50@$1 25; dry 30@70.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 40@1 50, Seneca 25@30; blue flag 4⅛@5; blood roots 2@3⅛; golden seal 5@6⅛; snake 9@10; black 5⅛; May apple 2⅛.

NEW POTATOES—Wagon receipts of bottom rose 70@77½c—top for choice large—₩ bu measure; shipments in bad condition and no price quatiable.

NEW ONIONS—Home grown (from wagon) —— ₩ bu loose.

CABBAGE—Choice on orders $4 25 ₩ crate.

TOMATOES—25@35c ₩ ⅓ bu box.

GREEN CORN—Choice 20c ₩ doz.

APPLES—Soft to fair $1 00@1 50; choice to fancy $2 50@3 25 ₩ bbl; ⅓ bu boxes 30@50c, as in kind.

PEACHES—Hale's early 75c@$1 15 ₩ ⅓ bu; Texas clings $1 25 ₩ pk; small Ky. do $1; La Mexen $1 50 ⅓ bu box; fancy La. Crawfords $2.

PLUMS—Choice wild goose 75c ₩ ⅓ bu.

PEARS—Tenn., Ark. Ills. and Ind. 75c@$1 25; choice large Bartlett $1 75@2 ₩ ⅓ bu box.

GRAPES—19½@15c for Ives'; 15c for Concord; 17@18c for Deleware; 11@12½ for Hartford; Catawba 17c ₩ lb.

WHORTLEBERRIES—Choice $3 00 ₩ 4 gal.

WATERMELONS—Small to medium $6@10 and choice to fancy large $11@12 ₩ 100.

CANTELOPES—$1 25@1 75 ₩ doz.

CURRANTS—Choice red 50c per gal; black no wanted.

BLACKBERRIES—Choice 75c@1 ₩ gal.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Sales, repacked: Oranges—Rodi $8 00 ₩ box; lemons—Messina and Palermo $10 ₩ box; bananas on orders $2 50@3 50 ₩ bunch.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Bartlett Pears $6 50 and plums $4 00 ₩ box; grapes $4 50 per half case.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Peaches poor 4½@⅜; prime halves 5@⅛; choice 5⅝@6¼; apples dark 5@½.; fair 5⅝@6; choice 6⅛@⅞.

GRASS SEED—We quote: Buckwheat ——@——; clover —; timothy at $2 15; German millet $1 60@2 00; common do $1 00@1 25; red top——; Hungarian 60@80c.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $1 25 for prime, sks in.

FLAXSEED—Salable at $1 09@1 10 on basis of pure.

CASTOR BEANS—Salable at $1 28 for prime.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable Eastern hand picked navy $2 40@2 50; screened medium $2 35@2 40 from store. Western at $1 00@2 25 for stained and mixed to clean choice.

SAUER KRAUT—New City $7 50 ₩ brl; halve $4.

HONEY—New—Extracted 8c in brls; 10c ₩ lb in cans, strained 7; comb 13.

MAPLE SUGAR—Selling at 8@10; Vermont 12@13c.

PECANS—Western 6½@7½; Texas 8@9.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs: Wrought $1, heavy cast 75; stove 60c; plows 70; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$16@17; dry buffalo $19.

PEANUTS—White 3⅛@4; red 2@2⅛.

HOPS—We quote New York, first quality, at 24@25. Seconds, do 19@20.

RAGS—Country mixed $1 75@1 85.

BROOMCORN—Crooked 2@2⅜; fair straight 3⅛@4; prime to choice green 4⅛@5⅛; 6@6⅛ lots choice green hurl.

VEALS—Slow at 6@6½ ₩ lb for choice small; heretics 5.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 90; coal oil $1 20; whisky 95@$1.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2@2⅛c; gray and brown mixed 2⅛@3c; brown and black 2⅜@3⅛c; all black 3@4⅛c; machine-picked, on orders: XXXX—black 8⅛c to 9c; XXX—black mixed 7⅛ to 8c; XX—brown mixed 6⅛@7c; X—gray mixed 5@5⅛. Round lots shaded ⅛ to 1c ₩ lb.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 38. Pork brls 90c@95 del; lard tierces $1 10@1 20 del, lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@95; ham tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $7 00@7 50; choice cooper shaved $8@8 50 pork brl $11@12; lard tierce do $12@14; casks $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8; elm $7 25. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5@5⅛; hard do 5⅛@6. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; hnd $24@28; dry half hnds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $18; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@2.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots Jute bagging at 10⅛@11, according to weight; round lots 2-lb flax 9⅛c, and mixed flax do 10⅛; 1⅜ lb 9⅛@⅛c. Hemp twine 14⅛@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 50@1 75 ₩ bundle.

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed hemp $85@95; choice $100@110; dressed hemp, $140@155; shorts $115@125; hackled tow, $50@55 per ton.

RYE FLOUR—$5 40@6 00 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—Quotable at $2 65@2 70 for city make on orders.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—common dark factory lugs $3 25@3 50; fair to good, do $3 75@4; common to fair smoking lugs $4@5 00; inferior nondescript dark leaf $3 50@4; common dark leaf $4 25@4 75; medium do do $5@6; medium to good dark red leaf $6 50@7 50; good do $8@10. Burley—Common to fair lugs at $4@4 50; good do $5 50@6 50; common leaf, $7@8; medium do $9@11; good to fine do $12@16. Wrap ding leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium po $15@18; medium bright $20@25; good bright $30@40; fine bright (none offering) $50@60. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds, sell at about 25@50c ₩ 100 lbs less.

LIVE STOCK.

The following indicates the movement for 24 hours ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments	
	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880
Cattle	1,461	1,860	348	1,410
Hogs	4,790	6,392	833	2,468
Sheep	3,444	711	.....	892

CATTLE—The forty car loads of grass Texans offered sold promptly at very strong prices. The demand from interior shippers and the canning companies was quite urgent and the moderate offerings not half enough to go around. The quality was fair; hence the prices given in the sales reported below show up quite handsomely. Peck, the Cleveland buyer, bought of Hunt, Evans & Co. one car load of prime grass Texan steers of 1,113 lbs average, which brought $4 75, the highest price of the season. By 9 a.m. all the Texans had been sold and weighed up. Native steers in moderate offering, about fifty car-loads, the bulk of light fat steers that were slow of disposal at mean prices. New York was not good, and this exerted some influence over shippers. Good steers were scarce. Stock and feeding steers in demand and none offered. Veal calves steady. Ruling quotations quiet.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$5 00@6 10
Heavy shipping steers	5 50@5 85
Light shipping steers	5 00@5 40
Medium to choice butcher steers	4 50@5 00
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4 90@5 15
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	3 50@4 25
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 25@4 25
Common to native cows	2 25@3 00
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	4 00@5 25
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 50@5 50
Milch cows with calves	18 00@42 00
Grass Texans	2 25@4 70

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
19	grass Texan steers	1,113	$4 75
210	grass Texan steers	961	4 05
25	grass Texan steers	832	3 10
26	grass Texan steers	865	3 00
22	grass Texan steers	801	3 05
22	grass Texan steers	684	2 85
27	grass Texan steers	671	2 85
42	grass Texan steers	720	2 15
20	Southwest butchers	832	3 50
22	Southwest butchers	910	3 12
17	Southwest butchers	819	3 00
91	Texan calves, per head	—	7 50

HOGS—Yorkers dull and lower, say, 10c per 100 lbs. Supply fair and of all grades. Mixed packing and good heavy hogs were selling well enough at $6 25@7 00 per 100 lbs in extremes, but Yorkers were slow from the fact that shippers had but few orders to fill, and they wanted them at very low figures. Common culls and grass hogs likewise dull. Yorkers $6 50@6 55; good to choice heavy shipping $6 70@6 90; fair to good heavy shipping $6 60@6 65; mixed packing $6 25@6 50. Daly, Miller & Co. sold a bunch of fancy hogs this morning at $7 05 per 100 lbs.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
27	222	6 65	61	262	6 85
66	206	6 65	37	283	6 25
117	262	6 85	28	210	6 55

SHEEP—Steady and unchanged. Offerings moderate, which found prompt disposal at strong prices. Demand quite free for good. Values steady.

Horses and Mules.

There is no change to note in the horse or mule market. Offerings small and demand quite urgent for good stock. Common stock dull and not wanted.

HORSES.

Horses for farm work	$50@75
Horses for farm work, good	80@100
Streeters	80@100
Streeters, extra	110@120
Drivers	90@100
Drivers, good	125@140
Drivers, extra	150@175
Heavy draft	115@130
Heavy draft, extra	150@200
MULES.	
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	$125@135
15½ hands, extra	145@155
16 pluggy	130@140
16 extra	175@200

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Hogs—Receipts, 17,000; weak; 5@10c lower; good to choice light bacon $6 50@6 75; mixed heavy; light $6 20@6 60; choice to fancy heavy shipping $6 60@6 95. Cattle—Receipts 5,500; weak; exports $5 85@6 25; shipping $5 60@5 95; common to fair $4 50@5 40.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, July 29.—Flour firm under light receipts. Wheat—Western opened higher and closed lower; dull and weak; No. 2 winter red spot and July $1 24⅜@1 25; August $1 25⅛; September $1 27@1 27⅛; October $1 29@⅜. Corn—Western quiet and steady; mixed spot, July and August 56⅛@⅝; September 57⅜@⅞; October 58⅜@59⅛; steamer 52½. Oats steady and firm; Western white 43@45; mixed 40@41; Pennsylvania 42@43. Rye nominal at 80@85. Hay dull. Provisions steady. Mess pork $18 50@18 75. Bulk meats—Shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 7.75@10⅛. Bacon—Shoulders 8.50, clear rib sides 10.75. Hams 12.50@13.75. Lard—Refined 12.75. Butter firm; Western grass 13@17. Eggs dull at 11.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Flour—Receipts 21,000; sales 12,000; dull and in buyers' favor. Wheat—½@⅝ lower; fair speculative business; sales 48,000 bu. No. 2 red July at $1 26@1 26⅛; 17,600 August $1 26@1 27; 24,700 September $1 28⅛@1 28⅝; 360,000 October $1 29⅛@1 29⅞. Corn—⅛@⅛ better and fairly active; mixed Western spot 48@54; futures 58@60⅛. Oats—Firmer and quiet; Western 45@49. Sales 40,000 bu, including No. 2 October at 37. Beef dull and weak; new extra mess $12 50@13. Pork firm and quiet; spot new mess $18@18 35. Lard about 5 higher and firm; steam rendered $12 05. Butter firm for choice. Cheese weak at 3@11. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Molasses quiet and steady. Petroleum dull and unchanged. Rice steady, fair inquiry. Coffee firm, better demand. Freights weak. Spirits turpentine dull at 41@⅛. Rosin quiet. Tallow steady. Western eggs firm at 15@16.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Wheat easy, especially deferred options, at $1 19 cash; $1 19⅛ Aug.; $1 14⅜ bid Sept.; $1 14⅛ Oct. Corn firm and higher at 50c cash July; 49⅛c Aug.; 49 asked Sept.; 49⅛ Oct. Oats firm; 44⅛ cash; 45 July; 30⅛ Aug.; 28⅛ Sept.; 29⅛ Oct. Rye 82c and lower. Barley lower at 91⅛ Sept. Whisky $1 11. Pork easier at $18 00 cash and Sept.; $17 95 Oct. Lard weak, except future options, at 11⅞c cash; 11.80 Aug.; 11.72½ Sept.; 11.52½ Oct.

CINCINNATI, July 29.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady for better grades, easier for others; No. 2 red $1 20@1 21. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 51. Oats scarce and firm; No. 2 mixed 43. Rye dull and lower; No. 2 99. Pork firm at $18 25. Lard dull at 11.50. Bulk meats firm and unchanged. Bacon scarce, firm and unchanged. Whisky unsettled and lower at $1 07. Sales combination 894 barrels finished goods on basis of $1 08.

MILWAUKEE, July 29.—Noon board—Wheat weak; hard nominal; No. 1 nominal; No. 2 hard nominal at $1 12⅛; No. 2 and July $1 13; August $1 13⅛; September $1 13⅛; Oct. and Nov. nominal; No. 3 nominal; No. 4 88; rejected nominal; receipts 30,000; shipments 94,000. Coarse grains firm. Corn 48⅛ for No. 2. Oats 39⅛ for No. 2. Rye 90 for No. 1. Barley 74 for No. 2.

NEW ORLEANS, July 29. 11:25 A. M.—Flour quiet and steady. Grain—Cornmeal quiet; $2 80. Corn quiet; mixed 60; yellow 61; white 65. Oats firm; 50. Bran firm; 90. Hay easy; choice $18; prime $16. Pork firm; $18. D. S. shoulders firm; 7. Bacon firm and higher; 8@10⅛@11. Hams firm; 12⅛@⅜. Lard quiet; refined in tierces 12@⅛. Whisky firm; $1 10@1 12 for choice. Exchange on New York 75 discount; sight $1 premium.

DETROIT, July 29.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1 white old $1 19; white new $1 18⅛; Aug. $1 18⅛; September $1 19⅛; October $1 20⅛; year $1 18⅛; No. 2 white; $1 13 new No. 2 red $1 20⅛. Receipts wheat 18,000 bu; shipments 3,000 bu.

BUFFALO, July 29.—Wheat, fair speculative demand;-50,000 No. 1 hard Duluth $1 26⅜ September; 5,000 do, year $1 25⅛. Corn held higher; car lots high mixed sold 53⅛. Oats quiet, 3 cars old white 45 track; canal freights dull and unchanged.

TOLEDO, July 29.—Wheat quiet; No. 2 red cash $1 22; August $1 21⅛; September $1 22⅛; October $1 24⅛; November $1 25⅛ bid, $1 25⅛ asked. Corn inactive; No 2 July 53; year 48⅛. Oats—Nothing doing.

PUBLIC
Administrator's Sale
OF
JOHN O'MALLEY'S
PAWNBROKER'S STOCK
OF
GOODS, GOOD WILL, ETC.

NOTICE is hereby given that, as Public Administrator of the City of St. Louis, and as such in charge of the estate of John O'Malley, deceased, I will sell on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1881,

at the Store lately occupied by deceased, being

NO. 212 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

In the City of St. Louis, a Full Line of Pawnbroker's Goods, comprising

Jewelry of all kinds, Diamonds, Gold and Silver Watches, Watch Chains, Gold Rings, Breast Pins, Opera Glasses,

Musical Instruments of all kinds, Boots and Shoes, Clothing of all sorts, Guns and Pistols of every variety, Trunks and Valises, Large Jeweler's Safe, Show Cases, Store Fixtures and the unexpired term of lease in store.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock a. m., and continue from day to day until every article is sold.

Terms of sale cash, and no article will be delivered until it is paid for.

Parties desiring to purchase at this sale will be furnished with catalogues giving a description of every article sold, with a number attached to each.

For further particulars apply to
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office: N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust Streets, Ins. Building.
St. Louis, July 26, 1881.

N. B.—It is proper to state in connection with the above advertisement that no pledged or pawned article is advertised for sale, but the store will be kept open from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. every day until the day of sale for delivery of such articles, and if not called for by the day of sale they will be sold.
M. D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.
FORD'S OPERA COMPANY. To-night, for the first time in America, Gilbert & Sullivan's New Opera,
PATIENCE!
Or, BUNTHORNE'S BRIDE.
Down-town Ticket Office, Wood & Co., 517 Olive st.

PARK THEATER.
Last Night But One of the
STELLA OPERA COMPANY
In the Ever Popular Opera,
H. M. S. PINAFORE.
Sunday, July 31—Star Ideal Combination, with great specialty performance.

GRAND EXCURSION
TO
MONTESANO SPRINGS.
Steamer CHAS. P. CHOUTEAU,
Leaving foot of Olive street
To-Morrow, 5 P. M. Sharp.
ROUND TRIP .... 50 CENTS

DIAMONDS!
Imported direct from London and Paris. Duty is only 10 per cent. Our immense stock, large sales and facilities for obtaining diamonds enables us to undersell all competition on equal qualities. We sell as low as Diamonds can be obtained in London or Paris.
MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,
Nos. 401, 403 and 405 N. Fourth, cor. Locust.
THE LEADING JEWELERS IN THE WEST.

PATE'S
TURF EXCHANGE,
12 NORTH FOURTH STREET,
Opposite Court House.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

VENNOR
May Raise the Thermometer,
But the prices for substantial Trunks, Traveling Bags and Satchels are again lowered by
The Hickman Trunk Manufacturing Co.
Salesrooms: 309 N. Third street and 2109 to 2117 Morgan st., where can be seen the only practical
Tray Support
AND
The Baby Elephant.

LEGAL.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, July 25, 1881.
Margaret A. Bohan
vs.
John Bohan.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, or has concealed himself, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of habitual drunkenness, desertion and conduct such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable, and for an order granting plaintiff the custody of the children of said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 27th day of July, 1881.

SEAL

CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
5111

DIED.

BARDENWERPER—At 1 o'clock a. m., July 28, 1881, little GUSSIE, infant son of Benjamin and Clara V. Bardenwerper, aged 1 year and 2 days.

Was interred in St. Paul's Cemetery.

Covington (Ky.) papers please copy.

DINAN—MARY E., beloved wife of John F. Dinan, on Thursday, July 28, at 9 a. m., aged 27 years.

Funeral will take place from residence, 2108 Gamble ave., Saturday, July 30, at 9 a. m. Funeral services at St. John's Catholic Church.

GALLAGHER.—July 29, 1881, in the 88th year of her age, at residence on Boston street, between Newstead and Taylor avenues, Mrs. ANNIE GALLAGHER.

Funeral from St. Teresa's Church at 3 o'clock Sunday, July 31, 1881.

Friends of the family are invited to attend.

WANTED—To buy 20,000 second-hand brick, at reasonable price, at 2720 Market street.

"PATIENCE."

First Performance in America of Gilbert and Sullivan's New Opera.

Specimens of Gilbertiana—The Cult of the Æsthetes—Last Night at Uhrig's Cave.

The prounduction of Gilbert and Sullivan's latest opera, entitled "Patience, or Bunthorne's Bride," for the first time in America, was an affair of more than usual interest, especially in musical circles, and public curiosity had so long been aroused by the preliminary announcement of its presentation that it was no wonder that Uhrig's Cave was thronged to its utmost capacity last evening by a fashionable audience anxious to listen to the reigning London success in the operatic line and pass a verdict upon the successor of "Pinafore" and "Pirates of Penzance." "Patience" is in the stereotyped two acts, which seems to be a formula with the famous collaborateurs, and is a good-humored, witty and occasionally pungent satire upon the æsthetic craze, which has lately developed to such a large extent among the fashionables of London society—a craze which at present is unknown in this community.

This, of course, detracts somewhat from the enjoyment of the average audience, as the subject satirized is one with which they have no acquaintance. The libretto is essentially Gilbertian in its composition. There are the same quaint conceits, the same oddities and the same good-humored satire. It is one of the best of Mr. Gilbert's productions, and it must be admitted that even in England the success of the opera is due more to Mr. Gilbert's work than to Mr. Sullivan's music. "Patience" contains none of those more "catching" airs which made "Pinafore" such a phenomenal success, neither is the music as classical, if we may use the word, as the "Pirates." There is no aria or chorus which absolutely impresses itself upon your memory, while many of the melodies revive reminiscenses of the second of Sullivan's operatic P's. Still it is bright and lively, and here and there some of the music is very pretty. Its weakness as a comic opera is the fact that it fails to catch the popular ear. The story is ingeniously narrated by Gilbert, the idea of "duty" which served so well in the "Pirates" being again impressed into service. There are æsthetic maidens, and the primate of æsthetes, Bunthorne, who is a Swinburnean "fleshly" poet, Grosvenor a Joycian "idyllic" rhymester, heavy dragoons, and Patience a milkmaid. Although the piece has the alternative title of "Bunthorne's Bride," the "fleshly" man gets, vulgarly speaking, "left," while his idyllic rival wins the Maud Muller of the dairy, and B. has to be contented "with a tulip or a lily." The patter song by the Colonel of dragoons is similar to the Major-General's song in the "Pirates," and the first verse runs thus:

If you want a receipt for that popular mystery
 Known to the world as a Heavy Dragoon,
Take all the remarkable people in history,
 Rattle them off to a popular tune.
The pluck of Lord Nelson on board of the Victory;
 Genius of Bismarck devising a plan;
The humor of Fielding (which sounds contradictory);
 Coolness of Paget about to trepan;
The science of Julien, the eminent musico;
 Wit of Macaulay, who wrote of Queen Anne;
The pathos of Paddy, as rendered by Boucicault;
 Style of the Bishop of Sodor and Man;
The dash of D'Orsay, divested of quackery;
Narrative powers of Dickens and Thackeray;
Victor Emmanuel; peak-haunting Peveril;
Thomas Aquinas and Doctor Sacheverell;
Tupper and Tennyson; Daniel Defoe,
Anthony Trollope, and Mr. Guizot—
 Take of these elements all that is fusible,
 Melt 'em all down in a pippin or crucible;
 Set 'em to simmer, and take off the scum,
 And a Heavy Dragoon is the residuum.
CHORUS. Yes! yes! yes! yes!
 A heavy Dragoon is the residuum!

Bunthorne's poem, an imitation of Oscar Wilde's verses on "unkissed kisses" and other transcendental subjects entitled "Oh, Hollow! Hollow! Hollow!" is a keen thrust at the affectation of these aesthetic poets. Bunthorne recites:

What time the poet hath hymned
The writhing maid, lithe-limbed,
 Quivering on amaranthine asphodel,
How can he paint her woes,
Knowing, as well he knows,
 That all can be set right with calomel?

When from the poet's plinth
The amorous colocynth
 Yearns for the aloe, faint with rapturous thrills,
How can he hymn their throes,
Knowing, as well he knows,
 That they are only uncompounded pills?

Is it, and can it be,
Nature hath this decree,
 "Nothing poetic in the world shall dwell"?
Or that in all her works
Something poetic lurks,
 Even in colocynth and calomel?
 I cannot tell.

One of the best things in the libretto is Bunthorne's recitative and solo, when alone, wherein he acknowledges that he is a fraud. He says:

Am I alone
 And unobserved? I am!
Then let me own
 I'm an æsthetic sham!
This air severe
 Is but a mere
 Veneer!
This cynic smile
 Is but a wile
 Of guile!
This costume chaste
 Is but good taste
 Misplaced!

Let me confess!
A languid love for lilies does not blight me;
Lank limbs and haggard cheeks do not delight me;
 I do not care for dirty greens
 By any means;
 I do not long for all one sees
 That's Japanese;
 I am not fond of uttering platitudes
 In stained-glass attitudes.
 In short, my mediævalism's affectation,
 Born of a morbid love of admiration!

How to become an æsthete is disclosed in the following rhymes:

If you're anxious for to shine in the high æsthetic line as a man of culture rare,
You must get up all the germs of the transcendental terms, and plant them everywhere;
You must lie upon the daisies and discourse in novel phrases of your complicated state of mind;
The meaning doesn't matter if it's only idle chatter of a transcendental kind.
 And every one will say
 As you walk your mystic way,
"If this young man expresses himself in terms too deep for me,
Why, what a very singularly deep young man this deep young man must be!"

Be eloquent in praise of the very dull old days which have long since passed away,
And convince 'em, if you can, that the reign of good Queen Anne was Culture's palmiest day,
Of course you will pooh-pooh whatever's fresh and new, and declare it's crude and mean,
For Art stopped short in the cultivated court of the Empress Josephine.
 And every one will say,
 As you walk your mystic way,
"If that's not good enough for him which is good enough for me,
Why, what a very cultivated kind of youth this kind of youth must be!"

Then a sentimental passion of a vegetable fashion must excite your languid spleen—
An attachment *a la Plato* for a bashful young potato or a not too-French French bean!
Though the Philistines may jostle, you will rank as an apostle in the high æsthetic band,
If you walk down Piccadilly with a poppy or a lily in your mediæval hand.
 And every one will say
 As you walk your flowery way,
"If he's content with a vegetable love, which certainly would not suit me,
Why, what a most particularly pure young man this pure young man must be!"

The duet between Bunthorne and Grosvenor in the second act is also good:

BUN. When I go out of door
 Of damozels a score
 (All sighing and burning,
 And clinging and yearning)
 Will follow me as before;
 I shall, with cultured taste,
 Distinguish gems from paste,
 And "High diddle-diddle"
 Will rank as an idyl
 If I pronounce it chaste.
 A most intense young man
 A soulful-eyed young man,
 An ultra-poetical, super-æsthetical,
 Out-of-the way young man!

BOTH. A most intense young man, etc.

GROS. Conceive me, if you can,
 An every-day young man,
 A commonplace type,
 With a stick and a pipe,
 And a half-bred black-and-tan;
 Who thinks suburban "hops"
 More fun than "Monday Pops;"
 Who's fond of his dinner,
 And doesn't get thinner
 On bottled beer and chops!
 A commonplace young man,
 A matter-of-fact young man,
 A steady and stolid-y, jolly Bank-holiday,
 Waterloo House young man!

BUN. (*Dancing.*)
 A Japanese young man,
 A blue-and-white young man,
 Francesca di Rimini, miminy, priminy,
 Je-ne-sais-quoi young man.

GROS. (*Dancing.*)
 A Chancery Lane young man,
 A Somerset-House young man,
 A very delectable, highly respectable,
 Threepenny-bus young man!

BUN. (*Dancing.*)
 A pallid and thin young man,
 A haggard and lank young man,
 A greenery-yallery, Grosvenor Gallery,
 Foot-in-the-grave young man!

BUN. Conceive me, if you can,
 A crotchety, cracked young man,
 An ultra-poetical, super-æsthetical,
 Out-of-the-way young man.

GROS. Conceive me, if you can,
 A matter-of-fact young man,
 An alphabetical, arithmetical,
 Every-day young man.

Enough has been quoted to show that there is no falling off in Gilbert's peculiar powers.

Miss Blanche Chapman, as Patience, was excellent as ever. She sang and acted finely as she always does. Miss Mamie Taylor, as the fading Lady Jane, deserves special praise. Miss May Stembler, Miss Lillie Grub and Miss Clara Peck, as three æsthetical maidens, were all good. Mr. Geo. Denham carried out his conception of Bunthorne harmoniously and made many effective points, although we do not think he has the correct idea of an Oscar Wildean æsthete. Mr. Fitzgerald as Grosvenor was decidedly good, and he scored an undoubted success. Mr. Lang as the Duke made quite a feature of the role and sang with his usual fine method. Messrs. Hogandorp and Curley were both thoroughly satisfactory as heavy dragoons and disguised æsthetes. The chorus was thoroughly efficient, and the work of Mr. Furst in the orchestration displayed his fine ability and judgment as a musician. Mr. Furst is an accomplished director, and his work here has been of the highest kind. The costumes were all new and appropriate and were supplied by Mrs. Purcell. "Patience," while not destined to attain the popularity of "La Mascotte," is sure to have a successful run, as curiosity concerning this latest opera of Gilbert and Sullivan's is very rife. Messrs. Ford and Collins, the managers, are deserving of great praise for the enterprise they have this year evinced. They have produced "Patience" for the first time not only in St. Louis, but in America, while they also gave "La Mascotte" for the first time in St. Louis. They have kept all their promises to the public, and in return have been liberally patronized. "Patience" will be kept on the programme until further notice.

THE PARK.

The popular "Pinafore" was repeated last evening at the Park Theater to an appreciative audience. It will be presented again this evening by the Stella Company. On Sunday the Star Variety Combination will occupy the boards at the Park.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A meeting of the Police Board was held yesterday afternoon, at which time they concluded their work on their new constitution.

John Raymond, a tramp, was carrying a lap-robe along Washington avenue, near Sixth street. John is now in the Chestnut Street Station.

Charles W. Canter was prosecuted before Justice P. J. Taafe yesterday afternoon, Pat Walsh being the prosecuting witness. Carter was fined $1 and costs.

James Marshall, of Denver, Colorado, lost a $24 ticket at the Union Depot last evening, but was fortunate enough to have it returned to him shortly afterwards.

Lewis Clawson, Jr., was drowned at Kenwood last night at about 6 o'clock. The body was immediately recovered, and the Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

The Trades Assembly held a meeting at Turner Hall last night to complete their arrangements for their grand picnic at Bamberger's Grove, September 4.

Margaret Doering was yesterday charged with extending the step of her new house, on Menard street, between Lafayette and Emmett, beyond the building line.

J. Cogswell won the Sportsmen's Medal at the shoot yesterday, having shot 14 in a possible 15 in the regular shoot and 8 straight on ties. Once more and the medal is his.

The funeral services of the late John R. Scott were conducted at St. Theresa's Church on Grand avenue yesterday afternoon. Mr. Scott has been a resident of St. Louis since 1834.

Mary Pucetier, who eloped from Pine and Ninth streets with a street-car driver about three weeks ago, was yesterday found by Officer James Ryan and taken to the Central Station.

Health Commissioner Francis had a report before the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday, in which he asserts that Mr. Herman does not have the city slops daily removed, and that the manner of removal is very unsatisfactory to citizens.

Carl W. Schraubstadter, Jr., was last night arrested by Officer Coleman and charged with having assaulted Harry Wagoner on Wednesday night. Carl acknowledges that he did shoot Wagoner, but insists that he was set upon and was only acting in self-defense.

Henry Humpert's large flour mill, situated on the Bellefontaine road, near O'Fallon avenue, caught fire about 8:30 last night. After two hours' hard fighting the fire was extinguished. The loss amounts to about $10,000, partially covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Philip Popp committed suicide at Dutch Hill last Wednesday by discharging a pistol in his mouth, the ball passing upward and lodging in his brain. Temporary insanity is supposed to have been the cause of the terrible act. Deceased was a single man of 21 years, and his parents live in this city.

About three weeks ago a young man named Samuel Stevens was swindled out of $13, by a young man who professed to be a merchant near Clarksville and wanted to employ him. Yesterday he got his eye on the pseudo-merchant, and a few moments later Officer Faurley had his hand on him. He gave his name as John C. Duncan.

Commissioner Francis sent a communication to Mayor Ewing yesterday stating that the dairies, bone factories and slaughter-houses along Mill Creek, Rocky Branch, Harlan Creek and Moline Creek are rendering these streams very impure by throwing offal into them. Harlem and Moline creeks empty into the Mississippi just above the Water-works, and their condition should be looked to.

The commissioners of Pratt County, Kas., have been arrested and imprisoned by an armed mob, to prevent the issue of certificates for sale of bonds in aid of a fictitious railroad enterprise.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The infernal machines shipped to Great Britain were made at Peoria.

The business portion of Lebanon, Tenn., was destroyed by fire on Thursday night.

Ex-Governor Bagley, of Michigan, died at San Francisco on Thursday in his 49th year.

The Supreme Judicial Court of Boston has refused Major Pond's motion for a new trial of the divorce case.

Pastor A. J. Wolley, of the M. E. church at Denison, Tex., has mysteriously disappeared, laboring under mental aberration.

O'Donovan Rossa has been deprived of a sub-agency of the Allan Ocean Steamship Line on account of the dynamite shipment.

Philip Popp, whose relatives reside in St. Louis, was accidentally shot and killed on his uncle's farm at Lenzburg, Ill., on Thursday.

The U. S. Marshal of Springfield, Mo., has arrived at Little Rock, having in custody Thomas Andrews, the notorious moonshiner.

A stay of execution for thirty days has been granted by Gov. Hawkins, of Tennessee, to Andrew Saunders, sentenced to hang on Friday.

Private James Reed, of the U. S. Artillery, was crushed to death beneath the wheels of a Government wagon at Atlanta, Ga., on Thursday.

A misplaced switch at Galena, Ill., upset the night passenger train out on Thursday night. All the coaches were turned over, but no one was hurt.

The only case of yellow fever as yet developed at New York is that of Capt. Fawcett, of the Havana steamer British Empire. The vessel is detained.

Sophia Rogers, the little five-year-old daughter of the under-Sheriff at Phœnix, Arizona, was accidentally shot and killed by her brother on Thursday.

Wm. Bennett, a young man residing at Sheldon, Mo., was stabbed and killed on Thursday by Boland Baker, a married man, in settlement of an old grudge.

James Renfro and J. P. Wilson quarreled at Collierville, Tenn., on Thursday, over some dogs, which resulted in Renfro shattering out the brains of Wilson with a revolver.

The notorious impostor "Sir Charles Ashley" is jailed at Cleveland, O., upon a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. He cheated a widow out of $47 on a pawn ticket.

Gov. Crittenden offers $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of each person participating in the Glendale and Winston train robberies and $5,000 for the arrest and delivery of Frank or Jesse James, to the Sheriff of Daviess county, for the murder of John Sheets.

Two freight trains heavily laden came together on the New York and New Haven Road near Rye, on Thursday afternoon. Eli Latin, conductor, and Henry Hallack, brakeman, were killed. The rolling stock was damaged to the extent of $50,000.

THE manufacturer of the Charm Baking Powder, Mr. Rohrer, 125 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo., says that St. Jacobs Oil cured his wife of chronic neuralgia in one night, after ineffectual treatment by the ablest physicians.

IF you want solid comfort order the Guarantee Fitting Shirt at McElrath's, 509 N. Sixth street.

A Mad Dog's Ravages.

Philadelphia Special to Chicago Times.

Since Thursday last, when James Lee's Scotch terrier Sandy was attacked with hydrophobia and bit two men, a young woman and two children, people living in the neighborhood of Roxborough, Wissahickon and the falls have been greatly excited, and the lives of scores of valuable dogs have been sacrificed to appease the fears of the public. Mr. Lee lives at Wissahickon, and his family is supplied with milk by Wm. Ruetter. Ruetter was the first victim of the dog, and received a severe wound in the ankle. After biting a setter belonging to S. Hall, Sandy ran to the depot, where he nipped a terrier belonging to W. Osgood and mouthed a French poodle that lay basking in the sun in front of Robert Prindee's residence at the station. An hour or so later the mad dog was heard of at John Fessner's, on the river road, where he bit a dog, and shortly ran into the yard of P. Viller's hotel and drew blood on two watch-dogs before he passed on to Charles Tolen's, where he bit two others. Between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon Sandy bolted into the porch of Chas. M. Myers' hotel, on the river road, and bit a 6-year-old son of Mrs. Myers, and an 8-year-old playfellow named Harrison Wilder. Robert Moffett, Myers' bar-keeper, saw the dog's attack, and, grabbing up a shot-gun, ran out in time to see Sandy disappear over a hill behind the stable yard. During the afternoon the mad dog bit a setter on the farm of J. Maley, and between 4 and 5 o'clock in the evening ran into the yard of Thomas Hess, a farmer living one mile northeast of Wissahickon, where he bit Annie Hess, aged 12 years. Two or three hours later Jas. McStay and five or six other men were sitting on a log near the depot at Wissahickon discussing Sandy's terrible work, when, to their horror, the animal dashed down the hill behind them, bit McStay, and ran to his master's yard and took refuge in an outhouse, and was killed by Mr. Lee. After biting Ruetter the dog had evidently run a circle of seven or eight miles in circumference and returned to his starting-point. The Myers child was bitten in the right arm above the elbow and the Welder boy received a slight wound in the left thigh. The wounds of the children were cauterized by Dr. Heffner, of this city, and are now nearly well. The dog's teeth made two wounds on the right ankle of Miss Hess, and they have been treated with simples applied by her people. Thus far fourteen dogs that were bitten by Mr. Lee's mad beast have been killed by their owners or the police, and hardly a day passes but one or more suspected animals are added to the death list.

From Dr. S. W. Hunter,

BALTIMORE, MD. * Colden,s LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF, I take pleasure in recommending, always produces *good blood, health and strength*.

Echoes From Saratoga.

From a Letter to the Chicago Times.

There is one man here who is thoroughly out of humor with the results of the racing so far, and that is the owner of Iroquois, Mr. Pierre Lorillard, of New York. He says he has spoiled his luck by sending his best horses to Europe. And his big face indicates the most profound chagrin, because his brother's stables are preferred by betting men to his own. The thought of them is a weariness and a vexation to him, and his heart is sad as he contemplates his possessions in horse-flesh. Poor man! His $100,000 winnings of last year will not be repeated this season at the present rate. The track is in fine condition, a number of famous stables are well represented, and all the necessary elements of exhilaration are present. The races are well patronized by the fashionables of the place, by those who are allured by the possibilities of fortunes made under the speculative canvas, and by those who enjoy the æsthetics of the turf, the Arab swiftness of the famous chargers, the bouquet brightness of the grand stand.

Of the twenty different mineral waters that nature has produced at this point, in the heart of a fragrant pine forest, and at the foot of the Adirondack Mountains, the Congress and Columbian are the most generally drank by visitors. To the Congress water is ascribed some miraculous properties. I heard a lady telling a gentleman, with a very dingy complexion, in the pavilion the other morning, that he would be greatly surprised when he returned to New York to find the change the water would eventually work in his skin. He had a most strangely shaped mouth, which the water was expected to straighten. It does improve the complexion, as one readily remarks the brilliant color of the ladies at the hotels, even on the first day!

There is a mistaken notion abroad that there is a great deal of dressing done here, and that one must do it in order to avoid being conspicuous. This is an arrant slander on Saratoga. You can do just as you please about your dress, and excite no unpleasant remark. There are ladies here with trunks full of rich and elegant costumes, and there are ladies here with a few quiet dresses. A lady of position, the wife of a prominent New York politician, spent ten days at the Grand Union, having but two dresses with her, a plain black cashmere, which she wore every day and all day, and a plain black silk, which she wore on Sabbath. She was invited out several times, and visited at Woodlawn, Judge Hilton's fairy palace. She came to spend several weeks, but was called away by the death of a relative. On the other hand, there are those who dress three times a day and show most elaborate toilets, but that fact does not make such more envied, desired or neglected. It takes more than the contents of trunks and band-boxes to ripple the placid bosom of society in this tranquil atmosphere. Occasionally the monotony of gray, black, blue, dotted white muslin and cream bunting is fractured by the advent of a flame-colored garment worn by some fiery, untamed spirit who is only stopping for one day, and is "bound to show the best she's got."

It is quite the thing to have a tall-crowned hat, a sombrero-brim, lined with wine or maroon velvet. Two long, fluffy feathers are fastened on the edge so as to droop over a little. These are affected entirely by small women, having tiny, peaked faces, which are lost in the immensity of space. Then the hat must be set well back and "jauntily" on one side of the head.

ST. LOUIS' OPPORTUNITY.

Every Citizen Interested.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, February 12, 1881.

For the first time in life I am induced to give a testimonial. Noticing in some paper an advertisement of Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush, I sent $3 for one, and find it indeed a remarkable brush. My wife has for years suffered with headaches. The brush cures them at once. Several friends have used it for headaches, and it has never failed. My wife was also getting prematurely bald, but the brush has entirely stopped the falling hair and started a new growth. I use it to remove dandruff and it works like a charm. Five times the cost would not buy my brush if I could not replace it. To-day I bought of McAlmont, druggist, of this place, two brushes to send to friends who have tried mine and requested me to buy for them. Col. Ponder, Mayor of Walnut Ridge, was attacked by a severe case of sick headache while at my house. He was very sick. My wife proposed to try the brush, which he finally consented to do, with no faith in it, however. In three months he said he never felt better in his life, and directed me to send him a brush. I have authorized McAlmont, the druggist, to use my name in recommending it.

Yours truly,
GEORGE THORNBURGH,
Speaker of the House of Representatives, Little Rock, Ark.

Mr. Thornburgh is also Grand High Priest, Royal Arch Mason, and Past Grand Master of Masons of Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, April 5, 1881.

To the Public: Having been troubled by letters asking if the above is genuine, I hereby declare it to be *strictly true*. It was given voluntarily, without solicitation, and this is my answer to all inquiries.

GEORGE THORNBURGH.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

It restored my hair and quickly cures my wife's headaches.

REV. A. C. BRIDGEMAN, D. D.

SARATOGA, N. Y.

It is a splendid brush; cures my headaches in a few minutes. I recommend it.

J. B. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

EVANSVILLE, IND., 121 Walnut street.

It has paid for itself handsomely.

REV. J. Q. ADAMS.

WILLIAMSBURG, Miss.

It will do all you claim for it. It has cured headaches, neuralgia, toothaches and rheumatism in our families.

REV. H. M. LANG.

DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO., N.Y.

Wife suffered for years with neuralgia. Brush entirely cured her. HENRY D. BARTLETT.

These testimonials came to us unsolicited, and we get such every day. Pamphlets mailed free. This remarkable Brush has met with great success, and is warranted to cure Nervous or Bilious Headaches in five to seven minutes, cure Neuralgia and Rheumatism in two to five minutes, and to quickly stop falling hair and baldness. *All dealers are authorized to return the price if not as represented.* A Beautiful, Pure Bristle Brush. We will send it postpaid on receipt of $3 00, or by Express, C.O.D., at your expense, with privilege of examination.

The Pall Mall Electric Association, 842 Broadway, Wallack's Theater Building.

For sale at all drug and fancy Stores.

For You, Madam,

Whose complexion betrays some humiliating imperfection, whose mirror tells you that you are Tanned, Sallow and disfigured in countenance, or have Eruptions, Redness, Roughness or unwholesome tints of complexion, we say use Hagan's Magnolia Balm.

It is a delicate, harmless and delightful article, producing the most natural and entrancing tints, the artificiality of which no observer can detect, and which soon becomes permanent if the Magnolia Balm is judiciously used.

MUSICAL.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS.
$35
45
60
75
90
110
125
150
185
200
250
275
At BARREIRAS' PIANO WAREROOMS,
Cor. Eleventh and Olive.

NEW and second hand pianos for sale or rent at lowest rates. Inquire at Pommer's, 1218 Pine street.

100 PIANOS WANTED FOR CASH AT BARREIRAS', 11TH AND OLIVE.

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Depot Warehouse Company, for the election of three Directors to serve during the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the office of the company in the City of St. Louis on Monday, the 8th day of August, 1881. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. until 2 o'clock p. m.

JOHN G. ALEXANDER, Secretary. A. H. HANDLAN, JR., President.

St. Louis, July 13, 1881.

THERMOMETERS.
The Largest, Best and Finest Stock in the States,
From 20c Up.
BAROMETERS
$5.00 UP.
at
ALOE, HERNSTEIN & CO.'S
Optical Establishment,
300 North Fourth st., Cor. Olive, and 325 & 327 Olive st.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis. ss.
In the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, July 25, 1881.
William E. Bohmie
vs.
Kate Bohmie.

It appearing from the petition and affidavit herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has, without reasonable cause, absented herself from plaintiff for the space of one year next before the filing of the petition herein.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 27th day of July, 1881.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
41H

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Probate Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, July 11, A. D. 1881.
Estate of Henry Gersie.

Now, at this day, comes Henry Anthony, administrator of the estate of Henry Gersie, deceased, and presents to the Court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this Court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the said City of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the City of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this Court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court, City of St. Louis, hereto affixed, this 14th day of July, 1881.

SEAL W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.
40H

ESTATE of Louis Ganter, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Louis Ganter,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 27th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 29th day of July, 1881.

JOSEPH C. MILLER,
Administrator of estate of Louis Ganter, deceased.
391

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

DIVIDEND.—The creditors of Abraham Matson are hereby notified that a dividend of fifteen (15) per cent will be paid on all allowed claims against the estate by the undersigned on and after August 5, 1881, at the law office of Overall, Judson & Tutt, No. 417 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.

F. LEWIS FLUESMEIER, Assignee.

St. Louis, July 26, 1881.

The Waukesha Mineral Rock Spring Water

The purest and healthiest water in the world. Is put up for FAMILY and OFFICE USE in 10 gallon cans; 15c per gallon, delivered. The cans loaned. Office, 105 North Fourth st. Order it.

THE AMERICAN BRAKE CO.

SPECIAL

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the American Brake Company that a special meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust streets, St. Louis, at 12 o'clock on the 29th day of July, 1881, for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the Company to Two Million Dollars,

S. W. McMUNN,
D. H. CHAPMAN,
ALBERT BLAIR,
JOHN B. GRAY,
D. S. RANDOLPH,
W. H. WATERS,
E. E. CHASE,
Directors.

FOR SALE.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railins and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 713 Pine.

FINE BUILDING LOT CHEAP—50x145 on north side of Kennerly avenue, 100 feet west of and opposite Cote Brilliante School; now reached for one car-fare; it lies slightly above grade, on high ground; will be sold at a sacrifice. Apply to the foreman of this office. 22

FOR SALE—Top covered wagon cheap. Inquire at this office. 13

FOR SALE—Aquarium in perfect order, cheap, at 320 N. Third st., second floor.

FOR SALE—A saloon on a prominent corner in the center of the city; will be sold on reasonable terms if applied for before Aug. 1. For particulars apply to Lancaster & Tiernan, 212 N. Eighth street.

FOR SALE—Lots and farm lands. Inquire of Page & Buckland, Missouri avenue, East St. Louis, Ill.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.
Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railway Company.

Notice of Special Meeting.

A special meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on the 28th day of September next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of acting upon the following agreements made by its Board of Directors:

1. An agreement with the Cairo and Vincennes Railway Company for the consolidation of that company with this company. The said agreement also provides for the issue in exchange for the common stock of said company of common stock of this company to the amount of not exceeding three millions five hundred thousand dollars, being an increase of the capital stock of this company to that extent.
2. An agreement with the Danville and Southwestern Railway Company for the consolidation of said Company with this Company.
3. An agreement with the St. Francisville and Lawrenceville Railroad Company for the consolidation of said Company with this Company.

Each of the foregoing agreements provides for the issue by this company of its five per cent bonds to the amount of three millions eight hundred and fifty-seven thousand dollars ($3,857,000), secured by mortgage upon the railroads and property of the said Cairo, Danville and St. Francisville companies. Said issue of bonds is to be paid to the stockholders of the said three companies and for rolling stock of said Cairo company in the proportions specified in said agreements.

4. An agreement between the St. Louis Bridge Company, the Tunnel Railroad Company of St. Louis, the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway Company, and the Missouri Pacific Railway Company, for the lease by the two last named companies of the Bridge over the Mississippi River, and the Tunnel and Railroad Tracks, and for the acquisition by the lessee companies of the common stock of said St. Louis Bridge Company.

SOLON HUMPHREYS,
A. L. HOPKINS,
JAY GOULD,
RUSSELL SAGE,
THOMAS, E. TUTT,
JAMES F. HOW,
BENJ. W. LEWIS,
CHARLES RIDGLEY,
GEO. L. DUNLAP,
F. L. AMES,
JAMES CHENEY,
JAMES F. JOY,
SAMUEL SLOAN,
GEORGE G. HAVEN,
SIDNEY DILLON.

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.
A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately. Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.
MARRIAGE } 260 PAGES.
FINE PLATES. } GUIDE!
Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo.

TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

UNION DEPOT,

ST. LOUIS TIME.

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

LACLEDE AND CREVE CŒUR LAKE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Leave Union Depot at 8 a. m. daily; at 3:17 p. m. daily and 6:12 p. m. except Sunday.

Arrive at Union Depot at 12:30 p. m. daily; 6:25 p. m. daily and 10:50 p. m. daily.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Accommodation	* 6:55 a. m.	* 8:30 p. m.
Fast Express	† 8:10 a. m.	† 6:00 p. m.
Salem Accommodation	* 5:05 p. m.	* 8:40 a. m.
Night Express	† 6:50 p. m.	* 7:10 a. m.
Pacific Express		† 8:20 a. m.

CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUS RAILROAD

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Morning Express	* 7:40 a. m.	* 8:10 p. m
Chicago Lightning Express	† 3:40 a. m.	† 7:55 a. m.
K. C. and California Exp.	† [illegible] a. m.	† 7:05 p. m.
Kansas City and Denver Ex.	† 8:40 p. m.	† 8:50 a. m.
Jacksonville and Peoria Exp.	† 1:10 p. m.	* 1:55 p. m.
Springfield Accommodation	† 4:50 p. m.	*10:55 a. m.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R

Minneapolis & St. Paul Fast Mail and Express	* 9:50 a. m.	* 4:22 p.m.
RockIsland&Burlington mail	* 9:50 a. m.	* 4:22 p. m.
Rock Island Dubuque & St. Paul express	‖ 7:32 p. m.	‡ 7:42 a. m.
Chicago, Peoria & Burlington express	7:32 p. m.	7:42 a. m.

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

Cairo Mail and St. Louis Ex.	* 7:45 a. m.	* 9:45 a. m
Way Exp. and Fast Mail	* 3:30 p. m.	* 7:05 p. m.
New Orleans & Lightning Ex.	† 8:20 p. m.	†10:40 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Day Express	* 8:00 a. m.	† 7:30 a. m.
Chicago Express	† 7:00 p. m.	* 8:10 p. m.

ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Belleville Accommodation	† 8:20 a. m. *11:00 a. m. * 2:50 p. m. † 5:45 p. m.	† 8:05 a. m. *10:40 a. m. * 2:05 p. m. † 5:25 p. m.
Sunday	8:50 a. m 6:00 p. m.	8:35 a. m. 5:55 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Day Express	† 7:55 a. m.	† 6:45 p. m.
New York Express	* 6:55 p. m.	* 8:00 a. m.
Accommodation	† 4:45 p. m.	† 9:35 a. m.

KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS LINE. (ST. L., K. AND N. W. RAILWAY.)

Keokuk Express	* 9:10 a. m.	* 6:05 p. m.
Keokuk Night Express	‖ 8:40 p. m.	‡ 6:40 a. m.

LACLEDE & CREVE CŒUR LAKE R. R.

Lake accommodation	* 8:08 a. m * 8:18 a. m. † 3:25 p. m. * 6:20 p. m.	†12:38 p. m. * 6:33 p. m. †10:58 p. m.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD—ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

Nashville Mail	* 8:00 a. m.	- 8:00 p. m.
Mascoutah Accommodation, daily except Sunday	- 8:30 a. m.	*11:00 a. m.
Nashville Express	* 9:00 p. m.	† 6:00 a. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Day Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:00 p. m.
Fast Line	† 8:40 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.
Local Passenger	* 7:00 a. m.	* 6:33 p. m.
Washington	* 4:55 p. m.	* 8:25 a. m.
Pacific	† 8:50 p. m.	† 6:40 a. m.
Pacific (Sunday only)	8:18 a. m.	
Kirkwood	* 8:05 a. m.	* 7:20 a. m.
Kirkwood	*10:00 a. m.	*10:58 p. m.
Kirkwood	* 3:25 p. m.	*10:50 a. m.
Kirdwood (Sunday only)	1:08 p. m.	- 9:58 a. m.
Kirkwood	* 6:20 p. m.	*12:38 p. m.
Kirkwood	*11:25 p. m.	* 5:15 p. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY, KANSAS AND TEXAS DIVISION.

Texas Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:00 p. m.
Kansas Express	† 8:40 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Kansas and Texas Ex.	† 8:50 p. m.	† 6:40 a. m.
Springfield Accommodation	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:33 p. m.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN.

Nashville and Atlantic ex.	* 7:50 a. m.	*2:28 p. m.
Texas express	† 9:00 a. m.	†6:55 a. m.
Mobile and N. O. express	† 8:30 p. m.	†6:25 a. m.
Texas express	† 9:00 p. m.	†5:10 p. m.

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO R. R.

Springfield accommodation	† 9:00 a. m	† 6:33 p. m.
Kansas and Texas	† 8:50 p. m.	† 6:40 a. m.

ST LOUIS BRIDGE CO. & TUNNEL R. R.

Stock Yard Accommodation	* 6:20 a. m.	* 4:40 p. m.
Stock Yard Accommodation	* 5:05 p. m.	* 6:40 p. m.

VANDALIA LINE.

Day Express	† 8:00 a. m.	† 8:10 p. m.
Louisville and Cincinnati Ex.	* 6:30 p. m.	† 8:00 a. m.
Pittsburg and New York Ex.	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.
Mail and Accommodation	* 3:00 p. m.	* 5:00 p. m.
Highland Accommodation	* 6:00 p. m.	* 8:20 a. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY, EASTERN DIVISION.

Atlantic Express	* 7:50 a. m.	† 7:50 p. m.
Decatur& Jacksonville Accm.	† 4:35 p. m.	*10:50 a. m.
Boston Fast Line	* 6:40 p. m.	* 8:35 a. m.
Chicago Lightning Express	* 8:05 p. m.	* 7:30 a. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY, WESTERN DIVISION.

Mail and Express	† 9:10 a. m.	† 6:05 p. m.
Rosedale Accommodation	* 8:45 a. m.	*10:45 a. m.
Ferguson Accommodation	† 4:20 p. m.	† 8:15 a. m.
Rosedale Accommodation	-11:00 a. m.	-12:10 a. m.
Rosedale Accommodation	† 1:30 p. m.	† 2:40 p. m.
Rosedale Accommodation	† 3:00 p. m.	-12:10 p. m.
Ferguson Accommodation	† 6:30 p. m.	† 8:15 a. m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex.	† 8:40 p. m.	† 6:40 a. m.
Pacific Express	† 8:20 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.

*Except Sunday. ‖Except Saturday.
†Daily. ‡Except Monday
¶Monday. -Sunday only.

Administ

ADMINISTRATOR'S ... der of the Probat... Louis, Missouri, the u... the individual estate of... will, on MONDAY, THE 18T D... between the hours o... at the east front door o... city, sell to the highest... ing judgment accounts... belonging to the estate... Judgment of the St. L... March 12, 1877, in favor... against Charles and Ch... with interest from said... Note of John Hamme... 30 days, for $127 17 and... 10 per cent per annum... Note of August Schaf... 60 days, for $117 50 and... 10 per cent per annum... Note of Carl F. Hue... $150 and interest there... per annum, and... Note of S. T. Dillon,... for $78, with interest th...

Administrat...
St. Louis, July 25, 18...
Collier & Muench, att...

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S ... ceased.—Notice is hereby ... charge of the estate of Lizzie M... deceased, and that I did ... 1881, for the purpose of ... All persons having cla... to exhibit the sa... lowance within one yea... or they may be preclude... tate; and if such claims ... years from the date of ... forever barred.

Public Administra...
Office, Northwest Corn...
Insurance Building,
St. Louis, Mo., July 1...

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S FINAL SETTLEMENT ... Luxinger, alias Strack, ... given to all creditors ... estate of Louisa Luxin... deceased, that I, the un... for in charge of said es... settlement thereof at ... Court of the City of St... Court House in said city... September, A. D. 1881.

Public Administra...
Office northwest corner ...
surance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881.

NOTICE OF FINAL ... hereby given to ... ested in the estate of ... deceased, that I, the un... a. of said estate, intend ... at the next term of the ... City of St. Louis, to be ... in said city on the second ...

Adm'r c. t. a. ...
St. Louis, July 29, 188...

NOTICE OF FINAL ... hereby given to all ... ested in the estate of ... deceased, that I, the un... estate, intend to make a ... next term of the Pr... St. Louis, to be holden ... city on the second Mond...

Executrix ...
St. Louis, July 29, 188...

NOTICE OF FINAL ... hereby given to all ... ested in the estate of ... Brinckwirth, G... that we, the undersigne... late firm, intend to mak... at the next term of the ... St. Louis, to be holden ... City on the second Mo...

Surviving partners of ...
St. Louis, July 29, 188...

NOTICE OF FINAL ... hereby given to all ... ested in the estate of ... deceased, that I, the un... said estate, intend to ... at the next term of the ... St. Louis, to be holden ... city on the second Mond...

Administratrix of ... deceased.
St. Louis, July 29, 188...

SURVIVING PARTN... Notice is hereby ... Frederick F. Niesen, ... firm of Holzhausen & ... THURSDAY, THE ... at the east front door ... St. Louis, sell at public ... collected assets belonging ... or uncollected judgment ...

Surviving Partne...
St. Louis, Mo., July 2...

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S ... deceased.—Notice is hereby ... taken charge of the estate ... Mary Ann D... deceased, and that I did ... 1881, for the purpose of ... All persons having ... required to exhibit the ... allowance within one ... or they may be precluded ... and if such claims ... two years from the date ... be forever barred.

Public Administra...
Office, Northwest Corne...
Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1...

NOTICE OF FINAL ... hereby given to ... ested in the estate of ... deceased, that I, the ... said estate, intend to ... at the next term of the ... St. Louis, to be holden ... city on the second Mon...

Administrator of the es... ceased.
St. Louis, July 13, 188...

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—Pursuant to an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, the undersigned, administrator of the individual estate of John T. Berry, deceased, will, on

MONDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1881, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following judgment accounts, notes and choses in action belonging to the estate of said deceased, to-wit:

Judgment of the St. Louis Circuit Court rendered March 12, 1877, in favor of said John T. Berry and against Charles and Charles J. Zoller, for $388 35, with interest from said date at 6 per cent.

Note of John Hammer, dated August 6, 1875, balance due $89 15, with interest at 10 per cent per annum from date.

Note of J. V. Weolin, dated November 1, 1877, at 30 days, for $127 17 and interest thereon from date at 10 per cent per annum.

Note of August Schaffner dated October 12, 1877, 60 days, for $117 50 and interest thereon from date at 10 per cent per annum.

Note of Carl F. Huehner, dated August 1, 1876, for $150 and interest thereon from date at 10 per cent per annum, and

Note of S. T. Dillon, dated August 4, 1873, 60 days, for $78, with interest thereon.

ANTHONY NACKE,
Administrator of John T. Berry, dec'd.
St. Louis, July 25, 1881.
Collier & Muench, att'ys. 83G

No. 13,979 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Lizzie M. Edgington, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Lizzie M. Edgington,

deceased, and that I did so on the th day of June, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 42E

No. 13,385.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Louisa Luxinger, alias Strack, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Louisa Luxinger, alias Strack,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 58E

No. 13,381.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Christian Ott.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Christian Ott,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust Sts., Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 56E

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

William Niesen,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

ALVINA NIESEN,
Adm'rx c. t. a. of William Niesen, dec'd.
St. Louis, July 29, 1881. 35H

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Gustav Meyer,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlemant thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of next September.

MARY MEYER,
Executrix of Gustav Meyer, deceased.
St. Louis, July 29, 1881. 36H

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John A. Hartmann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said deceased, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

WILHELMINE HARTMANN,
Executrix of John A. Hartmann, deceased.
St. Louis, July 29, 1881. 37H

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of the late firm of

Brinckwirth, Griesedieck & Nolker,

that we, the undersigned, surviving partners of said late firm, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said City on the second Monday of September next.

LOUIS BRINCKWIRTH,
WILLIAM F. NOLKER,
surviving partners of the late firm of Brinckwirth, Griesedieck & Nolker.
St. Louis, July 29, 1881. 31H

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John H. Borgess,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said state, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Mondoy of September next.

ELIZA BORGESS,
Administratrix of the estate of John H. Borgess, deceased.
St. Louis, July 29, 1881. 32H

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Henry Kleinhenn,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix c. t. a. of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

CATHARINE KLEINHENN,
Administratrix c. t. a. of the estate of Henry Kleinhenn, deceased.
St. Louis, July 29, 1881. 53 H

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Robert Jarvis,

deceased, that I the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next.

GEO. E. LEIGHTON,
Administrator with will annexed of estate of Robert Jarvis, deceased.
St. Louis, July 18, 1881. 95F

SURVIVING PARTNER'S SALE OF ASSETS.—Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, Frederick E. Niesen, surviving partner of the late firm of Holzhausen & Niesen, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, at the east front of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, sell at public sale, for cash, all the uncollected assets belonging to said estate, consisting of uncollected notes, uncollected accounts and one uncollected judgment.

FREDERICK E. NIESEN,
Surviving Partner of Holzhausen & Niesen.
St. Louis, Mo., July 29, 1881. 50H

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Christian F. Hackmann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the second Monday of September next.

MARIA ELIZABETH HACKMANN,
Administratrix of Christian F. Hackmann, deceased.
St. Louis, July 29, 1881. 34H

No. 13,981 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Mary Ann Dugan, alias Tona, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Mary Ann Dugan, alias Tona,

deceased, and that I did so on the 7th day of June, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 43E

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Joseph Black,

deceased, that I the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next, 1881.

JOHN C. RALSTON,
Administrator of the estate of Joseph Black, deceased.
St. Louis, July 15, 1881. 90F

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, James H. Vail and Emma S. F. Vail, his wife, by their deed dated December 15, 1859, recorded in book 232, page 282, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situate in Stoddard addition to the City of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots numbered twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28) of block number 26 of said addition, having a front of fifty feet on the south side of Olive street by a depth of one hundred and thirty-one feet to a fifteen-foot alley; bounded on the north by Olive street, east by lot number twenty-nine, south by said alley and west by lot number twenty-six in said block; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain indebtedness in said deed described, which indebtedness is now overdue and unpaid; therefore, at the request of the holder of said indebtedness and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in said deed. I will, on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, offer for sale at public vendue and sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, to the highest and best bidder for cash.

S. D. BARLOW,
Trustee.
July 9, 1881. 25F

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Matthew Shields, by his deed of trust, dated the 30th day of September, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county, now city of St. Louis, in book 529, page 300, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lot or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, and in block No. 166 of said city, beginning at a point in the south line of Morgan street fifty feet west of the west line of Seventh street, thence south and parallel with Seventh street one hundred and five feet to an alley; thence westwardly along the north line of said alley twenty feet; thence northwardly parallel as before one hundred and five feet to the south line of Morgan street, and thence eastwardly along the south line of said Morgan street twenty feet to the point of beginning; being the same premises acquired by said Matthew Shields by deed of Lewis P. Harvey and wife, dated September 27, 1875. And whereas said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas the principal note in said deed described is now past due and remains unpaid: Now, therefore, the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said trust, will sell the said described property to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in St. Louis city on,

SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., for the purposes of said trust.

EDWARD BUETELL,
Trustee.
38H

Administrators' Notices.

No. 13,398.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Charles, alias William Elliott, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Charles, alias William Elliott,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 54E

No. 13,996 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of Thomas Kehoe, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Thomas Kehoe,

deceased, and that I did so on the 20th day of June, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 46E

No. 13,382.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Michael Kelley, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested n the estate of

Michael Kelley,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, with the will annexed, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1. 1881 59E

No. 13,414.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—In re estate of Jeremiah McGrath, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Jeremiah McGrath,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 53E

No. 14,000 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of John Kehoe, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

John Kehoe,

deceased, and that I did so on the 23d day of June, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust sts., Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1881. 47E

No. 13,428.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Gabriel Helms (with will annexed), deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors, and others interested in the estate of

Gabriel Helms,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, with the will annexed, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 60E

ESTATE of Bernard Monti, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Bernard Monti,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 16th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 16th day of July, 1881.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
DOMINICK GINOCHIO,
18G Executors.

No. 13,989 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Patrick E. Green, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Patrick E. Greene,

deceased, and that I did so on the 16th day of June, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 44E

ESTATE of Michael Mielke, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Michael Mielke,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 8th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 9th day of July, 1881.

ANNA DOROTHEA MIELKE,
Administratrix of the estate of Michael Mielke, deceased.
Ed. L. Gottschalk, att'y. 47F

No. 13,418.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Wm. K. Goodrich, Jr., deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Wm. K. Goodrich, Jr.,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator of the city of St. Louis. Office N. W. corner Sixth and Locust sts., Ins. Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 49E

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of notes secured by the deed of trust of Anton Bergfeld (now dead more than nine months), and Anna Bergfeld, his wife, dated the 18th day of February, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 587, page 423, in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will, on

MONDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 53, in John C. Ivory's subdivision of block No. 75, in survey No. 3 of the former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3233 of said city of St. Louis, said lot No. 53 containing a front of 25 feet on the east line of Water street and running eastwardly of equal width 140 feet to an alley.

MICHAEL HAMMEL,
Trustee.
July 7, 1881. 8F

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Robert Burns and Emily Burns, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 20th day of March, A. D. 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in book 623, page 517, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Lot number eleven (11) in block number four (4) of Goode's subdivision of a portion of the Wash estate, a plat of which subdivision is of record in said Recorder's office, in plat-book No. 6, page 9, said lot having a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the east line of Goode avenue by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and thirty feet (130) to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded on the north by Parsons street, east by said alley, south by lot No. 10 and west by Goode avenue; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas several of said notes have become due and remain unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

SATURDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House in said city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

1A AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas William N. Loker, by his deed of trust dated December 20, 1878, and recorded in book 641, page 325, of the St. Louis city records, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being lots number 41 and 42 in block number 7 of Scott's addition to the city of St. Louis, in city block 1718, said lots together fronting 50 feet on the south line of Scott avenue by a depth southwardly of 120 feet to an alley, bounded north by Scott avenue, east by lot 40, south by alley and west by lot 43, as by plat of said addition recorded in plat book 4, at pages 41 in the Recorder's office of St. Louis; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note, interest and taxes, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will proceed to sell the above described property at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on

MONDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF AUGUST 1881, to satisfy said trust and the expenses of executing the same.

JOHN W. LUKE,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 23, 1881.
2A

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, James Creamer and Rose, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated the eighth day of October, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis City (formerly county), in book 580, at page 345, conveyed to Theodore J. Emerson the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots one (1) and two (2) in block six (6) of Scott's addition to the City of St. Louis and in block number 1705 of said city, said lots one (1) and two (2), containing an aggregate front of fifty-eight (58) feet on the north line of Half street by a depth of one hundred and twenty feet (120) to an alley, and bounded north by said alley, east by lot number three (3) of said block, south by Half street and west by High street. Also a certain lot of ground in United States Survey number 1665, beginning on the southern line of the Olive street road at a point distant 4799 feet and ten inches (4799 ft. 10 in.) westwardly from the eastern line of said survey; running thence westwardly along the southern line of said road one hundred and fifty feet (150) to a point, thence southwardly and at right angles with said road one hundred and sixty-two feet and six inches (162 ft. 6 in.) to a point, thence eastwardly and parallel with said road one hundred and fifty feet (150) to a point, thence northwardly one hundred and sixty-two feet and six inches (162 ft. 6 in.) to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas said Theodore J. Emerson has refused to act as trustee and the undersigned, Daniel F. Noonan, has been appointed by the Circuit Court of St. Louis city to act in place of said Theodore J. Emerson and whereas default has been made in the principal and two interest notes, now, therefore at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court House in St. Louis City proceed to sell the property above described at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

DANIEL F. NOONAN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 7, 1881.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Henry Giese and Josephine Giese, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 12th day of July, 1869, recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in book 610, page 503, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of land with all the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Situated in the northern part of the northwest quarter of block number 63, in the commons of said city of St. Louis, according to the plat and subdivision thereof made by Charles De Ward, the premises hereby conveyed being lots number eleven (11) and twelve (12) of block number one (1) of the subdivision of said northwest quarter of block number sixty-three, being city block number fifteen hundred and fifty-one (1551), having a front of fifty (50) feet on the eastern side of Wisconsin avenue, and running back eastwardly in depth one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet of same width to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, according to the plat of said subdivision on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, Mo., and being the same lots of ground which Henry Giese acquired of George F. Kuemmel and wife by deed dated March 20, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 513, p. 481: said conveyance being made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of one of the interest notes in said deed of trust described, now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will on

THURSDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

PHILIP ZEPP,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 18, 1881. 33G

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions and for the purpose of a deed of trust executed by James W. Bandy and Amelia A. Bandy, dated July 22, 1879, and recorded in book B 23, page 202, of Jackson county, State of Missouri, I will

ON SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JULY, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate situated in the county of Jackson and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot five of Vogel's First Addition to the town of Westport; said lot having a front on the turnpike of seventy-two feet by a depth of one hundred and thirty feet, and bounded east by turnpike, south by Mulberry street, west by Walnut street and north by a line seventy-two feet north of and parallel with Mulberry street.

AUSTIN R. MOORE,
Trustee.
Dated 9th July, 1881. 30F

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Hampden Mepham and Fidelia Mepham, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the twenty-fifth day of April, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, in book 572, page 139, conveyed to Henry F. Clark and Henry W. Williams the following described real estate, to-wit: Those three certain lots or parcels of ground situated in block number thirteen hundred and fifty-seven (1357) of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, known and designated as lots number two (2), three (3) and four (4) in block number one (1) of the subdivision of the northwest quarter of block number twenty-five (25) of the Commons of the said City of St. Louis, as made by the authorities of the said city and as shown upon the plat of said sub-division recorded in the Recorder's office of the former county, now city, of St. Louis. Said lots have an aggregate front of one hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches (122 ft. 6 in.) on the north line of Accomac street, by a depth northwardly along the western line of Nebraska street one hundred and twenty-seven feet and six inches (127 ft. 6 in.) to an alley twenty feet wide, on which alley said lots have an aggregate front of seventy-one feet three inches (71 3); and are bounded north by said alley; east by Nebraska street; south by Accomac street and west by the western line of the common fields of the Little Prairie of St. Louis; which conveyance was so made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of certain of said notes, whereas the said Henry F. Clark has departed this life, now therefore the undersigned at the request of the legal holders of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, will proceed to sell the property aforesaid, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purposes stated in said deed of trust.

HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
Surviving Trustee.
St. Louis July 23, 1881. 71 G

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Charles Moran, by his deed of trust dated August 30, 1879, and recorded in book 613, page 558, conveyed to the undersigned, in trust to secure the payment of the note therein described, the property hereinafter described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, notice is hereby given that the undersigned will offer for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., for the purposes of said trust, all the right, title and interest of said Moran to, and in all the rents and profits of the certain leasehold from James Clemens, Jr., dated the 29th day of May, 1877 on the following described lot of ground, situated between O'Fallon street and Cass avenue, in block No. 580 of the City of St. Louis, Missouri; having a front of twenty-seven feet four and one-half inches on the west side of Seventh street, and running back the same width westwardly one hundred and twenty-five feet more or less in depth to an alley, and bounded north by lot of Hudson; on the east by Seventh street; on the south by lot of Chambers, and on the west by said alley.

WM. BOOTH,
61G Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed dated May 28, A. D. 1877, recorded in book 568, page 385, of the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, Mo., Alexander J. Odell and Margaret Odell, his wife, did convey to the undersigned trustees the property hereinafter described, in trust to secure and provide for the repayment of the sum of three thousand dollars expended in improvements on said premises in the manner provided in and by a bond of even date, executed by said Odell; and whereas, default has been made in the covenants and agreements of said bond; now therefore the undersigned trustees, in pursuance of the powers to them granted by said deed of trust, will proceed to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on

SATURDAY THE 20TH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1881, the property described in said deed of trust, and in the order named to-wit: First, three (3) shares of the capital stock of the Gravois Mutual Building Association numbered 69 and 116; also the following described real estate, to-wit: lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., and being lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block No. 3 of Ranken's estate subdivision, city block No. 2224, said lots having a front of fifty (50) feet on the west side of Channing avenue by a depth westwardly of one hundred and twelve feet and three inches (112 ft. 3 in.) to an alley 15 feet wide, bounded north by lot No. 20, west by an alley, south by lot No. 17 of said block, and east by Channing avenue.

HENRY HIEMENZ,
Trustee.
THEODORE BLOESS,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 28, 1881. 22H

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Mary Ann Daly, by her deed dated May 20, 1876, recorded in book 551, page 330, City of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate to-wit: A lot of ground in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, in block No. 144, beginning at the northeast corner of Sixth and Carr streets; thence northwardly along the east line of Sixth street thirty-two feet seven and ¾ inches to a point; thence eastwardly and parallel with Carr street sixty-two feet to an alley; thence southwardly along said alley and parallel with Sixth street 32 feet 7¾ inches to the northern line of Carr street; thence westwardly along the northern line of Carr street 62 feet to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a debt therein described; and whereas, said debt has become due and remains unpaid, therefore being thereto requested by the cestui que trust, I shall proceed, on

FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, to sell the said property at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis aforesaid, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the purposes of said deed.

JOHN J. RYAN,
FRED. GOTTSCHALK, Attorney. Trustee.
51G

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed of trust dated the seventh day of June, 1881, and recorded in Book "K," page 363 and following, of the records of deeds for the county of Franklin, State of Missouri, the South Virginia Mines Lead Company conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described pieces and parcels of land situate and being in the lead district of the Meramec, in the county of Franklin and State of Missouri aforesaid, to-wit:

The northeast fractional quarter of section number twenty-one (21), township forty-one (41) north of the base line and east of the fifth principal meridian in range number one (1).

Also: the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southeast in the same section, township and range last quarter aforesaid.

Also, the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section number twenty-two (22), of the township and range aforesaid.

Also, the east half of section number twenty-eight, in township forty-one (41), range one (1); said tracts or parcels of land containing together five hundred and ninety-four acres and forty-two hundredths of an acre (594 42-100), according to the surveys thereof made by the Government of the United States; to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described.

And whereas said note has become due and default has been made in the payment thereof:

Now, therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will sell said property for cash, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY M. NOEL,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 26, 1881. 99G

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry T. Blow and Minerva, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated November 19, 1868, and recorded in book 371, page 307, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned in trust, to secure the payment of notes specified in said deed, an undivided one-half of the following described piece or parcel of ground, lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in United States survey 374, fronting three hundred and sixty-six feet and eight inches, more or less, on the Mississippi River by a depth westwardly to the east line of Carondelet avenue, and containing thirteen fifty one hundredths acres, more or less, and bounded north in part by Clemens and part by Miltenberger, east by the Mississippi River, south by Haren street and west in part by Miltenberger and in part by Carondelet avenue. Now under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction for cash to the highest bidder at the eastern front of the Court House in the city of St. Louis between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, AUGUST 1, 1881, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM BOOTH,
Trustee.
St. Louis, July 8, 1881. 12Z

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas George Bruyn by his deed dated January 4, 1881, recorded in Recorder's office, book 648, page 38, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: A lot or parcel of ground in city block 1726, beginning at a point in south line of Bernard street twenty-eight feet four and one-half inches east of the east line of Emily street and running thence southwardly at right angles to Bernard street one hundred and fifteen feet six and one-half inches, more or less, to a point in Gamble avenue fifty feet east of the said east line of Emily street; thence eastwardly and along the north line of Gamble avenue fifty feet; thence northwardly at right angles to Gamble avenue one hundred and fifteen feet six and one-half inches, more or less, to Bernard street, and thence westwardly and along the south line of Bernard street fifty feet to the place of beginning, being lots thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) of Bernard Pratte's sub-division of said block; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, now, at the request of the holder of said notes and in conformity with the terms and conditions of said deed and the power of sale therein contained, I will offer for sale and sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. of that day at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis.

JOHN M. KRUM,
60G Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Daniel Breen by his deed of trust dated 11th May, 1870, recorded in book 401, page 544 of present St. Louis City records, conveyed to the undersigned the following lot of ground in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to wit: Lot numbered thirteen (13) in block number two (2) of Alloway's addition to Compton Hill, a plat of which is on record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the County, now City of St. Louis, said lot having a front on the south line of Caswell street of thirty-eight 1½-12 feet (38 1½-12 ft.) by a depth of 121 6-12 feet to an alley 12 feet wide, in trust to secure certain notes therein described for the purchase money thereof and also the payment of taxes; and whereas a balance is now long past due on the last of said notes to the holder thereof, and also taxes on said lot paid by the holder of said note; and whereas said Daniel Breen has been more than nine months dead and the holder of said note has requested a sale under said deed of trust to satisfy said note and taxes paid; now, therefore, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JULY, 1881, between 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day. I will sell said lot at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, for cash, pursuant to said deed of trust and for the purposes thereof.

EPHRAIM G. OBEAR,
Trustee.
St. Louis June 29, 1881. 31E

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT of William Sullivan & Co.—Notice is hereby given that Daniel O. Butterfield, assignee of

William Sullivan & Co.,

has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the June term, 1881, of said Court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said Court in Room No. 5 on Monday, the 3d day of October, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

St. Louis, July 18, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.
Klein & Fisse, att'ys. 1G

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Wednesday, June 29, 1881.
Mary M. Jaques
vs.
Charles H. Jaques.

It appearing from the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for more than one year next before the filing of the petition herein, and for an order restoring to plaintiff her maiden name and granting her the custody of the children of said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city St. Louis, this 30th day of June, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL.
82E Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Wednesday, June 29, 1881.
Joseph Speier
vs.
Gerhardine Speeir.

It appearing to the Court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from the plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of more than one whole year next before the filing of the petition herein, and for an order granting plaintiff the custody of the children of said parties.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 30th day of June, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
Fred'k Gottschalk, att'y for plaintiff. 81E

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Friday, July 1, A. D. 1881.
Estate of Michael Fitzgerald.

Now, at this day comes Martrom D. Lewis, Public Administrator, having charge of the estate of Michael Fitzgerald, deceased, and presents to the Court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such cases, on examination whereof, it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the said City of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the City of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this Court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 6th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} W. E. WAGNER,
Clerk.
St. Louis, July 7, 1881. 21F

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Friday, June 24, 1881.
Joel R. Bennett
vs.
Anna E. Bennett.

Now at this day it appearing to the Court from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and the defendant on the grounds that the defendant, wholly unmindful of her duties as the wife of plaintiff, without any just or reasonable cause, for the space of one year next before the filing of the petition herein, and that the defendant has offered plaintiff such indignities as to render his condition intolerable, in that she has remained away from plaintiff and refused to live with him, without any just cause, since the said 10th day of February, 1878.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held in the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 25th day of June, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL,
78E Clerk
W. H. H. Russell, att'y for plaintiff.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Monday, June 27, 1881.
Neil Colgan
vs.
John Cella.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by his attorney,

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of two hundred and ninety-five dollars, on account of certain certificates of indebtedness described in said petition, payable on or about August 1, 1880, two thereof being for $100 each, nine thereof being for $10 each and one for $5, delivered by defendant to plaintiff, and that his property has been attached;

And unless he appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 7th day of July, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
12F

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis,
June Term, 1881.
Friday, June 24, 1881.
James Noonan
vs.
John Cella.
Attachment.

Now at this day it appearing to the Court from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of five hundred and seventy-five dollars, on account of his indebtedness as a stockholder of the Butchers' & Drovers' Bank of St. Louis, and that his property has been attached:

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 25th day of June, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL,
11F Clerk.

ESTATE of William C. Defriez, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

William C. Defriez,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 7th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1881.

SUSAN A. DEFRIEZ,
46F Executrix.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Mary Magdalene Presley, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Mary Magdalene Presley,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 5th day of July, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 22d day of July, 1881.

HENRY MUEHLSIEPEN,
Executor of the estate of Mary Magdalene Presley.
66G

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Caspar F. Beckers,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next.

OTTO OETERS,
Executor of estate of Caspar F. Beckers, deceased.
HITCHCOCK, LUBKE & PLAYER, Attys.
St. Louis, July 22, 1881. 62G

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Arent Heitzeberg,

deceased, that I the undersigned, administrator with will annexed of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next.

THEODORE HEITZEBERG,
Administrator with will annexed of Arent Heitzeberg, deceased.
St. Louis, July 16, 1881. 99F

ESTATE of Louisa Urban, deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Louisa Urban,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of Louis on the 28th day of June, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1881.

JOSEPH URBAN,
Administrator of the estate of Louisa Urban, deceased. 83E
Hitchcock, Lubke & Player, atty's.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Pierre Guilloz,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator de bonis non of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next.

JAMES M. CARPENTER,
Administrator de bonis non.
St. Louis, July 18, 1881. 15G

No. 13,378.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Diedrich Dieckelake, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Diedrich Dieckehake,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court in the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 57E

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Ellen Meagher, deceased, will, on

FRIDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1881, at her late residence, No. 2928 Washington avenue, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell at public auction all the personal property belonging to said estate, consisting of household furniture and a lot of millinery goods.

JOSEPH H. TIERNAN,
Administrator.
St. Louis, July 25, 1881.
Sale to commence at 10 a. m. 95G

No. 13,427.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of George H. Andrae, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

George H. Andrae,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, Room 10, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust streets, second floor Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 50E

No. 13,431.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Christina Meyer, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Christina Meyer,

deceased, that I the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said City on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 77E

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Marie E. Lucas,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday of September next.

JOHN B. C. LUCAS,
Administrator.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 61E

No. 13,425.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—In re estate of Agnes Eufinger, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Agnes Eufinger,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator, in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis, office Room 10, 2d Floor, Ins. Building, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust Sts.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 51E

No. 13,395.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Ella McCune, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Ella McCune,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 5E

No. 13,425.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Fredericka Scharudler, alias Chandler, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Fredericka Schaendler, alias Chandler,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the second Monday in September, A. D. 1881.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, July 1, 1881. 52E

No. 14,005 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Christopher R. Neale, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Christopher R. Neale,

deceased, and that I did so on the 28th day of June, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 48E

No. 13,990 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS—In re estate of William Costello, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

William Costello,

deceased, and that I did so on the 16th day of June, 1881, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., July 1, 1881. 45E

HEADQUARTERS

FOR FINE

Boots and Shoes,

JOEL SWOPE & BRO.,

311 North Fourth Street.

We have all our goods made to our own order and can fit almost any foot.

MILFORD'S GRAND OPENING.

Having refitted my Oyster House and Restaurant in elegant style, I will open on Monday, August 1, with fine fresh saddlerock oysters in kegs and shells, and little neck clams. Also meats and fish and game in season. Everything will be in first-class style.

GEORGE MILFORD,
114 N. Fifth St.

LOCAL NEWS.

NEXT to beautiful teeth a delicate Complexion is the great female attraction. Pozzoni' Complexion Powder gives it.

SARATOGA INKLINGS.

St. Louisans Who Are There—Quite a Bit of Heroism and Romance.

A letter received in this city yesterday from a St. Louisan who is summering at Saratoga contains the following items of interest:

"Among our townsmen who are here this year none are more conspicuous than Col. J. C. Normile. I never saw the legal Adonis looking so well. He has a suit of turquoise clothes that must have been made by Jim Bell, of New York. He carries a yellow sun-shade and displays his colored silk socks on the verandah of Congress Hall with a grace that makes him perfectly irresistable. The ladies never took so much interest in him. His friends and associates are the most prominent politicians and men of letters here. I am told that he did quite well at the races.

"Speaking of people who do well, I think Saratoga is a perfect bonanza for 'Aleck Howard, the head waiter at the Lindell Hotel. Last year he won a big pot of money at the races on a single pool-ticket. He slipped up! here from New York last week and on the very next evening after his arrival met with a rare adventure. He was sitting on the porch at the United States. A carriage passed by, in which was seated Mrs. Ellen Dutcher, widow of Abram Dutcher, the late wealthy starch manufacturer of Herkimer, N. Y., and her charming daughter, Miss Ida. Just as the carriage reached the corner of the hotel a newspaper, which a guest had been reading, blew off the porch in front of the spirited horses. They reared suddenly and whirled around. The driver was thrown off his seat and the horses, being free, started to run. Mr. Howard, seeing the imminent danger of the ladies, rushed down and caught the flying horses just as they were about to collide with an omnibus loaded with passengers that was driving up to the hotel. The risk that he ran was a terrible one, for after he caught the fiery animals they dragged him twenty-five yards. Dr. Will Barton, of Utica, fortunately came to his assistance. Mrs. Dutcher fainted. She was taken into the hotel, and it was twenty-four hours before she could be removed to her cottage. She took care to ascertain the name of the hero who had saved her from a frightful accident, if not death, and next day sent him, with her compliments, a beautiful gold chronometer watch. Mr. Howard left last night for Chicago, carrying with him his valuable gift. According to the romances, he ought to have remained here and married the handsome heiress daughter of the widow. Aleck is a good-looking chap, and Miss Ida might do worse, but I understand that his heart is fixed in St. Louis."

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8

DEPOT HACK AND EXPRESSMEN.

Argument From Their Standpoint Upon Unjust Discrimination.

The hackmen and express wagon men around the Union Depot, styled scalpers, complain of unfair treatment and a discrimination in favor of the Transfer Company. The Republican recently recommended that the police should enforce strict measures upon the scalpers, and a Post-Dispatch reporter sought an interview with one of the regular hackmen standing at the depot to get at the merit of the matter from the scalper's standpoint. He said: "The Republican wants us to stand by the hacks and not to enter the depot. That paper loses no opportunity to treat us unfairly and to misrepresent us. One would think from the animus displayed that the proprietors of the old sheet owned stock in the Transfer Company, and are interested in driving us out of existence. The agents of that company do not stand back, but they solicit in direct opposition to the law and in the face of the depot regulations. The police never interfere with the Transfer Company's men, for the officers fear that powerful corporation, and if any trouble was caesed by the police or any resistance offered to the Transfer Company's agents, off would go the officers' heads. The Transfer Company's men have no more right to direct, solicit or give information at the depot than we have. Our hacks and wagons keep within limits, but the Transit Company's trains sometimes dash across the street because they have no bumpers at the end of the tracks. An accident occurred in this way the other day."

Cracks Coming.

Messrs. Jacob C. Cuyler, Wm. G. Weed and Oscar Smith, of Albany, New York, are registered at the Southern. The gentlemen are the advance guard of the Albany Burgess Corps, and are arranging for the fall trip of that organization. The Albany Burgess Corps is the crack military organization of the East. It numbers among its members nearly all the wealthy young men in Albany, and was organized in 1833. Mr. Cuyler, of the Albany Morning Express, is the civil president of the organization. The corps will be remembered from its visit to the Centennial in 1876, when it was admitted to be the finest company present. Mr. Cuyler says that the contemplated trip will be taken as a celebration of the forty-eighth anniversary, which occurs on the 8th of next October. The company, numbering nearly 125 men, will leave home on October 5th, and will visit Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago and other places.

They will arrive here on Sunday, October 9, or on the following Monday, and will remain a couple of days. Doring's military band of twenty-six pieces will accompany them. The corps wear elegant dark uniforms and are all said to be lady-killers of the most *outre* type.

Frightened Horses.

A team of horses driven by John Kinker, who lives at the Thirteen-Mile House, on the St. Charles Rock road, took fright about 6:30 p.m. yesterday, at the junction of St. Louis avenue and St. Charles rock road. The awnings of the Tuscan Mill were demolished by the horses. The driver paid the damages, and, after securing his team, drove home.

Willie Hawley, 14 years old, was riding a vicious horse yesterday, when the animal threw him off at the intersection of Grand avenue and the Olive Street road. He received a severe scalp wound, which was dressed. He was taken to his home at Geyer avenue and Thirteenth street.

PATE PHILOSOPHIZES.

The Gay Gambolier is Discursively Loquacious.

He Talks of Statesmen, Editors, Newspapers, the Mayor, the Law and Gaming in Other States.

Mr. R. C. Pate, whose gambling house the Police Board at last seems determined to close up, was interviewed on "the situation" to-day by a Post-Dispatch reporter. Pate was in a more loquacious mood than usual, and he talked pretty freely and philosophized upon the new crusade against gaming inaugurated by the Johnson law. Almost literatim et verbatim he discoursed as follows:

"Yes, there seems to be a disposition on the part of those blessed with the good fortune of being editors of newspapers to urge or hiss on the enforcement of the new gambling law, and, by the way, it looks a little cowardly. For the law, if a good one, the penalty is severe enough to satisfy almost any individual who loves to see destruction meted out to his fellow man, without being incumbent on them to join the strong side, and thereby increase the severity. You see some editors, to suit their own case after barely writing up their matter, say that public sentiment demands, etc. Well, of course they control and trade upon public sentiment, and it is in their keeping. In their mind's eye. I talk with quite as many of the good people as they. It's true I can't talk to as many, and therefore they have the best of it. But brave and honorable men don't take advantage of their power. They state facts as they believe them to exist and not as they might fancy for the occasion. Now isn't it a little singular that all this fuss is made just now, when it's known that the Harrigan Law passed some four years ago made all classes of crooked gambling a felony, and isn't it a fact that until the late board took hold of the matter brace and crooked gambling was tolerating here? They then set up in their defence, when charged with setting up and keeping a game of chance, that it was not a game of chance, but that they dealt a brace and therefore had a sure thing. This mattter was only spoken of by the press as a joke, and the papers never did demand that the Harrigan law should be enforced, and it was not. And on a few occasions, when parties that had got robbed complained to the authorities and desired to have them proceeded against under the Harrigan law, they were refused and told as long as they could be proceeded against under some other law that they would not bring them under the imprisonment law, and public opinion or sentiment didn't seem to be particularly disturbed. If so, our able newspaper heads failed in their duty. No, the trouble is, a few shyster lawyers and confidence men, who have about nipped all the clover that is in this field for them, have discovered that a few sporting men have, by the merest accident, escaped them and laid up a little wealth for rainy days, and things like that, and they conceived an idea to make a raid on this little reserve fund. So they got their heads together, and a bill was introduced, and it so happened that, whether so intended or not, it passed. Then, of course, some were blamed. The party complaining couldn't expect to get any fat fees for the defense; but that is understood, he is to drive the sports into the net, and the other parties to whack. Of course it may happen that none of the worthies will get any of the cases: they won't, of course, if I can help it. I think better men will get those kind of cases.

"Now, as to the Republican paper, I haven't noticed that Mr. Hyde said anything about me out of place. He is a newspaper man and I never asked him or any other newspaper man to favor me with their columns, either myself or through any one. Of course, as he or his paper didn't insist on the enforcement of the Harrigan law, I will admit that I don't quite understand his late earnestness.

"I have always regarded him as a fair man, and I think he generally writes as he thinks, whether it happens to please or not. There seems to be a good deal of curiosity on the subject of myself and Mr. Hyde owing to the course his paper has taken of late.

There is no occasion for it. In the first place there never was any relation between myself and Mr. Hyde other than that we are acquainted, with each other and are friendly, and I don't know as there is anything criminal in that. We have never had any trouble, although some enemies of mine are trying perhaps to get up a quarrel.

"Well, they are far from the mark. I will say this: If Mr. Hyde joins my enemies and thereby causes my ruin, I can only say in return for it that I think if there are square men in this community Mr. Hyde is one of them, and would further say that not a half dozen words ever passed between myself and Mr. Hyde about my business or affairs. He never promised me any support of any kind whatever, and I think he will do me the justice to say that I never asked him to use his influence or that of his paper for me.

"NOT THAT KIND OF MAN."

"As to Mr. Johnson, people are saying I am going to take depositions to try and smirch his private character; but I don't know anything about his affairs and don't want to, and if I did and by using or exposing them to the public I could prevent him from ruining me—and that's his ambition—I would not. No, sir; I don't resort to anything of that kind. Of course, Mr. Johnson has injured me. He has poisoned some good people against me, and it seems he is determined to ruin me if he can. But I hope that there is not any one that knows me that would do anything of that kind. Johnson is mistaken in his warfare on me. Of course he has a political ambition, and he thinks my destruction is necessary to his success, when in point of fact it cuts but little figure if he kills me off or not; it's all the same."

THE CASES AGAINST PATE.

"Well, what do you think is going to be the result of your cases?"

"I can't say; bad enough, I guess."

"Why did you take the chances under it?"

"I consider the law a villainous one, and so do you and every sensible man, and I don't feel that it's the law of the people, but, is a law advocated and imposed on the people as it were, by one selfish person, when there was no necessity whatever for it. There was plenty of law on the subject of gambling to either regulate or suppress it, as is well known to all that care to post themselves on the subject and the city ordinance is ample, and if the law was left in its merits, though we have got a church board and one that is above reproach, the late law would become a dead letter, and no twelve grand jurymen fairly selected and left to choose for themselves would ever indict under that law for square gambling. But of course those black-mailing shysters and their confederates and those they are fooling have put in poison here and there and have finally succeeded in getting the newspapers worked up, and also the Police Board, and now, of course, the cases must go to the grand jury, and, of course, when the cases go into the court they will necessarily be prosecuted with great earnestness, as the prosecutor wants to add to his reputation and at some future time tell his great-grandchildren how once upon a time he had the courage to send the gamblers to prison for their natural lives, etc. But the State should not be proud of such a law, nor the man that introduced and passed it. With the exception of this city and Kansas City every large city in the Union tolerates gambling, and in some States it is licensed; and can it be such a great crime, can it compare with other felonies, when some of our great States license it and make it legitimate? No, sir, the public sentiment they speak of is with us, but of course few, if any, have the nerve to speak the truth.

THE MAYOR, GOD BLESS HIM!

"How about Mayor Ewing?"

"Mayor Ewing, God bless him! There is a man that has got the manhood to tell the truth to the whole world when asked to define his position on gambling. Nine out of ten are in favor of square gambling, but don't dare to say so to the public, yet admit it privately. Mayor Carter Harrison was loaded down in Chicago with the gamblers by his opponents and the press, and he in a short speech during his campaign said yes, he didn't wish to be misunderstood on that subject; that if he was elected he would tolerate square gambling, because he believed it a necessary evil and an advantage to the city. He was elected by some 13,000 majority while his, the Democratic ticket, was defeated by some 5,000."

"The Mayor denies that he is under obligations to you or any other gambler."

"Well, sir, he tells the truth. He is not, and the party who circulated the report knew better, and his purpose of course was to poison the Mayor against me, fearing that he might entertain a good opinion of me. You see, those blood-suckers or shysters and schemers for plunder leave nothing undone, and many good men are manipulated by them. They have many ways. The law must be enforced in order to give the shysters a chance.

THE LAW DOESN'T WORK IN ILLINOIS.

"They have a similar law to ours in Illinois, but only one case was ever made, and that was said to be on a crooked transaction. So you see this is not the only place that the gambling law is defied. Chicago restricts gambling, notwithstanding the felony law, to a reasonable number of houses, and compels tham to run square, and they run with open doors, as all such gaming should be run, and from appearances I wouldn't think the city was suffering from the presence of a little public gaming."

WELCKER'S WHIPPING.

The Well-Known Stove-Dealer Rises to Explain His Version of It.

Mr. F. Welcker, the well-known stove and tinware merchant of No. 16 South Third street, takes exception to an article published in the Post-Dispatch on Wednesday detailing a whipping scene in which he was the victim, and the causes leading to the assault. Mr. Welcker, holding the paper in his hand, this morning said to a reporter of the Post-Dispatch: "It is true that Sommerhausen, the shoemaker, used a whip upon me, but it is not true that he and I were upon terms of close friendship. Neither is it true that I dabble in local politics, and I am no beer-bummer, frequenting Tony Faust's or any other place. I have not moved in politics since the Buchanan campaign in 1857. That cost me several thousand dollars. I have been in business here since 1849 and my credit stand good. The only provocation Sommerhausen had for that whipping scene the other day was this: He procured a stove from me last winter and in contra-account my son had a pair of alligator boots made from him. I sent several times to collect the balance of the bill, but never got it, and the other day when I asked him for settlement he was indifferent about it, and said that he never would pay me. Then I told him that I would take every opportunity of reminding him of it. I did so at Faust's one day and the whipping scene followed the next day. I am not in good health, and Sommerhansen is a much younger man, or the result might have been different."

An Army of Witnesses.

"Witnesses in the case, come forward," said Deputy Marshal Huff in the First District Police Court, and the procession started. First came a large man with no vest. He was prosecutor and he spoke no English. Next came a boy on crutches, who was followed by a little fellow in a white coat, who carefully inspected everything about the court-room and looked at the gentle countenance of Judge Jecko as he would at an African lion in a zoological garden. On his heels followed four little girls each an inch higher than the other, and none of them over four feet high at most. A young woman with a young baby came into view next, immediately succeeded by an old lady who seemed to form a separate organization and was disinterested in the affair. Another woman, wearing a white handkerchief about her neck and of quiet demeanor, came next, and the procession was brought to an end by another woman with another baby. The defendant's witnesses were still in the auditorium. As soon as the question was brought up of the defense's witnesses, five boys stood up, and there is no telling what would have occurred had the case not been continued to August 12,

A Justice's Jurisdiction.

The other day a writ of attachment was sued out in Justice Young's office against S. T. McMullen, a merchant of Delhi, Iowa, in favor of Tennent, Walker & Co., boot and shoe house, of this city, who garnisheed the Commercial Union Fire Assurance Company of London. A fire had occurred at Delhi early in the year, destroying McMullen's store and goods. The London company set up in resistance of the garnishment that it owed nothing to McMullen by reason of an assignment which he had executed in favor of Allen, West & Co., of New Orleans. It is contended on the one side that in this case the Justice has no jurisdiction, that it was a foreign company sought to be garnisheed, and the policy was issued at New Orleans. Judgment was entered, however, for $262.52, the amount of the attachment suit, and the matter will be fought in a higher court.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

John McGrath was arrrested last night for lounging suspiciously around one of the railroad yards. He will have a hearing before one of the Justices this evening.

Frederick Luer, a butcher from St. Louis, visited this side of the river this morning, and in a short time found himself under arrest. His trouble arose from buying some calves from a farmer on this side without a license from the city. Luer was arraigned before 'Squire Eggman and fined $3 and costs.

The School Board held a meeting in the back room of the Herald office yesterday evening. All the members were in attendance except Mr. Obike, who is not in the city. An attempt was made to make a few changes among the teachers and some slight changes in the salaries of some of the teachers, but this was opposed by a majority of those present, and the matter dropped.

Mrs. Harriett Stilley, the old lady who was left penniless night before last by her daughter and a young man named Wm. Vanhorn disappearing with all her money, turned in at the police station this morning with another complaint. She claims that when she was away from home yesterday in search of her missing daughter Mr. J. R. Menits entered her house and took a quantity of provisions which were furnished by Mr. Vanhorn. The provisions consisted of flour, bacon, potatoes, canned fruit, etc., and were not paid for, so Mr. Menits claims. Mrs. Stilley will test his rights to the provisions in a Justice's court.

The residents of the Fourth Ward are considerably exercised over the number of unabated nuisances that are allowed to exist in their midst, without even attracting the attention of the City Council. After dark the odor emanting from various places is so disagreeable as to preclude the possibility of leaving even windows open. One place in particular demands the immediate attention of those who are entrusted with the welfare of citizens' health, and should be abated without delay. Immediately adjacent to the line of the city limits is a large hole in which all the offal from the Beef-Canning Company is deposited, to putrefy and render it almost impossible for those living in that locality to exclude the odor even with closed doors and windows. Other portions of the city have to contend with the stench emanating from water-closets which have caved in at the sides and are in a general state of wretchedness.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Fair Warning!

Last Sunday we noted a reduction in the price of light-colored fine all-wool Suits for boys and children. Some $10 suits were reduced to $5; some $8 50 suits were cut to $4 50; some $6 suits were cut to $3 47. Also, a big cut in children's Star Shirt Waists.

The quality of all these goods is first-class, none better. They are made by the best manufacturers in New York City. Our reason for making the reduction was to clear them out quick.

We have got tired spending money on these goods, and do not propose to hold them for slow people to come and get them about Christmas. If they are not closed out by Saturday they will be withdrawn from sale. The reduction in prices only two more days on these goods.

'FAMOUS.'

RICH REWARDS.

Some of the Big Amounts Offered for the Detection of Criminals.

Large Sums Proffered for the Apprehension of Outlaws in This State and Small Sums Paid.

The reward of $30,000 offered for the capture of the gang of desperadoes who robbed the passenger train at Winston, this State, on the night of the 15th, is one of the largest sums ever offered for the apprehension of violators of the law in criminal records. With the assistance of Mr. John C. Chapman, ex-Chief of Detectives, who has one of the most complete records of all the great crimes perpetrated for many years in this country, a reporter was enabled to compile the following, which will doubtless be found interesting reading. The showing is rather discouraging to any man who imagines himself a Vidocq or a born detective, for it is in only a few cases that the rewards were ever paid.

Between 1869 and 1876, the Younger boys did some of the most daring deeds. Their gang included James, Bob and Cole Younger, Clel Miller, Billy Chadwell, Charley Pitts, Hobbs Kerry and Bruce Younger. Among other things these men were wanted for the Otterville train robbery on the night of July 7, 1876, when the safes of both the United States and Adams Express Companies were robbed. The two express companies offered $500 each for every man of the gang, the Governor proclaimed $300 reward for each man; the Gallatin Bank $5,000 for the gang; the Missouri Pacific road $500 for each man; the Otterville vigilance committee $100 a head; Ste. Genevieve Bank, which had been robbed by them, $8,000; the Iron Mountain company, whose train was robbed at Gad's Hill $500 a man; the Kansas City Fair Association, whose cash-box was taken at midday, $5,000, and other corporations, making in all $60,000, on the heads of the desperadoes. After a robbery at Northfield, Minn., Jim, Bob and Cole Younger were captured and sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Clel. Miller, Billy Chadwell and Charles Pitts were killed outright. Hobbs, Kerry and Bruce Younger were captured after the Otterville job, principally through the efforts of Morgan Boland, who was then a member of the Metropolitan police force of this city. Kerry was sent to the penitentiary for five years and Bruce discharged. The express companies paid the amounts they offered, but outside of this the one-hundredth part of the money was never turned over to the men who extinguished the outlaws or sent them to the penitentiary.

There was nearly $30,000 on the head of Sam Hildebrand, the outlaw, offered by the State, County Courts and numbers of families whose relatives he had killed. He was apprehended in some little town in Illinois, where his body was first duly identified and then laid away in a prison from which he will not rise until judgment day, but the men who did the work received poor pay for their time taken up in the job.

The James boys were never arrested and convicted of any of the heinous deeds laid at their doors. The rewards became so large, aggregating nearly $100,000, from the time they first gained notoriety to a few years ago, that the Pinkerton Detective Agency directed their attention to it and made outlays of money to capture the prizes. They first sent out Capt. Hull an ex-member of the Chicago police. He met John Younger, killed him and was killed himself. A young man named Wisher was next sent out. He made good progress impersonating a stock man and reached the home of the boys. He partially confided his business to a Deputy Sheriff who was in with the gang, and the result was that he was tied to a horse, taken to the river and his body perforated with a hundred bullets.

The Gibson gang along the route of the St. Louis and San Francisco road became notorious for their stage robberies, and prices aggregating $5,000 were placed on their heads. The men were arrested and the rewards never paid.

Canada Bill and seven dare-devils "worked" the Eureka Springs stages successfully, but met their match in ex-Police Officer Frank Erskine of this city, who placed five of them behind the bars. The Stage Company some time ago offered $500 a head and the authorities and other persons $1,000 a man. They received sentences of five and ten years each.

A man named Ladue issued $75,000 worth of fraudulent bonds on a county in the northwestern portion of the State and was on his way to New York to negotiate for the sale of them when he was arrested by Officer Reinhart in this city in 1872. One reward of $1,000 offered by the county was paid for him.

A criminal celebrity was Rowdy Joe, who planned some daring jobs on trains and banks, and killed two men in Kansas and some half a dozen in different parts of the country. Over $5,000 was on his capture, which was very cleverly made by Detective Tracy and his partner in this city. Joe had $7,000 in money on his person when taken to the Four Courts in this city, but he mysteriously disappeared while in the police quarters of that building, and has since been a free man. He had been up in the Court of Criminal Correction, and before being taken back to jail he was taken to the office of the Chief of Police. From here he easily escaped.

The largest reward ever offered was for the arrest alone of McDonald and Bidwell, the forgers on the Bank of England, who secured $750,000 before they were discovered. McDonald was a graduate of Yale College, and did the "front" work, such as presenting notes, making business transactions, etc. Bidwell was as shrewd as his partner, and did the "scratch" work, altering the amounts on the notes. They operated at Berlin, Paris, London, Heidelberg, Edinburgh and other important European points. All they laid hands on were converted into U. S. 5-20 bonds or demands. A cashier one day when McDonald appeared at the window noticed that the date of the note presented had been omitted. He sent to Rothschild's agent to alter this, over McDonald's quiet but determined objection. With this he disappeared and the forgery was made public. The reward aggregated nearly $100,000, $75,000 of which was in a lump, and the inducement presented by the bank. Both men were captured and are now serving life sentences at Newgate. The money was distributed between the captains of some vessels who were instrumental in McDonald's capture just outside of New York, the New York police, some consuls, and many others who justified their claims.

In 1877 a reward of £2,000 was published for the arrest of two men who committed an atrocious murder on a wealthy Scotchman. The men were traced to the United States and were supposed to have come to Missouri. A circular three feet long, giving an accurate description, and a fine photograph of the men was sent about the country by Chief Justice McCaw. Notwithstanding the inducement of $10,000, the men were never taken.

Among other large rewards put up was that offered for the return of A. T. Stewart's body. The thieves demanded over $100,000. Nearly $50,000 was offered by the estate.

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FOR FASHIONABLE FELLOWS.

The elegant character of our Gents' Furnishing Goods has become one of the well-known facts around town. We are never satisfied short of acknowledged leadership in every class of goods we handle and have now closed the list by the notable achievement of elevating our Furnishing Department to the same high standard of merit so long enjoyed for our Fine Clothing.

Gentlemen of cultivated tastes can here find the correct and newest articles of Furnishings as fast as they appear in the fashionable world. Our stock is never allowed to run down, but is kept full and attractive throughout the season.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

Northeast Corner Fifth and Pine.

PRIME

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STEAMBOATS, ETC.

ST. LOUIS

BEEF CANNING CO.,

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THE MECHANICAL ORGUINETTE

Price $10, With Music.

Excellent in Tone. A child can perform it. Plays all the latest music.

CHASE PIANOS.

The cheapest first-class Pianos in the market. Excellent in tone. Splendidly finished and noted for their great durability.

BAY STATE ORGANS

A [illegible]s ranging from $65 up to $200 A first-class instrument at prices that defy competition

—AT—

PETERS' NEW MUSIC STORE,

307 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

☞ Agency for Ditson's, Schirmer's, Novello's, Breitkopf & Haertel's, Augener's and Peters' Leipsig Cheap Editions.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

The Lowell German Lutheran School, Second street and Hall avenue, will reopen on Monday noon.

A new council of the American Legion of Honor, will be organized to-night at Anchor Hall, Fourteenth and Exchange streets.

Extensive repairs are being made on the Niedringhaus Bros'. rolling mills, Second and Angelrodt streets, and work will be resumed on or about the 15th prox.

The Lowell Flour Mill, Bellefontaine road and O'Fallon avenue, that was destroyed by fire last night, is to be rebuilt at once. The work will be commenced on Monday morning next.

John Bamberic raised a disturbance last night during the ceremonies of the Salvation Army, Broadway and North Market street, and was arrested by Officer Foster, and this morning fined $15 in the Second District Police Court.

Yesterday evening at 5 o'clock P. F. Kennedy, superintendent of the Milburn Carriage Factory, Seventh and Cass avenue, while entering the office door, was attacked by a crowd of hoodlums, who threw a volley of rocks at him, and he was forced to retreat after being struck twice on the head with rocks, and in making his escape he lost a fine hat. Shortly after the occurrence Officer Golding arrested Thomas McGleen and John McCarty, who were identified by Kennedy as the parties who assaulted him. Kennedy's injuries were severe, but not serious, and he is able to attend to his duties this morning as usual. He says the attack on him was wholly uncalled for, and he will prosecute the boys to the full extent of the law.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

List of Those That Have Qualified Under the Law of 1881.

Ahrens, August, 311 Market.
Allen, Jas. W., 512 Chestnut and 113 Compton ave.
Bain, R. E. M., 206 Chestnut street.
Carr, F. E. G., Jury Commr's Office, Court House.
Carr, Walter C., 210 N. Fourth.
Conn, L. H., 417 Chestnut street,
Coste, Paul F., 521 Olive, room 3.
Crawford, T. L., U. S. Circuit Clerk's office, Post Office Building.
Dyer, Trusten P., 417 Pine.
Ellerbe, C. P., 506 Olive street, Room 23.
Espenschied, Frederic F., 322 Pine, room 35,
Foster, Emory S., 514 Pine.
Greene, C. D., Jr., 203 N. Third street.
Jonas M. B., 219 N. Fifth, room 22.
Kappner, I. G., 111 N. Fifth street.
Karst, Eugene, corner Third and Chestnut.
Lathrop, Joseph, 411 N. Third, room 3.
Logan, C. C., 217 N. Eighth st.; 3518 Washington av.
Marshall, Jr., T. A., 521 Olive, room 8.
Marston, Edgar L., 417 Olive, Room 8.
McEntire, J. H., 108 N. Fourth street, Room 12.
Newman, H. A., Room 10, Temple Building.
O'Neill, John J., 609 Locust; res. Boston & Spring.
Papin, Theodore, 311 Olive.
Parmer, Enrique, 506 Olive, room 15.
Picot, L. D., 517 Pine street,
Robertson, Julius, 515 Olive; residence 2627 Morgan.
Stevenson, J. C. H., Room 5, 720 Pine.
Tiernan, Joseph H., 212 N. Eighth st.
Von Phul, Ben, 802 Chestnut street.
Yeaton, Wm. H., Room 412 Temple Building.

JOSHUA LA DUE,
Attorney at Law, also Notary Public
UNDER LAW OF 1881.
Office—Room 22, No. 219 Chestnut st., St. Louis.

NOTARY—A. A. PAXSON,
Attorney at Law and Notary Public,
(Under the new law.)
Southeast corner Fifth and Olive streets.

PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF MISSOURI, }
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. }

WHEREAS, It has been made known to me, as Governor of the State of Missouri, that certain parties, whose names are to me unknown, have confederated and banded themselves together for the purpose of committing robberies and other depredations within this State; and

WHEREAS, Said parties did, on or about the 8th day of October, 1879, stop a train near Glendale in the county of Jackson, in said State, and, with force and violence, take, steal and carry away the money and other express matter being carried thereon; and

WHEREAS, On the 15th day of July, 1881, said parties and their confederates did stop a train on the line of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, near Winston, in the county of Daviess, in said State, and, with force and violence, take, steal and carry away the money and other express matter being carried thereon; and,

WHEREAS, In perpetration of this robbery last aforesaid, the parties engaged therein did kill and murder one William Westfall, conductor of the train aforesaid, together with one John McCulloch, who was at the time in the employ of said company, then on said train; and

WHEREAS, Frank James and Jesse W. James stand indicted in the Circuit Court of Daviess county, in the State aforesaid, for the murder of John W. Sheets; and

WHEREAS, The parties engaged in the robberies and murders aforesaid have fled from justice and have absconded and secreted themselves:

NOW, THEREFORE, In consideration of the premises, and in lieu of all other rewards heretofore offered for the arrest of the parties aforesaid, or either of them, by any person or corporation, I, Thomas T. Crittenden, Governor of the State of Missouri, hereby offer a reward of five thousand dollars ($5,000) for the arrest and conviction of each person participating in either of the robberies or murders aforesaid, excepting the said Frank James and Jesse W. James; and for the arrest and delivery of the said Frank James and Jesse W. James, and each or either of them, to the Sheriff of said Daviess county, I hereby offer a reward of five thousand dollars ($5,000), and upon the conviction of either of the parties last aforesaid, of participation in either of the murders or robberies above mentioned, I hereby offer a reward of five thousand dollars ($5,000).

{ SEAL. } In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the Great Seal of the State of Missouri. Done at the City of Jefferson on this 28th day of July, A. D. 1881.

THOS. T. CRITTENDEN.
By the Governor:
MICH'L K. McGRATH,
Sec'y of State.

CHAS. SCUDDER. HENRY AMES

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UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT,
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Appointments Unsurpassed by Any Hotel in the Country.

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IMPERISHABLE
PERFUME.
Murray & Lanman's
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Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

G. FANO.

PALACE STORE.
SQUARE DEAL.
ONE PRICE ONLY.
All goods marked in plain figures

Will open on Saturday, the 30th of July, with a large assorted stock of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Good, Hats, Caps Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Valises also a good assortment of Jewelry, etc. etc.

At Henry Daley's New Brick Building, at Carlinville, Ill.